Notice of Meeting

Licensing and Safety Committee

Councillor Porter (Chair),
Councillor Brossard (Vice-Chair),
Councillors Allen, Atkinson, Dr Barnard, Bidwell, Brown, Brunel-Walker, Finch, Ms Gaw, Gbadebo, Mrs Ingham, Kirke, Leake and Mrs McKenzie-Boyle

Thursday 20 October 2022, 7.30 - 9.00 pm Council Chamber - Time Square, Market Street, Bracknell, RG12 1JD



Agenda

All councillors at this meeting have adopted the Mayor's Charter which fosters constructive and respectful debate.

Item	Description	Page
1.	Apologies for Absence	
	To receive apologies for absence. Reporting: ALL	
2.	Declarations of Interest	
	Members are asked to declare any disclosable pecuniary or affected interests in respect of any matter to be considered at this meeting.	
	Any Member with a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest in a matter should withdraw from the meeting when the matter is under consideration and should notify the Democratic Services Officer in attendance that they are withdrawing as they have such an interest. If the Disclosable Pecuniary Interest is not entered on the register of Members interests the Monitoring Officer must be notified of the interest within 28 days.	
	Any Member with an affected Interest in a matter must disclose the interest to the meeting. There is no requirement to withdraw from the meeting when the interest is only an affected interest, but the Monitoring Officer should be notified of the interest, if not previously notified of it, within 28 days of the meeting.	
	Reporting: ALL	
3.	Minutes	3 - 6
	To approve as a correct record the minutes of the meeting held on Reporting: ALL	
4.	Urgent Items of Business	
	Any other items which, pursuant to Section 100B(4)(b) of the Local Government Act 1972, the Chairman decides are urgent. Reporting: Joey Gurney	

5.	Notice of Public Speaking	
	To note those agenda items which have received an application for public speaking	
	Reporting: Joey Gurney	
6.	Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing Policy Consultation Responses	7 - 124
	To consider the consultation responses in relation to the draft Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing Policy.	
	Reporting: Julia O'Brien	
7.	Fees and Charges 2023/24	125 - 148
	To consider the Public Protection Partnership's Fees and Charges which had been proposed by the Joint Public Protection Committee at its meeting on the 05 October 2022.	
	Reporting: Sean Murphy	
8.	Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Trade Meeting Update	149 - 152
	To summarise the work of the Taxi Trade Group since the last Licensing and Safety Committee.	
	Reporting: Sean Murphy	

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Published: 11 October 2022





Present:

Councillors Porter (Chair), Brossard (Vice-Chairman), Allen, Finch, Ms Gaw and Kirke

Present Virtually:

Councillors Bidwell, Gbadebo and Mrs McKenzie-Boyle

Apologies for absence were received from:

Councillors Atkinson, Dr Barnard, Brown and Mrs Ingham

4. Voting

Councillors Michael Gbadebo, Paul Bidwell and Mrs Tina McKenzie-Boyle attended the meeting remotely and therefore took part in the debate but did not vote on any of the items.

5. **Declarations of Interest**

There were no declarations of interest.

6. Minutes

The minutes of the meetings held on 03 February 2022, 12 May 2022 (special) and 18 May 2022 (annual) were approved as correct records.

7. Urgent Items of Business

There were no urgent items of business.

8. Notice of Public Speaking

There were no applications or public speaking.

9. Annual Report of the Licensing & Safety Committee

Moira Fraser in introducing the report explained that it set out the work of the Licensing and Safety Committee and the Licensing Panel in 2021/22 and explained the context of providing licensing functions through the Public Protection Partnership.

In response to a query Officers explained that the reduction in the number of penalty points issued could be due to a reduction in the number of misdemeanours by the trade as well as the fact that due to the pandemic licensing officers had not been out as much.

Officers agreed to see if any additional information could be published to assist disabled residents wanting to use taxis in the evenings. It was suggested that this could include a list of wheelchair accessible vehicles that operated at night. The

Chairman stated that he would raise this issue with the trade at the next Taxi Liaison Group meeting.

It was explained that Licensing Officer Job Descriptions were currently being taken through the evaluation process with a view to making the remuneration more attractive to assist the recruitment campaign.

Members asked that the data in the appendices relating to the number of home to school transport providers and the number of pet shops be revisited.

Having discussed the annual report it was **RESOLVED** that it be noted.

10. Outcome of the Hackney Carriage Tariff Consultation

Damian James reported that a report had been discussed at a special meeting on the 12 May to discuss the business case put forward by the trade to increase the existing tariffs. The Licensing and Safety Committee were supportive of the proposals which were then agreed by the Executive at their meeting on the 24 May.

The ensuing consultation ran from the 01 June to the 15 June and was promoted in the usual way with a notice placed in the Bracknell News, information being included on the website and notices being put up at Time Square. Officers also wrote to the taxi trade directly. A press release was issued and social media posts put out.

No objections were received and so the revised tariffs came into operation from the 16 June. Officers liaised with the meter agents and trade and a drop in day to recalibrate the meters took place at the Leisure Centre on Saturday 18th June 2022.

The Committee noted the update.

11. Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing Policy

James Button in introducing the report explained that he had been asked to review the existing policy in light of the

Department for Transport guidance issued in June 2020. The guidance "Statutory Taxi and Private Hire Vehicle Standards" required local authorities to review, revise and update their policies in relation to hackney carriage and private hire licensing.

The Committee was being asked to review the draft policy which would then be subjected to a twelve week consultation. The policy was designed to provide clarity for the trade, those seeking to be licensed as well as residents.

In drafting the policy Mr Button had taken cognisance of the existing policy, the guidance, legislation and best practice in other authorities. He hoped that the layout was logical and explained that the formatting and appearance would be reviewed prior to consultation.

In discussing the policy it was noted that:

- The request to include reference to comprehensive insurance had been picked up in paragraph 1.21
- While some of the elements of the Penalty Points Scheme could be deemed to be subjective it was preferable to trying to introduce a more rigid enforcement tool. It would afford the licensee with the opportunity to accord with the required standards of behaviour and had built in opportunities for appeal to the Licensing Panel. Where licenses were revoked there was also an opportunity to appeal to the Magistrates' Court, and further right of appeal

- to the Crown Court in relation to any refusal to grant or renew a driver's licence, or suspension or revocation of a drivers licence.
- Some of the data in section 1.1 which described the borough needed to be updated.
- The relevant byelaw needed to be inserted into paragraph18.26.
- The age of vehicle requirements in the current policy had been replaced with the need to meet the Euro 5 or Euro 6 emissions standards where vehicles were being submitted for grant or renewal of a licence.
- It would be useful to clarify that this policy provided guidance and as it was a policy it would be permissible to deviate from it in some circumstances. This was achievable as each application would be judged on its own merits.
- Members in reviewing the options in the policy which were delineated by the
 use of red text agreed that the Safeguarding and Disability Awareness
 Training should be undertaken every three years. The frequency was
 designed to reflect the importance of the training as well as the fact that
 guidance on these matters was regularly being amended. The costs were
 also built into the licensing fees.
- They also agreed that in terms of the Pre-requisites to Making an Application the second option should be included which would permit the issuing of a short term licence where the application had not been granted prior to the current licence expiring.
- Where a short term licence had been granted it would be deemed to be a lawfully issued licence for the purposes of insurance etc and any transgressions would be treated in the same way as if a normal licence had been granted.
- Members welcomed the use of the word may in this paragraph.

Having discussed the matter, it was **RESOLVED** that:

- Officers should consult on the draft Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing Policy set out in Annex A subject to the changes agreed at the meeting, and
- 2. On conclusion of the consultation and consideration of responses, the matter will return for further consideration at the 20 October 2022 Licensing and Safety Committee meeting prior to a recommendation being made to Full Council around the adoption of the policy.

CHAIRMAN



To: LICENSING AND SAFETY COMMITTEE DATE 20 October 2022

Draft Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing Policy Consultation Responses

Public Protection Manager

1 Purpose of Report

- 1.1 In July 2020 the Department for Transport (DfT) issued new guidance in relation to hackney carriage and private hire licensing namely: "Statutory Taxi and Private Hire Vehicle Standards". This required local authorities to review, revise and update their policies in relation to hackney carriage and private hire licensing.
- 1.2 This has led to a revision of the existing Bracknell Forest Council Guidance Notes and Conditions for Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Vehicle Owners, Operators and Drivers. The revised draft policy (Appendix B) is based on these documents, but there are significant developments and changes to accommodate the new guidance and other legislative changes.
- 1.3 The draft policy incorporates best practice from across England and Wales and is underpinned by the overriding aim and purpose of hackney carriage and private hire licensing, which is public safety.
- 1.4 The draft policy for consultation was agreed by Members of the Committee at the 23rd June 2022 meeting. Members agreed that the consultation should run from 08 July to 30 September 2022. Members agreed that in addition to the public consultation the documents should be shared with members of the trade and other interested parties identified in the report to the Committee.
- 1.5 The purpose of this report is to provide the Committee with the outcome of the consultation on the draft policy. Members of the Committee will be asked to consider all the responses received and suggest any changes to the policy that they would like to take forward. Members are also asked to raise any additional specific queries they would like to have clarified.
- 1.6 Legal advice will then be sought on these recommendations and the matters raised by the respondents during the consultation.
- 1.7 Responses to the consultation and queries and an amended draft policy will be brought back to the February 2023 Committee meeting. The Committee will then be asked to make a recommendation that full Council adopt the policy with or without modifications.

2 Recommendations

The Licensing and Safety Committee to:

- 2.1 **CONSIDER** the representations as outlined in Appendix A and Annex A to this report.
- 2.2 **RECOMMEND** any changes to be incorporated into the second iteration of this report arising from the consultation.
- 2.3 **IDENTIFY** any additional matters requiring clarification.

2.4 **AGREE** that that the outcome of the above recommendations be returned for further consideration by the Licensing and Safety Committee at the 02 February 2023 meeting prior to a recommendation being made to Full Council that the policy be adopted.

3 Reasons for Recommendations

- 3.1 To comply with the DFT Statutory Standards of Vehicle Licensing requirements.
- 3.2 To ensure openness and transparency in the Council's decision making.
- 3.3 To ensure that those persons affected by the policy have the opportunity to have an input into it.
- 3.4 To reduce the risk of successful challenges to decisions made by the Council if a robust policy were not in place.

4 Alternative Options Considered

4.1 Not Applicable

5 Supporting Information

- 5.1 The Statutory Standards were published by the Department for Transport on 21 July 2020 and set out a range of measures to protect taxi and private hire vehicle passengers and in particular those most vulnerable.
- 5.2 Government advice is that licensing authorities should work together to ensure that, above all else, the taxi and private hire vehicle services the public use are safe.
- 5.3 The Department for Transport will monitor licensing authorities' responses to the Statutory Standards and all authorities are expected to provide updates as to how they intend to implement and develop the standards.
- 5.4 Members received a report in regard to the Statutory Standards in October 2020 setting out the main items contained in it that had to be considered.
- 5.6 Members agreed at the October 2020 Committee meeting to further reports detailing changes to conditions contained in the existing Guidance Notes and Conditions for Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Vehicle Owners, Operators and Drivers to comply with the statutory standards.
- 5.7 The Statutory Standards promote the existence of a Taxi Licensing Policy. Authorities should produce a 'cohesive policy document' that brings all procedures together (including a convictions policy). When formulating policies, the overriding objective must be to protect the public. Policies should be reviewed every five years.
- 5.7 As a result of this there has been a complete review of the Guidance Notes with a new draft policy document being developed.
- 5.8 The draft policy has been developed in conjunction with West Berkshire and using each of the authority's best practices and processes where appropriate and improving on these as deemed necessary. Where timescales are not prescribed in legislation the timescales set out in Government Guidance have been put forward in the draft document.

- 5.9 A briefing for Members was held on 17 May 2022 in relation to the draft policy and matters arising from that briefing were incorporated into the consultation draft.
- 5.10 Before determining the policy for any five year period, it is good practice to consult with the trade and persons who may be affected by it including:
 - Persons or bodies representative of holders of local hackney carriage, private hire driver vehicle and operators licences together with individual licensees;
 - Persons or bodies representative of businesses and residents in its area;
 - Home to School Transport Contract teams in the Authority;
 - Safeguarding Team of Bracknell Forest Council;
 - Local residents and community associations, together with individual residents;
 - National Federation of Community Organisations;
 - Parish and Town Councils:
 - Thames Valley Police;
 - All Members of Bracknell Forest Council.
- 5.11 The views of all consultees should be given appropriate weight when the policy is determined. Beyond the statutory requirements, it is for the licensing authority to decide the full extent of its consultation.
- 5.12 Members of the Licensing and Safety Committee on 23 June 2022 agreed to a consultation being undertaken on the draft policy subjection to the inclusion of any changes proposed at that meeting. Members also agreed that the consultation should run for a 12 week period from the 08 July 2022 to 30 September 2022. It was decided that the consultation document be published on the Public Protection Partnership website and that officers should write to the parties listed in 5.10 above to seek their views on the draft policy.
- 5.13 A special Taxi Trade meeting was held on 25 July and Members and officers also met with Home to School Transport providers and the Home to School Support Service Manager on the 8 August 2022. The policy was also discussed with the trade at the scheduled Taxi Trade Liaison Group meeting on the 03 October 2022.
- 5.14 Consultation responses are detailed in Appendix A and Annex A attached to this report. A total of 27 responses were received to the formal consultation. Of those respondents:
 - 19 identified themselves as a BFC Licensed Hackney Carriage driver;
 - 3 identified themselves as BFC Licensed Hackney Carriage/ Private Hire Driver;
 - 2 as BFC Licensed Operators;
 - 1 as a BFC Officer;
 - 1 as member of the taxi trade;
 - and one response was signed by 42 Members of the trade.
- 5.15 Members are asked to consider the responses received and place appropriate weight to them and give specific guidance on what they would wish to see as the resulting outcome. Responses will then be referred to legal advisors for guidance with the recommendations being bought back to the next meeting of the Committee in February for agreement prior to being put before Full Council.

6 Consultation and Other Considerations

Legal Advice

6.1 Legal advice on the responses received will be requested following the outcome of the Committee meeting. The Monitoring Officer has confirmed that the final policy should be signed off by full Council.

Financial Advice

6.2 There are no significant financial implications arising from the recommendation in this report.

Other Consultation Responses

6.3 Consultation responses are reported in Appendix A and Annex A.

Equalities Impact Assessment

The policy has been drafted to take into consideration the Equalities Act 2010 and the Taxis and Private Hire Vehicles (Disabled Persons) Act 2022.

Strategic Risk Management Issues

6.5 The purpose of the licensing regime is to protect users of taxi and private hire vehicles but also to ensure that those operating within the regime do so on a level playing file. The Council sets those standards locally and it is imperative that there is clarity and that the standards are applied universally. It is also important that those licensed by the Council are consulted on the terms of the licensing arrangements.

Climate Change Implications

6.6 The recommendations in Section 2 above are expected to:

Reduce emissions of CO_2 . The reasons the Council believes that this will reduce emissions is that the draft policy, if approved, includes revised standards which will require vehicles to meet the Euro 5 or Euro 6 emissions standards if they are being submitted for grant or renewal of a licence.

Background Papers

Statutory Taxi and Private Hire Vehicle Standards

Statutory Taxi & Private Hire Vehicle Standards Report 22 October 2020

Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing Policy Report 23 June 2022

Existing Guidance Notes and Conditions for Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Vehicle Owners, Operators and Drivers

Contact for further information

Julia O'Brien 01635 519849, Licensing Public Protection Partnership Julia.obrien@westberks.gov.uk

Comments Received During the Consultation on the Hackney Carriage and Private Vehicle Licensing Policy

The consultation was published on the Public Protection Partnership website and ran from the 08 July 2022 to the 30 September 2022

A meeting with the trade was held on the 25 July 2022 which was attended by only one member of the trade a chauffeur driver.

Members and Officers also met with Home to School Transport providers and the Transport & Support Services Manager on the 08th August 2022.

We wrote to:

- Persons or bodies representative of holders of local hackney carriage, private hire driver vehicle and operators licences together with individual licensees;
- Persons or bodies representative of businesses and residents in its area;
- Home to School Transport Contract teams in the Authority;
- Safeguarding Team of Bracknell Forest Council;
- Local residents and community associations, together with individual residents;
- Parish and Town Councils;
- Thames Valley Police;
- All Members of Bracknell Forest Council.

A total of 27 Responses were received to the formal consultation.

Of those respondents:

- 19 identified themselves as a BFC Licensed Hackney Carriage driver;
- 3 identified themselves as BFC Licensed Hackney Carriage/ Private Hire Driver;
- 2 as BFC Licensed Operators;
- 1 as a BFC Officer;
- 1 as member of the taxi trade:
- and one response was signed by 42 Members of the trade.

The following responses to the questions posed in the consultation were received.

Q2: Do you agree or disagree that the policy is easy to understand?

One respondent did not comment and 96% either agreed or strongly agreed that it was easy to understand.

	Number	Percentage
Strongly Agree	24	92%
Agree	1	4%
Neither Agree or Disagree	1	4%
Disagree	0	0
Strongly Disagree	0	0

Q3: Do you agree or disagree that the policy provides enough protection for children and vulnerable adults?

Two respondents did not comment and 92% strongly agreed that it provided enough protection for children and vulnerable adults.

	Number	Percentage
Strongly Agree	23	92%
Agree	0	0
Neither Agree or Disagree	2	8%
Disagree	0	0
Strongly Disagree	0	0

Q4: Do you agree or disagree that the policy includes everything you think should be in such a policy?

Two respondents did not comment and 88% either agreed or strongly agreed that it included everything it needed to.

	Number	Percentage
Strongly Agree	2	8%
Agree	20	80%
Neither Agree or Disagree	0	0
Disagree	1	4%
Strongly Disagree	2	8%

Q5: Do you agree or disagree with the proposals on vehicle emissions?

Two respondents did not comment and 84% strongly agreed with the proposals on vehicle emissions.

	Number	Percentage
Strongly Agree	21	84%
Agree	0	0
Neither Agree or Disagree	1	4%
Disagree	2	8%
Strongly Disagree	1	4%

Q6: Do you agree or disagree with the proposals around training for drivers?

Two respondents did not comment and 100% disagreed with the proposals around training for drivers. All responses received felt that the training, especially if it was a refresher course, should take place every five years and there were a few requests asking for the refresher courses to be undertaken online.

	Number	Percentage
Strongly Agree	0	0
Agree	0	0
Neither Agree or Disagree	0	0
Disagree	2	8%
Strongly Disagree	23	92%

Specific comments received

Summary of Comments from Trade meeting 25 July	 Supportive of the requirement of licensees having to sign up to the <u>DBS update service</u> to enable the Council to make periodic checks. Speed of processing applications remained a concern Consolidation of training would help with expediting the process as would online refresher courses. Identifying certified external instructors to do driving tests on behalf of the authority would also speed up the applications process.
Summary of Comments received at Meeting with Home to School Transport (H2S)Providers and Officers	 Current proposals in the draft policy would have a very detrimental financial impact on the existing providers and this would in turn have a detrimental impact on the council's ability to provide a statutory service. It was already difficult to make money based on the current rates and increasing the restrictions would make it even harder to operate. The current providers could not afford to replace their existing fleets. If public safety was the driver for the changes they would be willing to have additional checks put into the policy rather than changing the age of vehicles requirements. Vehicles were currently subjected to two MOT inspections per year and were therefore fit for purpose. The cost of wheelchair accessible vehicles (WAV) had increased by around 50% in the last few years. A four seater WAV cost in the region of £19k and a seven seater in the vicinity of £37k. There was not a great deal of demand for these vehicles in the community and the costs of purchasing these vehicles would have to be passed onto the council. Recruiting drivers was difficult at the moment and the removal of the H2S driver option would further exacerbate this situation.

- If the council decided to adopt a phased approach to introducing new vehicles this should be linked to the tendering cycle
- Speeding up the applications process was needed as it took too long to employ new drivers and could
 be a considerable wait before they could start earning money. This could be supported by extending the
 range of providers that could undertake the training.

Responses to the formal consultation

Red text – relates to comments on MOTs and inspection regimes

Green text – relates to arm bands for drivers

Purple text - relates to taxi signage

Gold text - relates to costs associated with the policy including training

Brown Text – relates to medical examinations

Blue text - relates to comments about Uber

Pink Text - relates to wheelchair accessible vehicles

Turquoise Text - relates to enforcement issues for unauthorised vehicles

Comment

Hackney Carriage Driver

4 months inspection or 15000 miles reject and do enough twice a year mot and our vehicles are kept in condition.

About two badges one to be displayed in vehicle and on wristband

Arm wrist bands are a joke no need for these gimmicks these don't improve or increase our business only puts burden we are no in school or cows to be tagged by wristbands

BFC Corporate logo TAXI sign. The taxi sign is just extra chargers. no need there is nothing wrong with the old ones

All extra expenses we have to dig our pocket, and most drivers are self-employed and losing 3 hours for courses.

Hackney Carriage Driver

All extra expenses we have to dig our pocket, and most drivers are self employed and losing 3 hours for courses

Again on medical examination application in every 3 years the moment if 50 years we have been doing in 5 years interval, so that will cost us again. We are happy in every 5 years.

Why is only considering a consultation policy for Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing not for Uber and unlicensed vehicles operating illegally and not pressurising them or have been stopped for checked by BFC licensing officers.?

Hackney Carriage Driver

Its saying specifically policy for Hackney carriage and Private Hire what about Uber operating here to safe our trade.

Hackney Carriage Driver

Look after our trade is fading away

Why no policy for Uber are taking most of our work.

Everything will cost money and time and our trade still not recovered since covid, struggling and more hours on road.

Hackney Carriage Driver

Trade comply with rules and regulations of BFC our trade needed more attention and look after. Why no policy for Uber

With living cost it's going and trying to recover since covid, more time for me and cost as self-employed.

Hackney Carriage Driver

Everything covers for the hackney but not cover for über

I am here station 10-14 hour every day But my situation is getting worse

Hackney Carriage Driver

Well it's not very helpful as uber has taken more than 70% of the trade, though they hardly go through many courses as well they hardly contribute any money to the council.

Two mot yearly is more than enough.

There is no need to change all the taxi signs as Bracknell is a very small town all adds up to extra costs on the driver's. As living costs are very high currently, it will be an extra burden on drivers.

Since the covid we lost more than 60% off the trade

Hackney Carriage Driver

Normal taxis also have wheelchair access fitted in where we use for both school runs and normal taxi runs. You've set this rule to be waived only for vehicles with council contracts. For the time being all modified vehicles should be exempt

They should leave the two MOTs a year as it is. There has never been cause that this should be increased. It is unfair of the council which serves our best interests to impose yet another expensive unaffordable fee.

-Uber drivers are taking 5 or 6 jobs whilst we are waiting in the ranks for hours on end. They have the means to wait in very close proximity to the station making them more favourable a choice for customers. We are subject to all these costly rules imposed by our council. It seems incredibly unfair that rules don't apply to these drivers. Furthermore you have violated your own principles and policies. How do you insure these drivers are maintaining the welfare and safety of the children and the vulnerable? Why is it one rule for them and another for us? I feel you don't care for the struggles we endure in order to earn a living.

If the rules state that the Taxi badge placed at the front of the vehicle should be visible doesn't it then contradict the need for the need of another armband. I do not feel it is necessary for an armband.

Medical check ups should be as follows:

Upto 50 - every 10 years

Over 50 - every 5 years

Over 65 - every 2 years

Other councils can do the Hackney service with a saloon car. With our vehicles some elderly customers have difficulty pulling themselves up to get into the car. Also the youth favour saloon cars which loses us potential customers. It's very rare when we use the wheelchair feature. Why can't it be the case that every taxi company is required to have a number of these vehicles and the rest of us have a choice to buy saloon cars which are cheaper.

BFC Licensed Hackney Carriage/ Private Hire Driver

Well, council should take in consideration the Bracknell's Hackney carriage taxi driver's day by day bread and butter. As it was at risk because of the Covid pandemic period and had died down in town and many drivers has left the field due to that.

On top of that, another hammer of the fuel price which has risen significantly what impacted even more badly to all our local private hire and Hackney carriage taxi drivers.

We are extremely struggling to co-op with ongoing situation at the present stage.

Therefor our Council should cap all extra expenses in favour of drivers such as

=vehicle inspection gap should continue for twice a year instead of three time a year.

=Medical examination should continue for five years instead of every three years.

=Proposal for new logo and new type of TAXI sign on to every licensed hackney carriage Bracknell taxi in town should be capped for a while.

As Reading and other towns and counties kept away all outsider drivers of UBER and other illegals picking passengers from their town and station area, same way our council too should do something to keep them away at least of 3 to 4 miles radius from our station and town. As some of them are even unlicensed, comes to Bracknell from out of the area for drop-off and keep hanging nearby the station until receiving jobs from the station. Some of them (Not legal Private Hires) we have seen even taking cash payment and drives off. They snatch our livelihood by doing that.

They should not be allowed to stay within the distance of 3 to 4 miles radius from our stations because one way they are pain for our legally licensed rank drivers.

As UBER drivers are licensed by TFL, they should go back to their licensed area after dropping the fare. It doesn't make sense that Bracknell comes within the TFL zone. Just think and use common sense for the distance between Bracknell and London. I think and strongly consider "Bracknell comes within TFL zone" is 'Made up' by Uber and their supporters who wants them to carry on making us to suffer. I myself and many of our rank drivers don't want to go for Uber as we want to continue as a self-employed to serve for our locals to take to their destination.

There may be many ways to keep these OUTSIDER drivers away of pick up fares from our station or taxi ranks as Reading and many other towns & councils did.

If these outsiders are not kept away from our town, especially from the station area, all our local taxi rank drivers' gona continue suffering and struggling to earn their day by day life.

The other point I would like to be considered by our licensing that this consultation policy is for Hackney and Private Hire drivers of Bracknell only. Therefore Bracknell taxi drivers are stopped and checked by BFC licensing authority. That's all fine and understandable. Why Uber Drivers are not? If they are TFL zone drivers then they should be stopped picking up fares from here otherwise our struggle will continue.

One last point I would like to request about prohibiting unauthorised drivers to parking, Blocking taxi exist of the rank, stopping, dropping-off and picking up at the taxi ranks. While enforcement officers are present there, they don't but in officers absent they don't stop to abuse taxi ranks. I suggest to place CCTV camera over the taxi ranks to penalise them. Yes it may be costly but it will be beneficial for the long run for the licensing or ranks who belongs it to.

I would like our council licensing team to help us out on above issues.

Hackney Carriage Driver

It's only covered by Hackney and private Higher based in Bracknell. What about uber and the unlicensed vehicles taking fares in Bracknell which is not been dealt with after so many complaints. As we are based in Bracknell and if our council don't have the guts to protect their own customers what is the point we are paying the higher costs. If we can't protect the safety of our local residents.

Be careful before you vote to implement new rules and regulations. Our trade is still struggling we still haven't come out of the Covid19. 50 percent of Drivers left the trade. Don't ignore us you have to look after us.

BFC Licensed Hackney Carriage/ Private Hire Driver

Vehicle inspection gap should continue for twice a year instead of three times a year

Medical examination should continue for five years instead of every three years

Proposal for new logo and new type of TAXI sign on to every licensed hackney carriage Bracknell taxi should be caped for a while. Uber drivers taking our business and do not pay anything to the council, unfair for us drivers as we're losing customers due to this.

BFC Licensed Hackney Carriage

What about policy for Uber operating here it has affected our trade and it's really unfair not to apply any policy for them.

Before the Licensing and Safety committee members voting please look at our taxi trade situation we are suffering with an extra cost and i have to put myself more hours at work. We are still struggling and not recovered since pandemic.

BFC Licensed Hackney Carriage

Still upset with Uber are allowed to operate in our area, taxi trade are suffering needed to be look after. Why no rules and regulations for them.

The Licensing and Safety committee members need to review very carefully when voting before you implementing any new rules will cost me an extra to pay. We are not recovered yet since pandemic and also the living cost gone very high.

BFC Licensed Hackney Carriage

Yes I would like to say that whenever you makes any new rules and regulations its make our life a bit harder and we need to spend more money on it I will appreciate if you could do this to uber as well as we loosing our trade day by day and that's the reason that our 50% driver left the job. Or if possible accept the uber so we can join uber without having london PCO licence.

BFC Licensed Hackney Carriage

Concern about Uber here and no rules and regulations for them.

Before the licensing and safety committee members voting on any extra rules look at our situation

BFC Licensed Hackney Carriage

Unlicensed vehicle operating with local taxis but we are being dealt strictly. Anything new regulations making hard for drivers to survive.

BFC Licensed Hackney Carriage

Why there's no rules and regulations policy on Unlicensed vehicles operating in our borough and taking away the vast majority of our trade.

The Licensing and Safety committee members think before voting on any extra new rules will cost me more money to pay.

BFC Licensed Hackney Carriage

Policy are good but it should for everyone, uber are tfl private licence operating in braknell, this is illegal, we Bracknell licence are not allowed in different borough

Anything you implement we still suffer and cost us money and time because of this 50 percent driver left

BFC Licensed Hackney Carriage

The government's new statutory consultation policy for Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing survey is putting stricter rules for drivers and my concern is it doesn't cover the specific areas for unlicensed vehicles operating in our neighbourhood.

They are doing the vast majority of our work around us and the taxi trade has been badly affected.

Why are you not giving any power to Licensing Officers to verify unlicensed vehicles operating in the area?

They should take tougher measures when vehicles operate illegally in our municipality and use our work point (taxi stops at Waitrose in Bond way) for pickups and drop off passengers, mainly for the safety of local residents. We need to keep this taxi trade running otherwise it will disappear.

1- About two badges, one to be displayed in our vehicles and an armband.

My badge is always visible to passengers. Just a one-cost badge and we'll save the environment.

2- AGE of vehicle. Every 4 months or 15000 miles for vehicle inspection.

My licensed vehicle has inspection every 6 months and I keep it in standard condition. Also, looking at my book records, the mileage between September 2021 and March 2022 I travelled 13,187 miles in that period. The inspection is carried out twice a year

3- BFC Corporate logo on the front face of the roof, signing Taxi.

I had spent more money.

4- Application for Medical examination from 45 years then 6 years and then in every 3 years until 64 years.

Ideally, it should be every 5 years, as we do from the age of 50 onwards. You could check and see in your records if there has been a problem with a driver's health condition that has happened in the past few years.

5- The government are pushing to greener cars on emissions before the committee members thinking to introduce into new policy look at few points about new vehicles are manufactured already with tinted windows and with it has been allowed by unlicensed vehicles by using App application operating in our area, in this case there is no risks of public safety. Now for greener there are no hybrid wheelchair cabs so next best thing is hybrid cars and would be great to have mixed fleet and would save me having to write a Business Case. Electric black cabs are good but too expensive for our small town with very little trade and wouldn't be affordable on financing. Will need to install charging points around the Borough for electric cabs however that would cost millions to do so.

Before Licensing and Safety Committee members make any final decisions about implementing new extra rules and regulations when voting, please review this carefully, if in case it happens, it will be more of an extra cost for me to pay and I will need to spend more hours on the road to survive. This is my only source of income as I'm self-employed.

Especially people who work in offices still work from home and our business is still very weak and slow as you know, the cost of living has increased and will be higher in October this year and will be moments of great concern.

Just for your information the last 3 years I haven't seen any new Hackney driver application and we lost 50% of drivers since beginning of the Pandemic until now. We have less than 60 licensed Hackney Carriage vehicles active on the road the rest have left this trade and changed jobs.

I hope the Licensing and Safety Committee members will consider our comments and review carefully and make the right decision to benefit our entire taxi trade.

BFC Licensed Hackney Carriage

Why can't you delay this further we pay enough, now you try to implement new extra rules will cost me more to pay. I'm worried with living cost.

Before your decision on new rules tell me why is strictly rules for our trade which we haven't recovered from Pandemic.

BFC Licensed Hackney Carriage

Uber are taking majority of our jobs absolutely unchallenged!

Any extra policy added on will costs more money at the moment we are still struggling for business!

BFC Licensed Hackney Carriage

BFC Corporate logo TAXI sign.

All extra expenses we have to dig our pocket, and most drivers are self employed and losing 3 hours for courses

On Behalf of 42 Members of the Trade

It appears that all of the proposals in the policy are going to come with a cost to the taxi trade and so due to the spiralling cost of living crisis and massive energy increase in energy price we feel that unnecessary increase will be inappropriate at this time.

The Hackney carriage trade opinion is that most of the new recommendations would have a negative impact on the trade with absolutely no benefit to the consumers.

We believe that all training courses should be no less than 5 years for refresher, we agree that the First Aid course is very important and agree a full course is needed but we don't believe this is the case for Disability Awareness and Safeguarding the content of these courses are almost identical and most drivers can remember them word for word we believe that these courses should be done together and would not have to be more than 4 hours. The best option for the trade would be to have an online module where drivers can complete in their own time with a test at the end to make sure they understood it correctly, drivers should not be off the road unable to earn money doing these courses. We believe the current criteria for medicals does not need changing, we are not aware of any incidents where passenger or pedestrian or other road user has been harmed due to ill health of a taxi driver, if this is the case it would lead us to believe that the current regulation are still working fine.

The recommendation for 3 tests on MOT for BFC Licensed Vehicles (for every 4 months) will not be needed to the lower mileage the taxis are doing, the average mileage for 2019 pre-pandemic was around 21,000 miles this now could be even lower this would mean having the cars tested every 7,000 miles.

The average mileage for normal car use is around 12,000 miles per annum which would mean the 6 monthly check would still be lower than 12,000 miles, again we would like to ask the question how many people have been harmed by the taxi that was unroadworthy. We believe very few if any which would lead us to believe again that the current regulation are still working fine.

The proposal for 2 driver Badge (to be displayed inside the vehicle and 1 an extra wrist armband badge like security bouncer) it is unnecessary has never been required before, it appears nothing more than a gimmick.

Also for changing the taxi sign to having Bracknell Forest Borough corporate logo even, we don't believe anybody would notice it, their eyes will be drawn to the taxi font, we haven't got a problem in Bracknell with taxis from other areas using the rank the problem is with Uber and they don't have a roof sign at all.

The conclusion to most of the new recommendations is that there is going to cost the trade even more money with no benefit to the consumer. The trade has not recovered from the pandemic and probably never will, all these would do is add more hardship us and our families that we are trying to provide for, we hope that the Licensing and Safety Committee will look long and hard at this before making any decisions which could lead to the complete destruction of our trade.

Trade Representative

The policy is detailed and thorough and explains each part well.

I would like further clarification on the "AGE" of vehicle. This is in point 24 of the document (I have included screen shot below)

It doesn't mention maximum mileage or age.

Can this be confirmed please?

Officer

It is difficult to comment on whether the policy provides adequate protection for children and vulnerable adults as regardless of what checks you put in place, there will still potentially be incidents.

In terms of whether the policy includes everything that is needed this has already been discussed in a meeting with 2 operators but there is no reference to HTST licences in the policy. The removal of these criteria of licence will be catastrophic for BFC HTST service and operators.

The policy around emissions is weak in my opinion. I feel there should be incentives for low or zero emissions.

In respect of training as discussed in the meeting with operators. PPP's ability to train drivers in an acceptable timeframe has been poor.

PPP needs more registered providers with the capability to carry out the training in a timely manner.

Suggested training providers:

NSPCC Learning homepage - safeguarding training and resources

Spectrum Courses

jane@spectrumcourses.co.uk

Spectrum in particular could possibly make a bespoke course for PPP.

Not policy related but as a Head of a statutory service, the move of PPP to Theale is detrimental. There are no visible officers for my team and I to liaise with regularly. Little communication from the officers that are in Theale. I don't think the BF operators are now being well served by PPP.

The omission of the HTST licences must be addressed.

Operator

In terms of training whilst we appreciate this is necessary for all new applicants, to have the training every 3 years is quite repetitive and could easily be scaled down and maybe kept in line with the First Aid training which is currently every 5 years.. I attended a Safeguarding refresher course last week at the Bracknell Council chambers and the course time was approx 1.5hours; this saved considerable time in comparison to The Blue Lamp Trust courses. Is there a possibility that the same could be held for the Disability Awareness courses; and could the proposed County Lines and Sexual Exploitation courses be included into the Safeguarding courses as these points are touched on in this course. This would save cost and the working time lost for drivers.

We are currently experiencing issues with recruiting drivers due to the length of time it takes for a licence to be issued. This point was brought to Councillor Porter's attention at a meeting held in July. Previously licences would be issued then First aid & Safeguarding courses could be taken in a certain time frame. With the introduction of all courses having to be completed before a licence is issued; we are having increasing issues with recruiting new members of staff due to the cost implications and the time in which it takes for licences to be issued. On average it is taking over 2 months for new applicants to obtain their licences; and most

applicants cannot wait this length of time to start a new role and do not continue with the application, resulting in significant costs to our business.

From feedback we have received from drivers the current Knowledge test is challenging even if they have resided in Bracknell all of their lives! Is the knowledge test even completely necessary, especially every six years? I cannot imagine in 2022 that driver's do not have access to a sat nav or onboard sat nav. If a driver has 6 years driving experience, I would hope by this point they would have a comprehensive knowledge of Bracknell and the surrounding areas.

With the introduction of new time frames for licence application, please could it be advised how long it would take an applicant to obtain a letter of good conduct from their embassy and also the cost?

Speaking & listening Assessment test - could this be assessed while attending courses/taking Knowledge test. A certain level of competency and understanding would be required to take these courses.

Vehicles - a meeting was held by Councillor Porter in July as previously mentioned mainly in regard to the introduction of vehicles having to be Euro 5 or 6 standard at first licensing or renewal. The huge cost implications of this on Home to School Operators was discussed in this meeting and the impact on the businesses being able to continue to operate if these measures were introduced or the increased costs being passed onto Bracknell council to ensure the service could continue. A phasing in of new vehicles over a period of time was discussed as a more manageable solution.

3 monthly MOT & Inspections - Proposal is all applications and checks are to be submitted a month in advance and every three months. With the closure of Think Ford in Bracknell this week, will this be possible with only one testing station available in the Bracknell area.

Overall our major concern is all the proposed changes are all at the expense of either the drivers or Operators. Whilst we are in total agreement with the licensing committee regarding the Safety of the residents in Bracknell, many of the proposals will not enhance safety but only incur more expense to an already struggling trade. I think the increased measures which means increased cost, could eventually have the reverse desired effect. With increased additional costs, we are finding many drivers are leaving the trade and it is becoming increasingly difficult to attract new drivers to the trade. At the moment (especially in the night economy) Uber are becoming increasingly predominant in this area with no regulation and making no financial contribution to the local authority....

please can I ask how can this be increasing the safety of local residents or be a level playing field for companies and drivers that have contributed to the local economy for many years.

Operator see Annex A below

Annex A

My most serious concern regarding an omission is the lack of status for Home to School vehicle under the previous rules to continue. Failure to include Home to School vehicles would be catastrophic for our and Bracknell Forest Council's ability to service the students' needs for transport.

Regarding the articles included in the document I have several concerns regarding the imprecise wording and nature of the following sections:

Policy in Relation to Dual Driver and Private Hire Driver Licenses

9.6 Medical Examination

-"A medical examination may be required at any other time, as determined by the GP or as requested by an officer of Bracknell Forest Council."

Assuming no change in the person's medical status which needs to be disclosed, this provision is open to abuse as it does not outline any criteria for the officer of Bracknell Forest Council in requesting an additional examination. Also given the relatively few doctors who will perform these examinations coupled with the delay in getting them this section should include something around what will happen if they are made to wait weeks/months for the examination. Are the able to work or are they barred or working?

19 General

-"proof of ownerships of the vehicle must include:"

Bullet Point 3 - "The original insurance or insurance cover note for the vehicle"

The word "Original" should be removed from this as it does not allow for standard practises within the industry. Most insurers email you a copy of the policy and cover note which you can then print out, very few policies still provide hard copies of the policy and we should not be in violation due to our insurer's standard operating procedure.

-"Where vehicles are five years or older from the date of first inspection before grant or renewal and then at four monthly or 15,000 mile intervals for the duration of the license".

This is unnecessarily burdensome and increases the number of checks by 50% over the current model. I would question the need for this change, i suspect there not been a discovery of a glut of vehicles on six month test schedules that are believed to be driving around in final two months in an unsafe state. Furthermore, the additional running costs to the owner of the vehicle is an unfair increase at this time, as well as providing no provable benefit to anyone.

-"All applications for grant or renewal of vehicle licenses must be accompanied by documentary evidence that the vehicle has been regularly serviced and maintained in line with the manufacturer's servicing schedule"

This is unacceptable as the vehicle test will reveal if the vehicle is roadworthy and to the standards of Bracknell Forest Council, placing an additional burden to meet which could only be reached at great additional costs on the vehicle owner ensures that almost no vehicle will make it to year six. The vehicles are the life blood of our industry and the owners do everything they can to ensure they work, are in good order and will pass their next inspection codifying an adherence to an expensive and often biased schedule laid out by the manufacturer is unfair. It should also be stated that this would end the use of second hand cars as taxis in this borough as very few taxis brought second hand have full service histories. This is perhaps the most concerning provision of the new rules as it will spiral the running costs of the vehicles, if however you do not agree with me and the rule remains I would ask for a grandfather clause for vehicles already licensed as currently none of my vehicle will receive an extension and my business will close.

25 Exterior of the vehicle

"v. have any scratches, cracks or abrasions where the top layer of paint has been removed." In both the above cases this feels unnecessarily harsh, we would all like nice looking cars and it is perfectly reasonable to ask for any significant scratches, i.e. over 2-3cm long, to be fixed stating "any" scratches feels burdensome.

26 Interior of vehicle

-"The seating and carpet areas of the vehicle must not show signs of:

iv. seat covers that are loose or badly fitted"

Unfortunately seat covers for vehicles, particularly older vehicles are not always available from the manufacturer and sometimes generic seat covers must be used. These generics are often made with several different vehicles, makes and models in mind and as such the fit isn't always as snug as even I would like however it is hundreds/thousands of pounds cheaper than a bespoke reupholster. As such I would like to be rephrased to "seat covers that are loose" as the inclusion of badly fitted is too open to interpretation.

27 Taximeters

"The taximeter must be used for all journeys charged by time and/or distance, and it is recommended that it is activated for all journeys within the district where a fixed fee has been agreed to avoid any risk of overcharging by the driver."

The inclusion of a recommendation here is inappropriate something should either be against the rules or not, this recommendation opens the driver up to accusation for not complying with a recommendation.

30.1 Vehicle Standards

Grab handles

"iv. Grab handles..... All Grab handles must be in a contrasting colour"

Unfortunately we are at the mercy of the manufacturers in this regard, if the handles that come with the vehicle are contrasting colours great, however, if they are not we cannot repaint them as that would compromise grip. I would suggest removal of this second part of the subsection.

External interim step

"iv. have a band of colour across the leading edge which shall contrast with the remainder of the step and floor covering;"

I have a similar objections to the Grab handles regarding both manufacturer freewill and given the delineation of the "leading edge" this would also lead me to concerns around repainting it if that edge was worn down by use, which is almost always is.

"It is desirable for this facility to be available at the offside passenger door also"

This sentence should be removed as desirability can be brought up to drivers/owners if they seek advice from the council and not included in the policy.

31 Roof Signs -

This whole section has lots of problems and it may need to be removed wholesale

"The roof sign must be lit when the taximeter is not active and not lit when the taximeter is in use."

Any illumination at night is preferable to less illumination at night. It also requires a custom systems to ensure compliance.

"The roof sign must have dimensions of 60.5cms long, 17.5cms wide at the middle point.....Licensing Team if required." This section is too precise and does not allow for innovation.

"The front face of the roof sign must show the words "TAXI LICENSED BY" followed by the Bracknell Forest Council Corporate Logo."

This would require expensive custom signs to be made at great expense.

 α

"The license number must be shown, within a circle, on both sides of this wording."

This would require expensive custom signs to be made at great expense. This would also mean that the signs would be bespoke to each vehicle and not reusable.

"TAXI must be capitals, in Arial font and approximately 65mm in height. The circles must be approximately 135mm in diameter and have the number cut out, 45mm high in Arial font."

This section is too precise and does not allow for innovation and it would also require expensive custom signs to be made at great expense.

"The near side of the sign must show a wheelchair logo in white on a blue background....Pantone code 371." This would require expensive custom signs to be made at great expense.

"The rear face of the roof sign on all vehicles must show the license number (once only) to the same specifications as on the front" This would require expensive custom signs to be made at great expense. This would also mean that the signs would be bespoke to each vehicle and not reusable.

"The licensee may use the remaining space...number does)." This would require expensive custom signs to be made at great expense.

This would also mean that the signs would be bespoke to each vehicle and not reusable.

"it may be necessary for some wheelchair accessible taxis to display the sign on the front bulkhead of the vehicle due to height restrictions."

This is vague and call into question which height restrictions will apply as at various places around the UK differing height restrictions are in operation and there is doubtless somewhere in the UK that would exempt all vehicles from using roof signs.

"In the event of the Council's Licensing Officers not being satisfied that a roof sign meets the specification, the conditions of the vehicle license will have been breached and the proprietor requested to the remedy the defect."

With the inclusion of the word approximately in one of the above subsections as well as specific shades of colour requested giving ultimate authority to the Licensing Officers is an invitation to discord and will result in many problems for both the drivers and the council.

I would strongly recommend returning to the previous rules regarding roof signs, section 18.5 in the August 2015 document, as they worked without the need for these expensive bespoke custom signs. If not the requirements for specific colours need to be removed as they require us to comply with something outside our sphere of control.

33 1 School Contracts

"All such contracts must specify which vehicles will be used to discharge those contracts."

None of the contracts I have ever signed with Educational Transport over the past 20 years has ever listed the specific vehicle on it, this is because they know that drivers agree to do school runs and then change their minds or they leave the area/the trade or they replace their vehicle etc. As such making it a condition of an exemption means that no exemptions will ever be granted.

33.2 Executive Hire

"An operator will need to demonstrate the existence of one or more contracts with identified business. To qualify for the exemption, any such contract must be for a minimum period of three months."

Taxi contracts with private businesses do not operate the same as with public bodies. No private business would sign anything that restricts them for a period of time, most private account contracts deal only with the terms of repayment, disputes etc. As such making it a condition of an exemption means that no exemptions will ever be granted.

35 Operators Base

"However it may be unlawful to use those premises as an operator's base" Why not take the opportunity to delineate here what will and won't be lawful?

37.2 Disclosure and Barring Service Checks (DBS)

"An applicant must provide a basic DBS check"

I believe this should be amended to "An applicant must provide either a basic or enhanced DBS check" as those of us who have an enhanced DBS check shouldn't be required to get a lower level DBS check to comply with the letter of the law.

Appendix B Penalty points scheme

2. List of Offences/Breach of Vehicle License Conditions/Byelaws

V3 Failure to have/maintain grab handles - I was unsure what maintain grab handles means, I would like some clarification as to how a grab handle is properly maintained.

V6 Failure to keep a wheelchair access vehicle available without modification at all times - I am unsure what this means, I wonder if there is a better way to word what is being implied here.

V12 Failure to display roof sign on front part of the roof....near to the front as possible - I am unsure how much latitude is given to the Bracknell Forest Officer to decide what is the "front part of the roof", if none, what is the front part of the roof? Is it a finite amount, in real terms, or a percentage from the front lip? Is the front lip where the metal reaches to glass or where the metal is no longer flat? What will happen if the roof is generally convex and does not have a flat part?

V13 Failure to display front door signs - This makes it sound like it is an offence not to have advertising on your vehicle, which I don't believe is the case.

V17 Display sign that does not comply - This does not explain anything? It seems to imply the same contravention as V14 "Displaying incorrect signs i.e. wrong wording or magnetic" if it is a different offence then it would need to be better explained.

V19 Failure to display three or more "no smoking" signs in the vehicle - I find it unbalanced that failure to display no smoking signs results in 4 points but failure to report loss of vehicle plate, V23, only results in 2 points. I believe these points should be reversed as failure to report loss of plate means you are driving around without a licence plate and surely that should be the greater offence.

V20 Private Hire displaying the word taxi - Our Company is JJM Taxis and preventing us from advertising our name on our own cars, apparently to prevent misunderstanding our cars with hackney carriages is unsound. Given the word taxi is a generic word used colloquially to describe all hired transport smaller than a limo or coach, like hoover is used to describe all vacuum cleaners, I feel its prevention is unjust.

V22 Failure to return plate on expiry of licence if requested to do so by Licensing Staff." - This is too vague, as a person can claim they were not requested to return their plate. I would suggest all people are required to return plates regardless of request and that a time limit should be listed here. Given that Bracknell Council have lost documents in the past I would also like a receipt especially for the return of plate to be provided by Bracknell Council when the plate is handed in.

V29 Wilfully or neglectfully causing letters or figures in the statement obscured - I believe the end of this line should be changed to "...figures in the statement of fares obscured". I would also suggest dropping the "Wilfully or" from the front of the sentence as it implies malice of forethought that can be argued whereas "Neglectfully" would cover all instances and not require and admission of proof of intent.

V43 Failure to obtain written permission to use trailers on Licensed vehicles

V44 Failure to present vehicle and trailer for inspection

V45 Using a dual driver without the appropriate DVLA category code to tow a trailer - The inclusion of these penalties seem strange as Section 32 of the policy clearly states "trailers cannot be used with any licensed hackney carriage or private hire vehicle.". Perhaps a single penalty for using a trailer could replace these three.

V50 Failure to provide assistance to an authorised officer - This is too vague and does not limit what can be asked for under the guise of assistance. Perhaps an alteration to "provide reasonable assistance" would prevent overreach and abuse.

D1 Driver not clean and respectable in their dress - This is too vague, the inclusion of the word "respectable" causes further confusion.

D3 Driver not behaving in a civil and orderly manner - This is too vague, the inclusion of the word "orderly" is the source of my concern.

D4 Drivers allowing noise form(*sic*) radio...or outside the vehicle - This again is too open to abuse, annoyance is personal and often unprovable. It also makes a person guilty even if when brought to their attention they immediately apologise and resolve the issue.

D8 Driver calling out or influencing person to travel...without a prior appointment - This is too vaguely worded as whilst I understand what is being referred to here, the inclusion of the word "influencing" covers too may possibilities and should be replaced.

D21 Failing to take steps to ensure passenger safety - This is too vague, the steps missed should be delineated somewhere in the document to allow drivers to ensure compliance.

D23 Failing to search vehicle after journey - This places all responsibility on the driver and absolves the passengers of any fault for lost property.

D24 Failing to hand found property to the police - As this has happened over the years, I can attest the police can often be resistant to take custody of lost property from us.

D26 Failing to use taximeter on pre-booked journey or fail to charge less than meter fee

D27 Charging more than the metered fare - These two seem to say the same thing yet the first gives two points and the second four points.

D29 Cancelling the fare or concealing the fare on meter before the hirer has agreed the fare - This is redundant as it states the same thing as D25 "Failing to operate the taxi meter correctly" Yet D25 gives two points and D29 give four points.

D30 Demanding more than the previously agreed fare - This is redundant given D27, also if it refers to a quote for a journey then an exemption needs to be included for when the job varies from the quoted journey i.e. a quoted price from Deepfield Road to Bracknell Train station cannot be upheld if when the job occurred the customer says "we need to pick up my friend from Moordale Avenue en route" as the specifics changed.

D31 Demanding more than the fare shown on the taxi meter or scale of charges on the tariff sheet - This is redundant as D27 covers the same infraction.

D32 Starting the fare before the hirer enters the vehicle unless specified in the tariff sheet - This does not account for waiting time if the driver is contacted by the customer and told to wait.

D35 Failure to attend at appointed time or place without sufficient cause - This penalty is unnecessary and should be removed as I can never remember a time when this has occurred without sufficient cause. Obviously our business thrives on good service and repeat business and whenever our service is late or we cannot find someone it is never flippant or because we can't be bothered. **D47** Making additional charge for carrying assistance dog - a clear distinction is needed here between the bad action you are hoping to prevent and a cleaning charge due to an assistance dog making a mess.

D54 Failure to keep a record of booking in the Private Hire Vehicle...or written - This is redundant as the Base is required to keep this record and there is no benefit to this extra step, as such it is unnecessarily bureaucratic.

O1 Operating more vehicles than stated on the license - There needs to be a time frame for updating the license, otherwise you are stating that no new driver can join until Bracknell Council authorises it or that operators need to always have "head room" in the number of drivers listed on the license which would be an unfair charge.

O8 Failure to provide prompt, efficient or reliable service - This needs removal as it is much too vague, open to abuse and doesn't allow for cause.

O9 Failure to attend a booking at appointed time or place without sufficient cause - Too vague, we would need a definition of "sufficient".

O20 Failure to keep proper records

O21 Failure to keep entries correctly - O21 is redundant with O20 existing

O36 Failure to establish...employing ex-offenders....authority - Given that employing an ex-offender would likely invalidate me from all my home to school contracts, can my policy be that I will not employ ex-offenders due to the cost to my business?

B13 Failure to provide when requested reasonable assistance with luggage - We would need either here or elsewhere confirmation that being asked to take luggage inside or upstairs is unreasonable.

B15 Failure to notify lost property to the Police within 48 hours of discovery - I cannot understand why this differs from D24 for Dual badge holders? Why do Dual badge holders have to hand in property but Hackney carriage badge holders only have to notify the Police?

Appendix C Taxi Drivers Code of Conduct

- 3.1 You must give your taxi driver license to the private hire operator when.....while you are driving for them. This is unnecessary as the Operator only needs to see and take a copy of the license whereas giving them the original grants unscrupulous operators' coercive power over the driver
- 9.3 You must not use abusive or foul language....your vehicle Foul language is too open to interpretation, as offence can be taken for a variety of words that would not otherwise constitute foul language.

- 9.6 If the hirer requests, you must...sign the receipt The section "operators name and driver name or license number" should be removed due to redundancy if the vehicle license number and driver signature are on the receipt you don't need the other information.
- 9.7 You must not cause or allow....whether inside or outside the vehicle The inclusion of "annoyance" is too vague and not disputable due to the internal nature of annoyance.
- 9.9 You must treat everybody decently, equally and fairly The word "decently" cannot be included due to it having differing definitions the main of which is "in a way that conforms with generally accepted standards of respectable or moral behaviour" the ill-defined nature of what these standards are will lead to dispute along cultural, political and religious lines. "You must treat everybody equally and fairly" is a better statement with less margin for individual biases. You could also amalgamate 9.9 and 9.10 into a single statement "You must, at all times, treat everybody equally and fairly & with courtesy and respect"
- 9.16 You must behave in a civil and reasonable manner...by the hirer We need a clarification in this policy of "reasonable", a simple clarification of whether "reasonable" is to be interpreted colloquially or legally? I would prefer the legal definition.
- 9.18 You must always assist...and setting it down This needs to acknowledge the conflict with 9.13 which advises driver keeping themselves safe.
- 9.19 You must maintain a log book in which you include any incidents...answerphone at 01635 519184 This section in unacceptable, Taxi drivers are not Police Officers, Case Workers or agents of the Security Services and as such asking them to undertake the responsibilities of these groups is totally unreasonable. This would place an undue burden on the drivers and leave them susceptible to both physical attack and legal action. The final part of the section that begins "Where you suspect that the incident involves criminal behaviour" and continues to the end of the passage is fine as it only requires the drivers to be good citizens but all of the parts prior cannot be enacted.
- 9.20 You must maintain a logbook of any complaints...as soon as possible This would place undue burden on the drivers and the responsibility should be the operators alone.
- 10.8 Trousers, shorts...one colour of material This is unfair and feels like an overreach as a garment can be of more than one colour of material and still be neat and orderly.

- 10.10 (b) Words or graphics on any clothing that is of an offensive or suggestive nature This is too vague due to offense being personal and suggestive being open to debate
- 10.10 (f) No baseball caps or hoods worn up whilst in the vehicle Clarification is needed that drivers are allowed to wear hats to stave off cold weather.
- 11.8 You must not carry any child below the age of ten year in the front of the vehicle The current law states that persons of either 12 years old or 135cms is allowed to sit in the front over any vehicle. This rule should be brought in line with the law of the land. 18.4 (b) not to make an additional charge for doing so We do lots of wheelchair journeys and sometimes when transporting people who are being met by carers or family members we have to wait while receiving them is arranged. As such drivers should be compensated under waiting time charging rules for that delay.
- 18.6 In vehicles equipped...any unloading activity commences We do lots of wheelchair journeys and sometimes when transporting people who are being met by carers or family members we have to wait while receiving them is arranged. As such drivers should be compensated under waiting time charging rules for that delay.
- 18.10 When driving a Hackney Carriage...section 54 Town Police Clauses Act 1847) I refer back to my objection to penalty D30 as the specification for the job can change and drivers should not be bound if the job changes and this section needs to acknowledge that.
- 18.13 When driving a Hackney Carriage...section 57 Town Police Clauses Act 1847) Mention that sometimes customers run off without paying and as such a driver cannot be expected to wait indefinitely.
- 18.17 You must not leave a hackney carriage unattended...section 64 Town Police Clauses Act 1847) A clarification needs to be added here as currently you could argue that a driver talking to another driver a couple of cars down the rank is in violation.
- 18.35 When Driving a hackney carriage....(Hackney Carriage Bylaw 14) the line "taking it from or to any building" should be amended to "taking it from or to any buildings entrance"
- 18.36 When Driving a hackney carriage....(Hackney Carriage Bylaw 18)

My objections to Section 19 are the same as the above Section 18 when they correspond.

Appendix D Hackney Carriage Vehicle License Conditions

- 19 Tyres must be correctly inflated to the vehicle/tyre manufacturers recommended pressure. The language should be softened due to tyres deflating over the course of a day may not have been immediately noticeable by the driver and finding them at fault for a slow puncture seems unfair.
- 20. The vehicle must be equipped...or foam repair kit) I would like reference to run flat tyres and any as yet undiscovered equipment provided by the vehicle manufacturer to combat punctures and deflations. I feel it's best to future proof this section as each previous innovation has been an uphill battle to get accepted.

Appendix F Private Hire Operator Conditions

Records - This section needs great improvement

- 9. (b) the time of the request This is unnecessary as in the past two decades I have never once needed this information nor can I fathom how it would be of use.
- 9. (f) The driver's license number This is redundant and unnecessarily bureaucratic as the operator already keeps this information and a simply check can provide all of it upon request.
- 9. (g) the vehicle registration number This is redundant and unnecessarily bureaucratic as the operator already keeps this information and a simply check can provide all of it upon request.
- 9. (h) the vehicle license number This is redundant and unnecessarily bureaucratic as the operator already keeps this information and a simply check can provide all of it upon request.
- 9. (i) the name of any individual that responded to the booking request This information is unnecessary and burdensome.
- 9. (j) the name of any individual that dispatched the vehicle This information is unnecessary and burdensome.

- 9. (k) If the vehicle...the work is undertaken This information is unnecessary and burdensome.
- To offer assistance in this part as so much is incorrect and unnecessary, the information needed to perform all possible journeys are:
- (a) The date and time of the booking
- (b) The pick-up location and identifying information i.e. hotel room number, flight number
- (c) The name and if possible the contact number for the passenger
- (d) The destination of the journey
- (e) Any quoted price offered
- (f) Any special vehicle requirements i.e. an estate car
- (g) Any special instruction i.e. call me at drop off to come out and collect family member
- (h) Any payment instructions i.e. charge to XX account
- (i) The drivers name/call sign

You could also include requiring back-ups of any emailed booking for a period of six months

- 11. (d) Maintenance history of the vehicle This is unnecessary, the council tests all vehicles each year or twice per year, when a vehicle passes this test it is licensed to operate for the coming year. As long as the vehicle owner can prove they passed their test the operator should have no further requirement for inspection.
- 13. The operator must keep up to date...carry out their duties This is unnecessary as Bracknell Council already keep such records, asking to be made aware of amendments is perfectly reasonable but asking for us to keep a separate double ledger is overly bureaucratic.
- 17. The operator must provide a prompt.....at all reasonable times The replacement of "at all reasonable times" with "whenever possible" at the end of this section would be preferable as it does not place a requirement beyond our capacity to perform.
- 20. As part of ride sharing...passengers of the opposite sex may not be added to the same booking This whole section should be removed unless Bracknell Forest Borough Council would like to take an official position on transgenderism and the (im)mutable nature of sex. I would favour an outright ban on ride sharing over attempting to enforce this policy.



Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing Policy 2022 – 2027

June 2022

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1 Bracknell Forest

The Borough of Bracknell Forest Bracknell Forest lies 28 miles west of London at the heart of the Thames Valley. The borough covers 109 sq km of central Berkshire and includes the towns of Bracknell and Sandhurst and villages of Crowthorne and Binfield along with a number of smaller settlements across Warfield and Winkfield. Bracknell Forest is strategically located and well connected, with London in close proximity and Heathrow Airport just half an hour's drive away. The M3 and M4 motorways are only 7 miles away. It is well connected in other ways, as the borough can boast 96% coverage for superfast broadband, which is perfect for knowledge intensive businesses.

Since 2006, Bracknell alongside Reading have consistently ranked highest in the Demos-PwC good growth for cities index. This is on par with Oxford and is higher than Cambridge or London. Bracknell has particular strengths in skills, jobs, health and income. Over 80.3% of the Bracknell Forest population is economically active. There's a highly skilled labour force, with 39% of residents in the borough having a Bachelor's degree, lower than the national average of 43.5%. Furthermore, Bracknell Forest is within an hour's reach of several excellent business universities including Reading, Henley Business School, Oxford and Royal Holloway, University of London. Bracknell town centre's extensive regeneration, known as the Lexicon, was completed in September 2017. An investment of £240 million created 580,000 sq ft of new space, establishing a fantastic retail offer of 70 new shops, high quality restaurants and a 12 screen cinema. Bracknell, alongside Reading, was ranked by PwC in 2015 as the best place to live and work in the UK for the fourth year running. With easy access to beautiful countryside, world class golf clubs and Michelin starred restaurants, it is not difficult to see why.

The population of the Borough is 121, 676 (2018).

2 Introduction

This is a policy and therefore outlines the general approach that will be taken by Bracknell Forest Council, and provides information for applicants, licensees and the citizens of Bracknell Forest. It is written as far as possible in plain English and will be interpreted in that way. It remains a policy, and therefore guidelines and should not be, and will not be, interpreted or applied as if it was legislation.

Every case or matter will be considered on its own merits in the light of this policy. Where it is appropriate to do so, the council may depart from this policy. Full and detailed reasons will be given for all decisions made, whether those follow the policy or depart from it.

This policy details the requirements that will need to be met before any Dual or Private Hire Driver Licence, Hackney Carriage or Private Hire Vehicle Licence or Private Hire Operator licence is issued or renewed by Bracknell Forest Council.

The requirements for private hire operators and vehicles that undertake school or community service contracts issued by Bracknell Forest Council are the same as for all other private hire operators and vehicles. However drivers who only undertake work as part of such a contract will be excluded from the requirement to undertake a knowledge test. All other requirements remain in place. This alteration from the usual policy recognises that these drivers will be undertaking journeys on fixed routes. A Bracknell Forest Council private hire driver's licence only will be issued to such people and will be subject to conditions that restrict its use to journeys undertaken under

a contract between the private hire operator and a local education authority or a social services authority.

3 This policy applies to the following:

- **3.1 Hackney Carriages:** A vehicle available to transport members of the public that has no more than eight seats for passengers, which is licensed to stand or ply for hire. A hackney carriage may stand at designated taxi ranks (referred to in legislation as a "hackney carriage stand") and also on the street ("standing for hire") and/or be hailed in the street by members of the public ("plying for hire"), in both cases within their designated zones. They may also undertake prebooked journeys.
- **3.2 Private Hire Vehicles:** These are licensed to carry no more than eight passengers and must be booked in advanced through a licensed private hire operator. They cannot stand or ply for hire nor use any designated taxi ranks.
- **3.3 Private Hire Operators:** are required to take and record the bookings for private hire vehicles. Bookings must be recorded, and records be made available for inspection. The private hire operator is also responsible for the actions of the drivers that they use and the condition of the vehicles that they use.
- **3.4** Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Drivers: Licensed individuals who have undertaken certain tests and checks. Only a licensed driver can drive a licensed vehicle. Bracknell Forest Council issues dual driver licences which allow that individual to drive either a Bracknell Forest hackney carriage or a Bracknell Forest private hire vehicle.

4 Legislation, Byelaws, Guidance and Policy

Hackney carriage and private hire activity are governed by two principal pieces of legislation, the <u>Town Police Clauses Act 1847</u> and the <u>Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976</u>, in both cases as amended by subsequent legislation. These have been interpreted by the senior courts over the years (the High Court and the Court of Appeal, and ultimately, the Supreme Court). In addition, the Council has byelaws relating to Hackney Carriage activity. The Council will in addition have regard to guidance issued by the Department for Transport, and this policy. Each application will be considered on its own merits, taking into account all the relevant circumstances, legislation, guidance and this policy.

Once a licence has been granted, the licensee will be subject to all the above, and the conditions attached to any licence and (in the case of drivers) the <u>Code of Conduct</u>.

A licence will not be issued until the appropriate fee is paid and cleared funds have been received by the Council.

Please Note – It is a criminal offence to carry out private hire or hackney carriage work without the valid licences. Applicants will not be able to start working whilst their application is being processed, they must wait until the licences have actually been granted (unless it is a renewal application and their existing licences are still in effect which will be detailed in the letter acknowledging receipt of the renewal application).

4.1 Equality Act 2010

The Council will comply with its duties under the <u>Equality Act 2010</u>. In addition, licensees must comply with their duties under the relevant parts of the legislation.

4.2 Data Protection

All information provided by applicants or relating to licensees will be treated in accordance with the Council's retention and disclosure policies under the <u>Data Protection Act 2018</u>, the <u>General Data Protection Regulations</u> and any other relevant legislation. The Council has a data-sharing protocol with neighbouring local authorities, the police, immigration and border service, social services and other bodies. This allows information to be shared where there is a risk to public safety or criminal activity.

More Information on how personal data will be managed by the Licensing Authority can be found at https://publicprotectionpartnership.org.uk/about-us/privacy-statement/

Anyone who is not satisfied with the way that their personal data is being or has been processed can contact the Information Commissioner https://ico.org.uk/concerns/handling/ or by writing to Information Commissioner's Office, Wycliffe House, Water Lane, Wilmslow, Cheshire, SK9 5AF.

5 General

The purpose of licensing hackney carriages and private hire vehicles, drivers and private hire operators is to protect the public. Public protection will be the overriding consideration whenever the Council considers hackney carriage and private hire licensing matters.

Licences are only granted to people who satisfy the Council that they are fit and proper people to hold such a licence. The onus is on the applicant to demonstrate that they are a fit and proper person, and not for the Council to prove that they are not.

Being a fit and proper person is not simply a question at the time of the application; it is a continuing requirement, and if at any time the conduct or behaviour of the licensee falls below the acceptable standard, action may be taken against the licence.

Holding a hackney carriage or private hire drivers, vehicle or operator licence is a privilege and a responsibility. At all times a licensee's behaviour and conduct must be of the highest standard. The Council will consider all aspects of an applicant/licensee's behaviour; not simply when they are using their licence.

Unacceptable behaviour whilst using the licence will be seen as an aggravating factor. The fact that the licence was not being used at the time will not be seen as any mitigating factor.

All licences can be suspended, revoked or not renewed.

There are rights of appeal against refusals to grant licences, conditions attached to licences, and suspensions, revocations or refusals to renew licences. Details of any right of appeal will be contained in the written notification of the Council's decision.

POLICY IN RELATION TO DUAL DRIVER AND PRIVATE HIRE DRIVER LICENCES

6 General

The Council issues dual or combined drivers licences. These enable a licensee to drive a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle licensed by the Council. Drivers' licences will be granted for a period of three years up to the age of 65 unless an applicant requests a licence for a one-year period. From the age of 65 on, licences will only be granted on an annual basis. The licence fee for years two and three will be waived to bring the payment schedule in line with fee structure of those under the age of 65.

7 Pre-requisites to Making an Application

It is the policy of the Council that every application for a licence to drive a hackney carriage and/or private hire vehicle must be accompanied by satisfactory evidence of the following matters and that applications that are incomplete will not be deemed to have been made until such time as they are complete. Additional information about the requirements are set out in paragraph 1.8 (identity) below. Applicants will need to provide evidence that they have:

- (a) A UK, Northern Ireland, European Economic Area (EEA) or exchangeable driving licence (a person can only use an exchangeable licence for twelve months, after which it must be exchanged for a UK licence) for at least twelve months prior to application (this excludes the holding of a provisional licence).
- (b) Evidence of the right to live and work in the country.
- (c) Evidence of registration with HMRC for tax (in the case of an existing licensee), or an acknowledgement of the need to register for tax (in the case of a new applicant)
- (d) An enhanced criminal record check (DBS) with a check of the child and adult barred list.
- (e) A certificate of their current medical fitness to DVLA Group 2 standard.
- (f) That the applicant meets the required post-qualification driving experience and demonstrates the required level of competency.
- (g) That the applicant has sufficient ability to speak English and to understand spoken English to provide the service that they wish to be licensed for (the requirements are detailed below).
- (h) That the applicant has completed safeguarding and disability awareness training.

All applicants, aside from those who are renewing their licence, will have three calendar months from the initial interview to complete the application process. After this time any incomplete application will be closed and any subsequent application will be treated as a fresh application.

NB – This time limit can be extended in exceptional circumstances, with the prior approval of the Licensing Manager.

The applicant will be given three attempts to pass each of the required tests to become a licensed driver. If they have not passed after the third attempt, no new application will be accepted for a

period of three calendar months from the date of the last test. If a new application is then made after the three months, the applicant will be required to pass all the tests required by Bracknell Forest Council at the time of the new application.

An application for the renewal of a licence must be made prior to the expiry of the licence, and in sufficient time to enable it to be processed and renewed before the existing licence expires. If this is not the case, it will be treated as a new application. The licensee can apply in writing to Bracknell Forest Council to request permission for an application, made after the expiry of the licence, to be treated as a renewal application. However permission will only be granted when exceptional circumstances exist, and the application has been made within five working days of the expiry. Bracknell Forest Council will determine whether exceptional circumstances exist.

If the renewed licence has not been granted by the time the current licence expires a short term licence which will be valid for a period of one month may be granted in order to enable the driver to continue working pending the granting of the renewed licence,. Any such short term licence must be clearly issued as being without prejudice to any subsequent decision the Council might take in relation to the renewal application.

8 Driving as a Private Hire or Hackney Carriage driver without a valid Private Hire or Dual Driver licence is a criminal offence.

Dual Driver Licensees will be required to comply with the current Bracknell Forest Council Hackney Carriage Byelaws in addition to the <u>Code of Conduct</u> detailed in this policy. A copy of these byelaws can be obtained from the Licensing Team at Bracknell Forest Council.

Where a licence is found to have been obtained using false or incomplete information enforcement action may be taken. This may include taking action against the licence, prosecution of the applicant, reporting the matter to other enforcement agencies including the police.

9 Fitness and Propriety

Before Bracknell Forest Council will grant or renew a driver licence, the applicant or licensee must satisfy the following requirements:

9.1 Identity

To prove their identity, all applicants must provide an authenticated form of photographic identification (for example photographic driving licence or national identification card).

Applicants from outside the UK must provide;

- (a) a passport with a valid stamp from the Home Office to say that they have leave to remain in the Country indefinitely; or
- (b) a passport with a valid UK visa, which allows the holder to work as a private hire or hackney carriage driver (student visas will not be accepted), and which has at least six calendar months remaining at the time of application.

A licence will only be granted until the expiry of the visa and will only be renewed or extended with the production of the passport and another valid visa issued by the Home Office. Bracknell

Forest Council reserves the right to verify, at any time, a licensee's entitlement to remain in the UK. We will not accept letters issued by the Home Office when a visa application is pending.

To comply with the <u>Immigration Act 2016</u>, the Council is required to check eligibility to live and work in the UK for all applicants for driver and operator licences. Applicants will be required to provide evidence of this on request. Examples of acceptable documentation include a British passport, EC passport with the right to stay and work in the UK, permanent residence permit, work permit with a passport with correct authorisations, a UK birth certificate together with an official document giving the NI number such as a P45 or P60, or a biometric immigration document indicating a right to stay indefinitely in the UK or a right to do the work in question.

For applicants with a limited time to remain in the UK, the licence will only be granted for the period of permission to remain, and may only be granted for a shorter period. The licence may be extended should the applicant's right to remain in the UK be made permanent.

If an applicant has extended leave to remain (pending a decision) the licence cannot be granted for more than six months, and again may only be granted for a shorter period. The licence may be extended should the applicant's right to remain in the UK be made permanent.

If a licensee loses the right to remain in the UK during the currency of a licence, the licence ceases to have effect and the licence (and badge for drivers) must be returned within seven days.

9.2 H M Revenues and Customs (HMRC) requirements

New applicants for a licence will be required to acknowledge that they have been informed that they must register for tax with Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs (HMRC), before the licence is due to be renewed. This will be affected by the applicant signing a declaration to that effect.

Existing licensees who are applying to renew their licence must ensure that they are registered with HMRC and provide the required code from the HMRC website. Full details of this will be available from the licensing office and on the website.

9.3 Disclosure and Barring Service Checks (DBS)

Applicants must provide an Enhanced DBS Certificate which includes a check of the Adult and Child Barred Lists which is no more than one calendar month old at the date of submission of the certificate.

Applicant/licensees will also have to sign up to the <u>DBS update service</u> to enable the Council to make periodic checks. Any driver that does not sign up to this service will only be granted a licence for six months and a fresh enhanced DBS check will be required on every application for a new licence.

9.4 Certificate of Good Conduct

As DBS checks do not cover convictions in countries outside the United Kingdom, any applicant who has lived abroad for any period of more than six months from the age of 18 must also provide a Certificate of Good Conduct from the appropriate Embassy or High Commission and it must be in English. The Council may undertake checks to ensure the authenticity of any such documentation. If this cannot be provided then the application will be refused.

NB - Nothing in this policy shall preclude a licensee from being required to undergo a further DBS check at any time as directed by an officer of Bracknell Forest Council.

9.5 Previous Convictions

In relation to the consideration of previous convictions and cautions recorded against applicants and licensees, Bracknell Forest Council has adopted the policy set out in <u>Appendix One</u>. Applicants who would like to discuss what effect a conviction or caution might have on their application, can contact the Licensing Service at:

Public Protection Partnership Theale Library Church Street Theale Berkshire RG7 5BZ

Telephone: 01635 519184

Email: Licensing@Bracknell-Forest.gov.uk

9.6 Medical Examination

Each applicant, on first application and at the intervals indicated below, must complete a medical examination by the applicants own GP (or a GP within their own practice) at the applicant's expense. The GP must certify that the applicant meets group 2 medical standards. Once a licence has been granted, medical examinations will be required at the following intervals:

Age	Frequency
On First application for a drivers licence	And thereafter from age 45
Up to and including the age of 45 years	Every 6 years
Over 45 years and up to and including the age of 64 years	Every 3 years
65 years +	Annually

A medical examination may be required at any other time, as determined by the GP or as requested by an officer of Bracknell Forest Council. In addition if an applicant or licensee has been diagnosed with type 1 diabetes requiring insulin, a medical compliance form will need to be completed and issued annually by that person's GP.

9.7 Driving Licence

Applicants must have held a full UK, Northern Ireland, European Economic Area (EEA) or exchangeable driving licence (a person can only use an exchangeable licence for twelve months, after which it must be exchanged for a UK licence) for at least twelve months prior to application (this excludes the holding of a provisional licence).

A photo card driving licence meeting these requirements must be submitted with the application form (including renewal applications) and will be checked against the Driver and Vehicle Licensing Agency (DVLA) information issued. Any prospective applicant who does not hold a photo card driving licence must obtain one before the application is made. The address on the DVLA licence must be the same as the addresses on any other paperwork submitted with the application. Bracknell Forest Council may carry out spot checks on a random basis to ascertain any changes to the status of the DVLA licence.

9.8 Practical Assessments for Licensed Drivers and Applicants

An applicant can complete the steps to this point and the Council will then assess whether a licence could be granted in relation to the driving licence and immigration checks, and whether it would be granted in relation to previous convictions. This will allow an applicant to reduce expenditure on a speculative application until such time as they have been informed that, subject to satisfactory results in the following requirements, a licence will be granted

All applicants are required to have passed a practical driving and wheelchair assessment before applying for a dual driving licence. These assessments must be passed again every six years i.e. before a second three-year driving licence will be issued.

Bracknell Forest Council approves suitable courses from time to time and applicants will be informed of the available courses at the time of application. Applicants can choose which provider they wish to use. Bracknell Forest Council will accept written evidence of passing the particular providers assessment that is not more than three months old at the date of application the current list of approved providers of these courses can be found at <u>practical-driving-assessment.pdf</u> (publicprotectionpartnership.org.uk)

If a licensee is subject to enforcement action in relation to their driving, more than once within a period of twelve calendar months, including road traffic convictions, they will be required to undertake the practical driving assessment within three calendar months. The licence may be suspended until such time as this test has been passed.

Details of Bracknell Forest Council's current providers will be issued on application or will be issued to a driver required to undertake the practical driving assessment as part of enforcement action.

9.9. Spoken and Written English

It is essential for public safety that all licensees are able to communicate by speaking and reading in English at an appropriate level. This is equivalent to level B1 on the Common European Framework of Reference for reading, writing, speaking and listening. Licensees must have an appropriate understanding of safety, equality and the regulatory requirements that apply to them. This helps ensure public safety and will enhance levels of customer service.

9.9.1. Speaking and Listening Assessment

The speaking and listening assessment consists of a 15 to 20 minute conversation that will take place at Bracknell Forest Council offices.

The assessment will be undertaken by a secure video or telephone link to our service provider, PeopleCert, and it will be at applicants cost.

Please see <u>PeopleCert</u>'s website for more information about the test and what to expect on the day. All applicants are advised to review this information prior to sitting the test.

9.9.2. Reading and Writing Assessment

Bracknell Forest Council will use the Safety, equality and regulatory understanding requirement (SERU assessment) to assess applicants' reading and writing skills. The SERU assessment is based on information found in this policy, including the hackney carriage and private hire vehicle conditions, the byelaws and the <u>Code of Conduct</u>.

The assessment will take place at Bracknell Forest Council Offices and the costs will be met by the applicant.

9.10. Knowledge of Area

All applicants are expected to have a good knowledge of Bracknell Forest and the surrounding area. They will be required to pass a test on this knowledge prior to a licence being issued. This test must be passed again every six years i.e. before a second three-year driving licence will be issued.

This requirement does not apply in relation to applicants for private hire drivers' licences to undertake school or community contracts.

9.11. Highway Code and Relevant Legislation

All Applicants are expected to have a good knowledge of the <u>Highway Code</u> and the relevant provisions of the <u>Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976</u> and the <u>Town and Police Clauses Act 1847</u>. This test must be passed again every six years i.e. before a second three-year driving licence will be issued.

9.12. Training in the Assistance of Disabled Persons

All applicants must be able to show that they have undergone training in the assistance of disabled persons, to a standard acceptable to Bracknell Forest Council. Refresher training will be required every three years. The Council identifies training providers (which may include the Council itself) from time to time and applicants will be informed of the available courses and any cost at the time of application. The cost of this training is currently included in the licence fee. If there is more than one provider, applicants can choose which provider they wish to use.

9.13. Safeguarding, Child Sexual Abuse and Exploitation (CSAE) and County Lines Training

All new applicants for a driver licence must complete safeguarding, child sexual abuse and exploitation (CSAE) and county lines training prior to the issue of a licence. Existing drivers must complete the training prior to the next renewal of their licence. Refresher training will be required every three years.

10 Test of Fitness and Propriety

Once a valid application has been made, the Council will make a decision as to whether or not the applicant/licensee is a fit and proper person to hold a dual driver or private hire driver licence.

The same test will be used in respect of any existing driver whose criminal convictions or behaviour fall below the Council's standards. The test used will be:

"Without any prejudice, and based on the information before you, would you allow a person for whom you care, regardless of their condition, to travel alone in a vehicle driven by this person at any time of day or night?"

This will be determined on the balance of probabilities, and if the Council is of the view that the applicant or licensee does not satisfy this test, a licence will not be granted, or action will be taken against the licence. The applicant or licensee will not be given the benefit of doubt. The onus is on the applicant to demonstrate that they are a fit and proper person, and not for the Council to prove that they are not.

11 Code of Conduct

The Council has a <u>Code of Conduct</u> for taxi drivers. All drivers must adhere to this at all times. Failure to do so may lead to action being taken against the driver's licence.

12 The National Register of Taxi Licence Revocations and Refusals

The Council provides information to the National Register of Taxi Licence Refusals and Revocations (NR3) a mechanism for licensing authorities to share details of individuals who have had a hackney carriage or private hire driver licence revoked, or an application for one refused. This is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the Council – that is, assessing whether an individual is a fit and proper person to hold a hackney carriage or private hire driver licence.

Where a hackney carriage or private hire driver licence is revoked, or an application for one refused, the Council will automatically record this decision on NR3.

All applications for a new licence or licence renewal will automatically be checked on NR3. If a search of NR3 indicates a match with an applicant, the Council will seek further information about the entry on the register from the authority which recorded it. Any information received as a result of an NR3 search will only be used in respect of the specific licence application and will not be retained beyond the determination of that application.

The information recorded on NR3 itself will be limited to:

- Name
- Date of birth
- Address and contact details
- National Insurance number
- Driving licence number
- Decision taken
- Date of decision
- Date decision effective

Information will be retained on NR3 for a period of 25 years.

This is a mandatory part of applying for a hackney carriage and private hire driver licence. Further details can be found here.

Information will be processed in accordance with the <u>Data Protection Act (DPA)</u> and <u>General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)</u>. Any searches, provision or receipt of information of or under NR3 are necessary for the Councils statutory licensing functions of ensuring that all drivers are fit and proper to hold the applicable licence. It is not intended that any NR3 data will be transferred out of the United Kingdom.

13 Licences and Badges

Drivers are issued with two badges and an armband. One of the badges must be displayed in the armband which must be worn on the left-hand arm of the driver so it is visible to passengers in the vehicle. The other badge must be displayed within the vehicle so it is visible to passengers. Both the badges and the armband remain the property of the Council and must be returned immediately on expiry, suspension or revocation of the licence.

14 Equality Act 2010

Drivers must comply with the requirements of the <u>Equality Act 2010</u>. This includes carrying assistance dogs with their passenger and providing mobility assistance to disabled and wheelchair using passengers (in the case of a listed wheelchair accessible vehicle). This does not apply to drivers who have been granted an exemption from those requirements by the Council. Details of the exemption requirements and processes are available on the website.

In addition, all drivers at all times must ensure that they do not discriminate unlawfully against any person.

15 Action Against Licences

Section 61 of the Local Government Miscellaneous Provisions Act 1976 allows the Council to suspend, revoke or refuse to renew a licence if the licensee has been convicted of an offence involving dishonesty, indecency, violence; failure to comply with the provisions of the Town Police Clauses Act 1847; failure to comply with the provisions of Part II of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976; has been convicted of an immigration offence or had to pay an immigration penalty, or any other reasonable cause.

A suspension or revocation can take immediate effect if that is necessary in the interest of public safety under section 61(2B). This will be clearly detailed in the decision notice.

16 Appeals

There is a right of appeal to the Magistrates' Court, and further right of appeal to the Crown Court in relation to any refusal to grant or renew a driver's licence, or suspension or revocation of a drivers licence. Full details about how to appeal will be contained in any decision notice.

POLICY IN RELATION TO HACKNEY CARRIAGE AND PRIVATE HIRE VEHICLE LICENCES

17 Single Licences

Applications will not be accepted if the vehicle is already licensed by any other licensing authority (council or Transport for London).

18 Test of Fitness and Propriety

In addition to the vehicle itself, the Council will take the character of the applicant or existing proprietor into account when determining an application for the grant or renewal of a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle licence. Applicants for the grant or renewal of a vehicle licence must produce a basic DBS certificate which is not more than one month old, and provide details of all convictions (spent and live), cautions, fixed penalty notices, parking fines, Anti-Social Behaviour Orders, Community Protection Notices, injunctions, restraining orders and any other matter affecting their character on the application form and statutory declaration. This requirement does not apply if the applicant already holds a drivers licence issued by Bracknell Forest Council.

The Council will then use the following test to determine whether the applicant/licensee is a suitable person to hold a vehicle licence:

"Without any prejudice, and based on the information before you, would you be comfortable allowing this person to have control of a licensed vehicle that can travel anywhere, at any time of the day or night without arousing suspicion, and be satisfied that they would not allow it to be used for criminal or other unacceptable purposes, and be confident that they would maintain it to an acceptable standard throughout the period of the licence?"

This will be determined on the balance of probabilities, and if the Council is of the view that the applicant or licensee does not satisfy this test, a licence will not be granted, or action will be taken against the licence. The applicant or licensee will not be given the benefit of doubt. The onus is on the applicant to demonstrate that they are a fit and proper person, and not for the Council to prove that they are not.

19 General

A valid application for the renewal of a licence, including all the required original documentation, must be made at least 30 days prior to the expiry of the current licence or it will be treated as a new application. A valid application is one which is complete in all respects and can be processed immediately. Photocopies of documents will not be accepted.

If the application is not made in time to enable the vehicle test to be undertaken and all relevant processes to be completed before the expiry of the current vehicle licence, there will be a period of time during which the vehicle will be unlicensed and cannot be used as a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle. If the application is not made before the expiry of the current licence, but is made within five working days after expiry, the licence will only be renewed in exceptional circumstances. Using a vehicle, as a private hire vehicle or hackney carriage, when it does not have a valid Private Hire Vehicle or Hackney Carriage Proprietors Licence is a criminal offence.

Where a licence is found to have been obtained using false or incomplete information enforcement action may be taken. This may include taking action against the licence, prosecution of the applicant, reporting the matter to other enforcement agencies including the police.

It should be noted that once a licence has been granted, that licence relates to that particular vehicle. The licence and the vehicle must be owned by the same person, and cannot be separated. In this context, "ownership" includes leasing a vehicle from a leasing company, but

not from an individual or any former or current licensee. Evidence of such ownership will be required to accompany the application and on every renewal.

If a licensee wishes to change their vehicle during the currency of the licence, the existing licence must be surrendered and a new application made for the replacement vehicle.

A licensee can transfer the licence to another person during the currency of the licence, and the Council will acknowledge that transfer and register the new licensee. The character of the new licensee will be considered when application is made to renew the licence, and may be considered before that time. If the Council is not satisfied that the new licensee is a fit and proper person the licence will not be renewed or, in the case of an earlier review, action will be taken against that licence.

In order for an application to be considered the applicant must submit the following to the licensing authority:

- The completed vehicle licence application form.
- Application Fee.

As the vehicle cannot be separated from the licence, the vehicle must be owned or leased by the licensee. Proof of ownership of the vehicle must include:

- The original of the Vehicle Registration Document (Log Book/V5), certificate of registration for the vehicle (the new keeper's supplement section of the V5 document) will be accepted in the case of vehicles that are not licensed at the time that the application is made, and the vehicle has recently been purchased by the applicant (documentary evidence will be required). Licences will not be renewed unless the full V5 document is made available to the Council at the time of application).
- Receipt for the purchase of the vehicle, or documentary evidence of any leasing arrangement with a vehicle leasing company must also be provided where the applicant does not own the vehicle. Any lease must be from a commercial leasing company, and leasing arrangements from individuals will not be accepted.
- The original insurance or insurance cover note for the vehicle. The document must state that the vehicle is insured for use as a Hackney Carriage or as a Private Hire vehicle (as appropriate).
- Confirmation from the Council appointed garages that the vehicle has passed the Council test and vehicle examination requirements.
- Current MOT Certificate.

20 Vehicle Type and Design

All vehicles which are the subject of a licence application must have an appropriate 'type approval' which is one of the following:

- European Whole Vehicle Type Approval;
- British National Type Approval;
- Provisional GB Type Approval;
- GB Type Approval or
- Individual Vehicle Approval.

All vehicles which are the subject of a licence application must be manufactured or adapted to carry up to eight passengers not including the driver; this number includes any passengers who may be seated in wheelchairs if the vehicle is capable of transporting such passengers. Where a vehicle has been altered, adapted or modified ONLY Type Approval Certificates granted after alteration, adaptation or modification will be accepted.

With the exception of vehicles modified to carry wheelchairs, vehicles which have been modified in any way from the manufacturer's standard construction will not be considered suitable for licensing purposes. Exceptions may be made depending upon the nature of the modification.

Any vehicle which resembles a hackney carriage licensed by the Council will not be considered for licensing as a private hire vehicle.

21 Vehicle Standards

No vehicle will be licensed unless it:

- i. has undertaken and passed the Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Vehicle Test, at a Bracknell Forest Council nominated garage.
- ii. has provision for every passenger to wear a seat belt. A sign must be displayed inside the vehicle requiring seat belts to be worn.

The Council licences three different types of vehicle:

- Wheelchair Accessible Vehicles (WAV);
- those which are not; and
- stretched limousines.

In respect of all vehicles, there must be a minimum seating capacity for one adult passenger, and vehicles that seek more passengers must provide a width of at least 410mm per person across any seat which accommodates more than one person.

There must be adequate legroom in front of any passenger seat and adequate headroom above any passenger seat. Adequate means that a six foot tall person can sit comfortably.

The Council does not maintain a list of acceptable vehicles but it is recommended that prior to purchasing any such vehicle, advice be sought from the Licensing Team.

All licensed vehicles (except for private hire vehicles which are granted a dispensation or exemption from displaying signage (details in paragraph 1.28 (Dispensation /Exemption Certificates) below) must meet the following requirements:

- i. Light transmitted through the windscreen must be at least 75%
- ii. All other windows (both front and rear) must allow at least 70% of light to be transmitted.

Where vehicles which are currently licensed have factory tinted/privacy glass fitted and are able to provide documentary evidence that this was fitted at the time of manufacturing and has not been replaced since, they will remain licensed until the vehicle reaches the maximum licensable age in accordance with the existing age of vehicle policy.

No aftermarket tinted film can be attached to the windows of any licensed vehicle.

Any vehicles that have been involved in an accident, which have required repair, may have to pass a further inspection at one of our nominated testing stations.

22 Stretched Limousine

The term "stretched limousine" in this policy will be taken to mean any vehicle that has been modified after manufacture with an additional body section.

Where any screen is fitted between the driver and the rear passenger compartment, passengers must be able to communicate with the driver at all times by means of an intercom system or suitable holes in the screen.

The seating in the vehicle must all face either forwards or backwards and a vehicle will not be licensed if any sideways facing seats remain.

23. Insurance

Before a vehicle licence will be issued, evidence of comprehensive insurance for either hackney carriage or private hire use (as appropriate) must be produced; this must be in the form of original documents, photocopies will not be accepted.

24. Age

Vehicles up to five years old from the first date of registration or which have travelled less than 25,000 miles since that date will be subject to an inspection before grant or renewal, and at six months or 25,000 miles whichever occurs first after the date of grant or renewal at one of Bracknell Forest Council's nominated testing stations. Where vehicles are five years or older from the date of first registration or which have travelled more than 25,000 miles since that date, they will be subject to an inspection before grant or renewal and then at four monthly or 15,000 mile intervals for the duration of the licence. If an inspection is not carried out in the month that it is due, the licence will be suspended until such a test has been passed.

All vehicles must meet the Euro 5 or Euro 6 emissions standards if they are being submitted for grant or renewal of a licence.

This requirement can be waived in respect of specialist vehicles which have been modified or adapted to undertake particular local education authority contracts.

All applications for grant or renewal of vehicle licences must be accompanied by documentary evidence that the vehicle has been regularly serviced and maintained in line with the manufacturer's servicing schedule.

In addition, all vehicles must meet the following minimum standards:

25. Exterior of vehicle

The exterior paintwork on the vehicle must not:

- i. show signs of rusting;
- ii. be faded or show signs of mismatched paint repairs;

- iii. have five or more stone chips greater than 2mm in length in any direction;
- iv. have eight or more stone chips of any size;
- v. have any scratches, cracks or abrasions where the top layer of paint has been removed.

The exterior bodywork of the vehicle must not:

- i. have two or more dents greater than 10mm in length in any direction;
- ii. have four or more dents less than 10mm in length in any direction;
- iii. have fittings that are missing, broken or damaged.

The vehicle must not have wheels and wheel trims that have significant damage which detracts from the overall excellent condition of the vehicle.

The vehicle must be submitted for inspection in a clean state such that an effective inspection is possible. Should the vehicle be submitted in an unclean state then the application shall be refused.

The engine compartment must not be in a dirty condition or have evidence of leaks including water, oil or hydraulic fluids.

26. Interior of vehicle

The seating and carpet areas of the vehicle must not show signs of:

- i. staining;
- ii. damp;
- iii. fraying or ripping of the material;
- iv. seat covers that are loose or badly fitted.

The seats must provide sufficient support for comfortable travel and should not demonstrate excessive compression of the seating area or wear within the support mechanism.

Interior panels and fittings within the vehicle must not be damaged nor show excessive wear, or staining.

The interior of the vehicle must not have damp or other obnoxious smells.

The emissions limits detailed above do not apply to stretched limousines, vintage cars or novelty vehicles (for example a fire engine), which have been adapted to become private hire or hackney carriage vehicles.

27. Taximeters

All hackney carriages must be fitted with a taximeter approved by Bracknell Forest Council. The Council will specify approved taximeters from time to time and details will be available on the website.

The taximeter must be set to a rate not exceeding that specified in the council table of fares.

The taximeter must be used for all journeys charged by time and/or distance, and it is recommended that it is activated for all journeys within the district where a fixed fee has been agreed to avoid any risk of overcharging by the driver.

Private hire vehicles may be fitted with a taximeter (at the discretion of the vehicle proprietor). Any such meter must be approved by Bracknell Forest Council in accordance with the above requirement for hackney carriages.

28. Advertising

Advertising on the outside of any licensed vehicle is restricted to the name and telephone number of the owner or operator of the Hackney Carriage/Private Hire Vehicle, such advertisements must not exceed 50cm x 25cm and can only be affixed to the front and rear passenger doors, the boot, and the bonnet. Applications for departures from this limitation can be made in writing to Bracknell Forest Council's Licensing Team.

In addition, wheelchair accessible hackney carriages and private hire vehicles may carry all over "wrap" type advertising. This is must be approved, in writing, by Bracknell Forest Council before the advertising is applied and any advertising must be in accordance with the specified advertising criteria to be agreed.

Any advertisements on any vehicles must be legal and comply with the <u>advertising standards</u> <u>agency code of practice.</u>

29. Temporary Replacement Vehicle

If a licensed hackney carriage or private vehicle has been involved in an accident or is otherwise incapacitated, an application can be made for a replacement vehicle to be licensed on a temporary basis. The existing vehicle licence will be suspended and the replacement vehicle will be granted the same licence number. The temporary period will be determined by the Council when the application is made and will be based upon the estimated time for the repair of the original vehicle. No temporary licence will be granted for a period exceeding three months. Any replacement vehicle must meet the Council's specification for hackney carriage or private hire vehicles and where the original vehicle was wheelchair accessible, the replacement must meet the same specification.

30. Disabled Access

30.1. Vehicle Standards

All hackney carriages and wheelchair accessible private hire vehicles must comply with the following specification in addition to those detailed above;

i. Approved anchorages must be provided for wheelchair tie downs and the wheelchair passenger restraint. These anchorages must be either chassis or floor linked and capable of withstanding approved dynamic or static tests. Restraints for wheelchair and occupant must be independent of each other. Anchorages must also be provided for the safe stowage of a wheelchair when not in use, whether folded or otherwise, if carried within the passenger compartment. All anchorages and restraints must be so designed that they do not cause any danger to other passengers.

- ii The door and doorway must be so constructed as to permit an unrestricted opening across the doorway of at least 75cm. The minimum angle of a hinged door when opened must be 90 degrees.
- iii. The clear height of the doorway must be not less than 1.2 metres.
- iv. Grab handles must be placed at door entrances to assist the elderly and disabled. All grab handles must be in a contrasting colour.
- v. The top of the tread for any entrance should normally be at floor level of the passenger compartment and comply with the following requirements:
 - a) be not more than 380mm from the ground, (measured at the centre of the tread width);
 - b) the surface shall be covered in a slip-resistant material;
 - c) have a band of colour across the entire width of the edge which shall contrast with the remainder of the tread and floor covering.

Should any entrance be more than 380mm from the ground, an external interim step must be made available when the associated passenger door is opened and comply with the following requirements:

- i. not be more than 380mm in height from the ground, (measured at the centre of the step width;
- ii. not be less than 250mm deep;
- iii. the surface shall be covered in a slip-resistant material;
- iv. have a band of colour across its leading edge which shall contrast with the remainder of the step and floor covering;
- v. not be capable of operation whilst the vehicle is in motion;
- vi. if automatic or powered, be fitted with a safety device which stops the motion of the step if the step is subject to a reactive force not exceeding 150N in any direction and if that motion could cause injury to the passenger;
- vii. can fold or retract so that it does not project beyond the side face of the vehicle and the vehicle is not capable of being driven away unless the step is so folded or retracted.

The vertical distance between the highest part of the floor and the roof in the passenger compartment must not be less than 1.3 metres.

Where seats are placed facing each other, there must be a minimum space of 42.5cm between any part of the front of a seat and any part of any other seat which faces it, provided adequate foot room is maintained at floor level.

Where all seats are placed facing to the front of the vehicle, there must be clear space of at least 66cm in front of every part of each seat squab, measured along a horizontal plane at the centre of the cushion.

A ramp for the loading of a wheelchair and occupant must be available at all times for use, as a minimum, at the nearside passenger door on all new vehicles presented for licensing. The ramp must have a safety lip, be 70cm wide, as a minimum, and comprise a single non-slip surface. It is desirable for this facility to be available at the offside passenger door also. An adequate locking device must be fitted to ensure that the ramp does not slip or tilt when in use. Provision must be made for the ramp to be stowed safely when not in use.

30.2. Vehicle Type Approval

All vehicles that are designed to accommodate wheelchair users must have all modifications and adaptations, including all seats, seat belts and anchorages, re-tested to meet either the European Whole Vehicle Type Approval or the UK Low Volume Type Approval in the M1 category (evidence of this must be produced). Those vehicles which have not been "type approved" to the M1 category (e.g. conversions) must be presented with approved certification that the specific vehicle meets the requirements of that category. Vehicles may be inspected for suitability by an officer. It is recommended that prior to purchasing any new vehicle, advice be sought from the Licensing Team.

30.3. Access for wheelchair users to Taxis and Private Hire Vehicles

See Guidance at: Wheelchair access in taxis and private hire vehicles - GOV.UK

31. Roof Signs

No roof sign can be fitted to, attached, displayed or used on any private hire vehicle.

A single roof sign must be fitted to each hackney carriage and meet the following conditions and specification:

- The roof sign must be connected to the taximeter to allow it to be automatically controlled.
- The roof sign must be lit when the taximeter is not active and not lit when the taximeter is in use.
- Roof signs must be kept clean and in good repair and at all times be securely mounted
 on the vehicle roof, with the main face showing the Council logo facing forward. The sign
 is to be positioned forward of the pillar between the front and rear doors (the B post),
 wherever possible. Vehicles with glass or fibreglass roofs or similar must attach the sign
 at the foremost point on the roof, where suitable magnetic adhesion is possible.

The proprietor must provide a roof sign to the following specification (unless the vehicle is a London Cab or other similar vehicle which was manufactured as a taxi and produced with a built in sign):

- The roof sign must have dimensions of 60.5cms long, 17.5cms wide at the middle point, 11cms high at the rear middle point and 3cms high at the front middle point. These dimensions do not include any raised lip or edging. Reference should also be made to any illustrative art work, or model signs, which can be provided by the Licensing Team if required.
- The roof sign must be white in background colour. When lit, the sign must show red to the rear but not red to the front and sides.

- The front face of the roof sign must show the words "TAXI LICENSED BY" followed by the Bracknell Forest Council Corporate Logo.
- The licence number must be shown, within a circle, on both sides of this wording.
- TAXI must be in capitals, in Arial font and approximately 65mm in height. The circles must be approximately 135mm in diameter and have the number cut out, 45mm high in Arial font
- The near side of the sign must show a wheelchair logo in white on a blue background. The wheelchair logo must be in reflex blue. The logo must be 100mm square. The words and the circles must be in the green Pantone code 371.
- Vehicles with raised roofs which are licensed as wheelchair accessible taxis must have a roof sign of the same dimensions and design.
- The rear face of the roof sign on all vehicles must show the licence number (once only) to the same specifications as on the front.
- The number may be positioned anywhere on the rear face at the discretion of the licensee. The licensee may use the remaining space for a name and/or telephone number which can include the word "TAXI". This text does not have to be green, (although the number does).

All inappropriate or unauthorised signage will be required to be removed.

It may be necessary for some wheelchair accessible taxis to display the sign on the front bulkhead of the vehicle due to height restrictions. Other than this variation, there can be no other variations from the specification.

In the event of the Council's Licensing Officers not being satisfied that a roof sign meets the specification, the conditions of the vehicle licence will have been breached and the proprietor requested to remedy the defect. The licensee of the vehicle may then be subject to a penalty within the Penalty Points Scheme and if not suitably rectified may have the sanction of law imposed.

Vehicles which are purchased as custom constructed taxis that have a sign provided by the manufacturer, which is not a sign fitted into the fabric of the vehicle, must comply with the above specification.

32. Roof Racks

If required to carry additional luggage, a roof rack or roof box can be used. It must be securely fitted to the roof in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. All luggage must be properly secured and in the case of a roof rack a waterproof cover must be fitted. Any roof box must be correctly closed before moving off.

In the case of a hackney carriage, a second roof sign must be fitted to enable the roof signs to be seen. The additional signs must be correctly fitted to the front and rear of the roof rack (or roof box).

Trailers cannot be used with any licensed hackney carriage or private hire vehicle.

33. Dispensation / Exemption Certificates

There are two different circumstances in which the Council will consider granting an exemption from the requirement for a private hire vehicle to display the plates and additional signage (which will also remove the need for the driver to be wearing their badge). If an exemption certificate is granted, the vehicle cannot be used for regular private hire work: it can only be used under these specified contracts.

33.1. School Contracts

Vehicles that are used exclusively to transport passengers under a contract entered into with a local education authority may be granted an exemption. This is in recognition of the fact that so far as is possible, children who are transported by such vehicles should not be identified or stigmatised. An operator will need to demonstrate the existence of one or more contracts with education authorities or other educational establishments, and where the operator does not own the vehicle, will also have to demonstrate a contract with the vehicle owner. All such contracts must specify which vehicles will be used to discharge those contracts. The other requirements pertaining to vehicles will still however need to be met.

33.2. Executive Hire

This term is used in relation to vehicles that are used exclusively for contracts made between an operator and other businesses (excluding sub-contracting private hire bookings). This type of activity includes chauffeur services. An operator will need to demonstrate the existence of one or more contracts with identified businesses. To qualify for the exemption, any such contract must be for a minimum period of three months.

The operator can hold more than one contract, but where that is the case the operator must explain how those contracts will be serviced with the specified vehicle and where the operator does not own the vehicle, will also have to demonstrate a contract with the vehicle owner. All such contracts must specify which vehicles will be used to discharge those contracts. It is not possible to specify the makes and models of vehicles that will be considered for an executive hire exemption, but in general they must be luxury vehicles that provide significant amounts of space and comfort for passengers. Examples would include vehicles made by Rolls-Royce, Bentley, and vehicles of a similar nature to Mercedes S class, BMW 7 series, Jaguar XF and Range Rover.

An application for an exemption in either category must be made in writing on the form provided by the Council. There is no right of appeal against a refusal to grant an exemption certificate.

If an exemption certificate is granted, a notice will be issued by the Council which must be carried in the glove compartment of the vehicle at all times. In addition, the vehicle plate must be fixed inside the boot lid/tailgate in such a way that it can be examined by an authorised officer of the Council or a police officer.

The identification cards provided by Bracknell Forest Council, must be displayed in the front and rear windscreen of the vehicle.

Any exemption certificate that is issued will only last for the duration of the vehicle licence and a further exemption certificate will be required when the licence is renewed. Bracknell Forest

Council must be issued with records relating to the contracted work undertaken by that particular vehicle when a renewal application is submitted.

34. Novelty Vehicles

The Council will consider applications for private hire vehicle licences for "novelty vehicles". These are vehicles other than regular saloon, estate, people carrier or SUV (sport utility vehicles) and may include vintage or classic cars, fire engines, military vehicles, but this is not an exhaustive list.

Any such vehicle must have passenger seats and seat belts for each seat unless these were not fitted at the time of manufacture.

All other requirements will apply, and the vehicles will be subject to six monthly tests.

POLICY IN RELATION TO PRIVATE HIRE OPERATOR LICENCES

35. General

A valid application for the renewal of a licence, including all the required original documentation, must be made at least 30 days prior to the expiry of the current licence or it will be treated as a new application. A valid application is one which is complete in all respects and can be processed immediately.

Photocopies of documents will not be accepted. If the application is not made in time to enable all the relevant processes to be completed before the expiry of the current operator's licence, there will be a period of time during which the operator will be unlicensed and cannot make a provision for the invitation of bookings for private hire vehicle. If the application is not made before the expiry of the current licence, but is made within five working days after the expiry, the licence will only be renewed in exceptional circumstances.

Operating Private Hire Drivers and Vehicles without a valid licence is a criminal offence.

Where a licence is found to have been obtained using false or incomplete information enforcement action may be taken.

36. Operator's Base

An operator's licence relates to one or more addresses (bases) within the Bracknell Forest Council area. Every address that is being used must be detailed on the licence, and if a licence does not relate to the address or addresses being used, that licence is void. Continued use of that licence will be a criminal offence.

An operator who has more than one operating office or base within Bracknell Forest does not require a separate licence for each premises, but must submit a list to Bracknell Forest Council containing all the addresses from which they run their business. An updated list must be sent to the Council whenever any of those addresses change.

Planning permission or a Certificate of Lawful Use for the use or change of use of premises, whether home or commercial is not required before an application can be made for an operator's

licence. However it may be unlawful to use those premises as an operator's base and advice, should be sought from Bracknell Forest Council's Development Control Service if required.

Anyone who is making a provision for the invitation of bookings (evidenced by a private hire office or base) in more than one local authority area will be required to hold an operator's licence with the local authority in each of those areas.

37. Fitness and Propriety

Before Bracknell Forest Council will grant or renew an operator licence, the applicant or licensee must satisfy the following requirements.

37.1. Identity

To prove their identity, all applicants must provide an authenticated form of photographic identification (for example photographic driving licence or national identification card).

Applicants from outside the UK must provide:

- a passport with a valid stamp from the Home Office to say that they have leave to remain in the Country indefinitely; or
- a passport with a valid UK visa, which allows the holder to work as a Private Hire Operator (student visas will not be accepted) and which has at least six calendar months remaining at the time of application.

A licence will only be granted until the expiry of the visa and will only be renewed or extended with the production of the passport and another valid visa issued by the Home Office. Bracknell Forest Council reserves the right to verify, at any time, a Licensee's entitlement to remain in the UK. We will not accept letters issued by the Home Office when a visa application is pending.

To comply with the Immigration Act 2016, the Council is required to check eligibility to live and work in the UK for all applicants for driver and operator licences. Applicants will be required to provide evidence of this on request. Examples of acceptable documentation include:

- a British passport;
- EC passport with the right to stay and work in the UK;
- permanent residence permit;
- work permit with a passport with correct authorisations;
- a UK birth certificate together with an official document giving the NI number such as a P45 or P60; or
- a biometric immigration document indicating a right to stay indefinitely in the UK or a right to do the work in question.

For applicants with a limited time to remain and/or work in the UK, the licence will cannot be granted for longer than the period of permission to remain and/or work. Bracknell Forest Council, may grant a licence for a shorter period. The licence may be extended should the applicant's right to remain and/or work in the UK be made permanent.

If an applicant has extended leave to remain (pending a decision) the licence cannot be granted for more than six months, and again may only be granted for a shorter period. The licence may be extended should the applicant's right to remain in the UK be made permanent.

If a licensee loses the right to remain in the UK during the currency of a licence, the licence ceases to have effect and the licence (and badge for drivers) must be returned within seven days.

37.2. Disclosure and Barring Service Checks (DBS)

An applicant must provide a basic DBS check which is no more than one calendar month old at the time of application. In addition, the Council will require an applicant to complete an application form/statutory declaration listing all criminal convictions (including spent convictions, and other non-criminal matters) to enable the Council to consider the applicant's fitness and propriety.

Licensees must provide a basic DBS which is not more than 30 days old on or before each anniversary of the grant of the licence. Failure to do so will lead to the licence being suspended.

Where an application is made by a partnership, limited liability partnership or limited company, the same requirements apply to all partners, directors and secretary (if any).

This requirement will not apply to any applicant who already holds a drivers licence with this Council

Where a licence is held by a partnership, limited liability partnership or limited company, the Council must be notified within one week of any change of partners, directors or secretary. In those circumstances a basic DBS not more than one calendar month old must be provided with that notification.

Operators must maintain and apply a previous convictions policy in the same terms as the one contained within this policy for all staff that they use. This includes obtaining and providing a basic DBS certificate not more than one month old at the point of first engagement by the operator and a requirement in the contract of employment/service to notify the operator of any subsequent arrest, charge or conviction within seven days of the event. This applies to all employees, workers and independent contractors. The operator must not engage the services of any person whose previous convictions or other matters lie outside that policy without the prior written authorisation of the Council.

37.3. Certificate of Good Conduct

As DBS checks do not cover convictions in countries outside the United Kingdom, any applicant who has lived abroad for any period of more than six months from the age of 18 must also provide a Certificate of Good Conduct from the appropriate Embassy or High Commission and it must be in English. The Council may undertake checks to ensure the authenticity of any such documentation. If this cannot be provided then the application will be refused.

NB - Nothing in this policy shall preclude a licensee from being required to undergo a further DBS check at any time as directed by an officer of Bracknell Forest Council.

37.4. Previous Convictions

In relation to the consideration of previous convictions and cautions recorded against applicants and licensees, Bracknell Forest Council has adopted the policy set out in <u>Appendix One</u>. Applicants who would like to discuss what effect a conviction or caution might have on their application, can contact the Licensing Team at:

Theale Library Church Street Theale Berkshire RG7 5BZ

Telephone: 01635 519184

Email: Licensing@Bracknell-Forest.gov.uk

38. Test of Fitness and Propriety

Once a valid application has been made, the Council will make a decision as to whether or not the applicant/licensee is a fit and proper person to hold a private hire operator's licence. The same test will be used in respect of any existing driver whose criminal convictions or behaviour fall below the Council's standards. The test used will be:

"Without any prejudice, and based on the information before you, would you be comfortable providing sensitive information such as holiday plans, movements of your family or other information to this person, and feel safe in the knowledge that such information will not be used or passed on for criminal or unacceptable purposes?"

This will be determined on the balance of probabilities, and if the Council is of the view that the applicant or licensee does not satisfy this test, a licence will not be granted, or action will be taken against the licence. The applicant or licensee will not be given the benefit of doubt. The onus is on the applicant to demonstrate that they are a fit and proper person, and not for the Council to prove that they are not.

39. Drivers and Vehicles

The operator must ensure that any private hire driver or private hire vehicle operated, employed or used by them holds a current private hire driver or vehicle licence issued by Bracknell Forest Council. The operator must hold the licence for the duration of the time that the driver or vehicle is being operated by that operator.

40. Enforcement and Appeals

This policy will be considered in conjunction with the Council's Enforcement Policy. The Council will ensure that all licensees comply with the law and conditions attached to their licences.

40.1. Enforcement Options

Bracknell Forest Council aims to maintain a consistent approach when making all decisions in relation to Hackney Carriage and Private Hire licensing. In order to maintain a consistent approach, this policy is always considered, in addition to the Council's Enforcement Policy, and followed where appropriate. In reaching any decision Bracknell Forest Council will also have regard to the following:

- i. the seriousness of any offences;
- ii. the licensee's past history;
- iii. the consequences of non-compliance;
- iv. likely effectiveness of the various enforcement options;

v. danger to the public.

Once Bracknell Forest Council has considered all the evidence and relevant information, the following options will be considered:

- i. take no action;
- ii. impose penalty points on the licence (see Appendix Two);
- iii. suspend the licence;
- iv. revoke the licence;
- v. prosecute.

40.2. Appeals

If a licence application or renewal is refused or enforcement action is taken, the applicant or licensee will be informed in writing. That notification will detail the rights of appeal and the appropriate court in which an appeal should be brought.

Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing Convictions Policy (Adopted October 2019)

1. Introduction

1.1. The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance on the criteria taken into account by the Council when determining whether or not an applicant or an existing licensee is a fit and proper person to hold a hackney carriage and/or private hire vehicle driver's licence or a private hire vehicle operator's licence.

2. General Policy

2.1. Where an applicant has been convicted of a criminal offence, the Council cannot review the merits of the conviction [Nottingham City Council v. Mohammed Farooq (1998).]

3. Powers

- 3.1. The <u>Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (Exceptions) Order 1975</u> excludes applicants or holders of a private hire vehicle or hackney carriage driver's licence from the provisions of the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974. This means that the Council can take account of all convictions, whether spent or not. Therefore the Council will have regard to all relevant convictions. As detailed below, this will be particularly important where there is a long history of offending or a recent pattern of repeat offending.
- 3.2. In this policy the term "disqualification" refers to the period served, in order to take account of the fact that a court may reduce the period of disqualification from driving. An applicant must provide evidence in advance to prove that the court agreed a reduction in the period of disqualification.

4. Consideration of Disclosed Criminal History

- 4.1. Applicants can discuss what effect their offending history may have on any application by contacting the Licensing Team in confidence for advice.
- 4.2. Applicants for the grant or renewal of a driver licence will be required to obtain an enhanced disclosure from the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS). This must include a check of the adult and child barred lists. Drivers will then be required to sign up to the DBS update service. If a driver refuses to sign up to the update service, a drivers licence will only be granted for six months and a fresh application (together with fees etc) will have to be made.
- 4.3. Applicants for the grant of hackney carriage or private hire vehicle licence, where that person is not the holder of a current driver licence issued by the Council, must provide a basic DBS certificate to accompany every application and renewal of the vehicle licence.
- 4.4. Applicants for the grant of an operator licence, where that person is not the holder of a current driver licence issued by the Council, must provide a basic DBS certificate annually throughout the currency of the licence.

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- 4.5. The Council is also entitled to use other records and information that may be available to it in determining applications or an entitlement to continue holding a licence. This may include information held by the Council or other licensing authorities, and information disclosed by the police.
- 4.6. It is an offence for any person knowingly or recklessly to make a false declaration or to omit any material particularly when giving information required by the application for a licence. Where an applicant has made a false statement or a false declaration on their application for the grant or renewal of a licence, the application will normally be refused, and if the licence has been granted it will normally be revoked.
- 4.7. The sole purpose of hackney carriage and private hire licensing is to protect the public. That is the only consideration the Council can take into account when determining an application for a licence or whether to take action against an existing licence (suspend, revoke or refuse to renew).
- 4.8. Ideally, all those involved in the hackney carriage and private hire trades (hackney carriage and private hire drivers, hackney carriage and private hire vehicle owners and private hire operators) would be persons of the highest integrity. In many cases that is true, and the vast majority of those involved in these trades are decent, upstanding, honest and hard- working individuals. Unfortunately, as in any occupation or trade, there are those who fail to conform to those standards.
- 4.9. The purpose of this policy is to lay down guidelines as to what Bracknell Forest Council regards as unacceptable previous conduct on the part of an applicant or licensee. This will then assist the Council in determining whether a particular person is safe and suitable either to be granted a licence in the first place or to retain such a licence.
- 4.10. Drivers and operators cannot be granted a licence unless the authority is satisfied that they are a "fit and proper person" to hold that licence (see <u>Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976</u>¹ ss 51 and 59 in respect of drivers; s55 in respect of operators).
- 4.11. There are no statutory criteria for vehicle licences, therefore the authority has an absolute discretion over whether to grant either a hackney carriage or private hire proprietor's licence.
- 4.12. "Fit and proper" means that the individual (or in the case of a private hire operator's licence or vehicle proprietors licence, the limited company together with its directors and secretary, or all members of a partnership1) is "safe and suitable" to hold the licence.
- 4.13. In determining safety and suitability the Council is entitled to take into account all matters concerning that applicant or licensee. They are not simply concerned with that person's

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¹ Section 57(1) and 57(2)(c) of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 allows a local authority to consider the character of a company director or secretary, or any partner.

behaviour whilst working in the hackney carriage or private hire trade. This consideration is far wider than simply criminal convictions or other evidence of unacceptable behaviour, and the entire character of the individual will be considered. This can include, but is not limited to, the individual's attitude and temperament.

- 4.14. Convictions for attempt or conspiracy will be regarded as convictions for the substantive crime. A caution is regarded in exactly the same way as a conviction². Fixed penalties and community resolutions will also be considered in the same way as a conviction³.
- 4.15. It is important to recognise that matters which have not resulted in a criminal conviction (whether that is the result of an acquittal, a conviction being quashed, decision not to prosecute or an investigation which is continuing where the individual has been bailed) can and will be taken into account by the Council. In addition, complaints where there was no police involvement will also be considered. Within this document, any reference to "conviction" will also include matters that amount to criminal behaviour, but which have not resulted in a conviction.
- 4.16. In the case of any new applicant who has been charged with any offence and is awaiting trial, the determination will be deferred until the trial has been completed or the charges withdrawn. Where an existing licensee is charged, it will be for the Council to decide what action to take in the light of these guidelines.
- 4.17. In all cases, the Council will consider the conviction or behaviour in question and what weight should be attached to it, and each and every case will be determined on its own merits, and in the light of these guidelines.
- 4.18. Any offences committed, or unacceptable behaviour reported whilst driving a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle, concerning the use of a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle, or in connection with an operator of a private hire vehicle will be viewed as aggravating features, and the fact that any other offences were not connected with the hackney carriage and private hire trades will not be seen as mitigating factors.
- 4.19. As the Council will be looking at the entirety of the individual, in many cases safety and suitability will not be determined by a specified period of time having elapsed following a conviction or the completion of a sentence. Time periods are relevant and weighty considerations, but they are not the only determining factor.
- 4.20. In addition to the nature of the offence or other behaviour, the quantity of matters and the period over which they were committed will also be considered. Patterns of repeated unacceptable or criminal behaviour are likely to cause greater concern than isolated occurrences as such patterns can demonstrate a propensity for such behaviour or offending.
- 4.21. Most applicants or licensees will have no convictions and that is clearly the ideal situation. In relation to other people, it is accepted that human beings do make mistakes and lapse

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² This is because a caution can only be imposed following an admission of guilt, which is equivalent to a guilty plea on prosecution.

³ This is because payment of a fixed penalty indicates acceptance of guilt, and a community resolution can only be imposed following an admission of guilt.

in their conduct for a variety of reasons, and it is further accepted that many learn from experience and do not go on to commit further offences. Accordingly, in many cases an isolated conviction, especially if committed some time ago, may not prevent the grant or renewal of a licence.

- 4.22. It is also important to recognise that once a licence has been granted, there is a continuing requirement on the part of the licensee to maintain their safety and suitability. The Council has powers to take action against the holder of all types of licence (driver's, vehicle and operator's) and it must be understood that any convictions or other actions on the part of the licensee which would have prevented them being granted a licence on initial application will lead to that licence being revoked.
- 4.23. Any dishonesty by any applicant or other person on the applicant's behalf which is discovered to have occurred in any part of any application process (e.g. failure to declare convictions, false names or addresses, falsified references) will result in a licence being refused, or if already granted, revoked and may result in prosecution.
- 4.24. As the direct impact on the public varies depending upon the type of licence applied for or held, it is necessary to consider the impact of particular offences on those licences separately. However, there are some overriding considerations which will apply in all circumstances.
- 4.25. Generally, where a person has more than one conviction, this will raise serious questions about their safety and suitability. The Council is looking for safe and suitable individuals, and once a pattern or trend of repeated offending is apparent, a licence will not be granted or renewed.
- 4.26. Where an applicant/licensee is convicted of an offence which is not detailed in this policy, the Council will take that conviction into account and use this policy as an indication of the approach that should be taken.
- 4.27. This policy does not replace the duty of the Council to refuse to grant a licence where they are not satisfied that the applicant or licensee is a fit and proper person. Where a situation is not covered by this policy, the Council will consider the matter from first principles and determine the fitness and propriety of the individual.

5. Drivers

- 5.1. As the Council issues dual licences (permitting the licensee to drive either a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle, referred to as a taxi driver's licence) and the criteria for determining whether an individual should be granted or retain a hackney carriage driver's licence are identical to the criteria for a private hire driver's licence, the two are considered together.
- 5.2. A taxi driver has direct responsibility for the safety of their passengers, direct responsibility for the safety of other road users and significant control over passengers who are in the vehicle. As those passengers may be alone, and may also be vulnerable, any previous convictions or unacceptable behaviour will weigh heavily against a licence being granted or retained.

- 5.3. As stated above, where an applicant has more than one conviction showing a pattern or tendency irrespective of time since the convictions, serious consideration will need to be given as to whether they are a safe and suitable person.
- 5.4. In relation to single convictions, the following time periods should elapse following completion of the sentence (or the date of conviction if a fine was imposed, or completion of any disqualification from driving) before a licence will be granted.

6. Crimes Resulting in Death

6.1. Where an applicant or licensee has been convicted of a crime which resulted in the death of another person or was intended to cause the death or serious injury of another person they will not be licensed.

7. Exploitation

7.1. Where an applicant or licensee has been convicted of a crime involving, related to, or has any connection with abuse, exploitation, use or treatment of another individual irrespective of whether the victim or victims were adults or children, they will not be licensed. This includes slavery, child sexual exploitation, grooming, psychological, emotional or financial abuse, but this is not an exhaustive list.

8. Offences Involving Violence

8.1. Where an applicant has a conviction for an offence of violence, or connected with any offence of violence, a licence will not be granted until at least ten years have elapsed since the completion of any sentence imposed.

9. Possession of a Weapon

9.1. Where an applicant has a conviction for possession of a weapon or any other weapon related offence, a licence will not be granted until at least seven years have elapsed since the completion of any sentence imposed.

10. Sex and Indecency Offences

- 10.1. Where an applicant has a conviction for any offence involving or connected with illegal sexual activity or any form of indecency, a licence will not be granted.
- 10.2. In addition to the above, the Council will not grant a licence to any applicant who is currently on the Sex Offenders Register or on any 'barred' list.

11. Dishonesty

11.1. Where an applicant has a conviction for any offence of dishonesty, or any offence where dishonesty is an element of the offence, a licence will not be granted until at least seven years have elapsed since the completion of any sentence imposed.

12. Drugs

- 12.1. Where an applicant has any conviction for, or related to, the supply of drugs, or possession with intent to supply or connected with possession with intent to supply, a licence will not be granted until at least ten years have elapsed since the completion of any sentence imposed.
- 12.2. Where an applicant has a conviction for possession of drugs, or related to the possession of drugs, a licence will not be granted until at least five years have elapsed since the completion of any sentence imposed. In these circumstances, any applicant will also have to undergo drugs testing at the time of application and every subsequent renewal at their own expense to demonstrate that they are not using controlled drugs.

13. Discrimination

13.1. Where an applicant has a conviction involving or connected with discrimination in any form, a licence will not be granted until at least seven years have elapsed since the completion of any sentence imposed.

14. Motoring convictions

- 14.1. Hackney carriage and private hire drivers are professional drivers charged with the responsibility of carrying the public. Any motoring conviction demonstrates a lack of professionalism and will be considered seriously. It is accepted that offences can be committed unintentionally, and a single occurrence of a minor traffic offence would not prohibit the grant of a licence or may not result in action against an existing licence.
- 14.2. Subsequent convictions reinforce the fact that the licensee does not take their professional responsibilities seriously and is therefore not a safe and suitable person to be granted or retain a licence.

15. Drink driving/driving under the influence of drugs/using a hand-held telephone or hand held device whilst driving

- 15.1. Where an applicant has a conviction for drink driving or driving under the influence of drugs, a licence will not be granted until at least seven years have elapsed since the completion of any sentence or driving ban imposed. In these circumstances, any applicant will also have to undergo drugs testing at their own expense to demonstrate that they are not using controlled drugs.
- 15.2. Where an applicant has a conviction for using a held-hand mobile telephone or a hand-held device whilst driving, a licence will not be granted until at least five years have elapsed since the conviction or completion of any sentence or driving ban imposed, whichever is the later.

16. Other Motoring Offences

16.1. A minor traffic or vehicle related offence is one which does not involve loss of life, driving under the influence of drink or drugs, driving whilst using a mobile phone, and has not resulted in injury to any person or damage to any property (including vehicles). Where an applicant has seven or more points on their DVLA licence for minor traffic or similar

- offences, a licence will not be granted until at least five years have elapsed since the completion of any sentence imposed.
- 16.2. A major traffic or vehicle related offence is one which is not covered above and also any offence which resulted in injury to any person or damage to any property (including vehicles). It also includes driving without insurance or any offence connected with motor insurance. Where an applicant has a conviction for a major traffic offence or similar offence, a licence will not be granted until at least seven years have elapsed since the completion of any sentence imposed.

17. Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Offences

17.1. Where an applicant has a conviction for an offence concerned with or connected to hackney carriage or private hire activity (excluding vehicle use), a licence will not be granted until at least seven years have elapsed since the completion of any sentence imposed.

18. Vehicle Use Offences

18.1. Where an applicant has a conviction for any offence which involved the use of a vehicle (including hackney carriages and private hire vehicles), a licence will not be granted until at least seven years have elapsed since the completion of any sentence imposed.

19. Private Hire Operators

- 19.1. A private hire operator ("an operator") does not have direct responsibility for the safety of passengers, other road users or direct contact with passengers who are in the private hire vehicle (except where they are also licensed as a private hire driver). However, in performing their duties they obtain and hold considerable amounts of personal and private information about their passengers which must be treated in confidence and not revealed to others, or used by the operator or their staff for criminal or other unacceptable purposes.
- 19.2. As stated above, where an applicant has more than one conviction, serious consideration will need to be given as to whether they are a safe and suitable person.
- 19.3. Operators must ensure that any staff that are used within the business (whether employees or independent contractors) and are able to access any information as described above are subject to the same standards as the operator themselves. This can be effected by means of the individual staff member being required by the operator to obtain a basic DBS certificate. If an operator is found not to be applying the required standards and using staff that do not meet the Council's overall criteria, that will lead to the operator's licence being revoked.
- 19.4. As public trust and confidence in the overall safety and integrity of the private hire system is vital, the same standards will be applied to operators as those applied to drivers, which are outlined above.

20. Vehicle Proprietors

- 20.1. Vehicle proprietors (both hackney carriage and private hire) have two principal responsibilities. Firstly, they must ensure that the vehicle is maintained to an acceptable standard at all times. Secondly, they must ensure that the vehicle is not used for illegal or illicit purposes.
- 20.2. As stated above, where an applicant has more than one conviction, serious consideration will need to be given as to whether they are a safe and suitable person to be granted or retain a vehicle licence.
- 20.3. As public trust and confidence in the overall safety and integrity of the private hire system is vital, the same standards will be applied to proprietors as those applied to drivers, which are outlined above.

21. Licences Issued by Other Licensing Authorities

- 21.1. Applicants who hold a licence with another Council should not automatically assume that their application will be granted by this Council. Each case will be decided on its own merits.
- 21.2. Licensees who are licensed by multiple authorities are expected to inform all such authorities of the authorities that they are licensed by and to advise each authority of any changes in this respect; and should expect those authorities to share information regarding their conduct and to take it into account as appropriate.

22. Summary

- 22.1. To summarise, a criminal history in itself may not automatically result in refusal and a current conviction for a serious crime may not bar an applicant permanently from becoming licensed. However as public safety is the sole consideration, applicants with criminal convictions must recognise that the Council will give careful and serious consideration to any such application. In truly exceptional circumstances there may be occasions when an application can be allowed before the stated period free from conviction has elapsed.
- 22.2. It is the view of the Council that any person who has criminal convictions and therefore has to wait before an application is successful is more likely to value their licence and act accordingly.

Penalty Points Scheme

1. Penalty Points Scheme

- 1.1. Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Operators, Drivers and Vehicles are principally governed by the <u>Town Police Clauses Act 1847</u>, <u>Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976</u>, Council Byelaws (in respect of hackney carriages) and the Policy and Conditions set by the Council.
- 1.2. The primary objective of the Penalty Points Scheme is to improve the levels of compliance and help improve the standards, safety and protection of the travelling public.
- 1.3. The Penalty Points Scheme works in conjunction with other enforcement options. It provides a formalised stepped enforcement plan. The purpose of the scheme is to record misdemeanours and to act as a record of licensees behaviour and conduct so as to ascertain whether they remain a safe and suitable person to be a vehicle driver or operator and/or suitable to hold a vehicle licence. It does not prejudice the Council's ability to take other actions.
- 1.4. The Scheme will be used where operators, drivers or proprietors of vehicles fail to comply with any legislative requirement, commit a criminal offence (under legislation or byelaws) or breach those conditions of licence, and following complaints from the public.
- 1.5. Licensees involved will be asked to attend the offices for an interview. Once investigations are completed, letters will be sent out detailing the outcome and a permanent record will be kept on the person's file. The outcome of investigations may result in officers determining that:
 - (a) no further action be taken;
 - (b) penalty points be imposed;
 - (c) a formal warning be issued,
 - (d) the licensee be referred to the Licensing Committee/Officers and/or prosecution.
- 1.6. If a licensee wishes to challenge the imposition of penalty points, an appeal will be referred to the Licensing Committee or a Subcommittee (all references to the licensing committee include references to a subcommittee). At that hearing the Committee can remove the penalty points, uphold the penalty points, increase the penalty points (and this includes imposing more points than displayed on the tariff), suspend or revoke the licence, or recommend prosecution. Drivers must appeal any points issued by Officers to the Licensing Committee within 21 days of receipt of the written notification of the imposition of penalty points. Details of the appeal mechanism will be contained in the written notification.
- 1.7. Penalty points remain live or current for twelve months from the date the penalty points were imposed. If the decision was appealed to the Licensing Committee and the committee upheld an imposition of points, those points will remain live for twelve months from the date of the committee decision. The twelve month period is on a roll forward

- basis, so as to allow any older points to be considered as spent and therefore excluded from the running total recorded against any individual licensee.
- 1.8. Where a licensee accumulates more than twelve penalty points in any twelve month period, the matter will be referred to the Licensing Committee for the committee to decide whether the driver remains a fit and proper person. The Licensing Committee may then suspend or revoke a licence, or issue a warning to the licensee, depending upon the circumstances. Periods of suspension of a licence by a committee will be dependent on the nature of the breaches of the legislation/conditions/behaviour and the compliance history of the individual. Suspension periods will normally vary between seven and thirty one days.
- 1.9. The system will operate without prejudice to the Council's ability to take other action that it is entitled to take under legislation, byelaws and conditions.
- 1.10. If points are issued to a proprietor/driver for a matter which is also a criminal offence which the Council could prosecute for, e.g. not wearing a driver's badge, failure to maintain operator's records, those person(s) will not then be the subject of a prosecution by the Council.

2. List of Offences/Breach of Vehicle Licence Conditions/Byelaws

Condition Number	Offence	Code	Points
TBC once text finalised	Failure to supply interim MOT test when vehicle is over six/twelve years of age	V1	4
	Failure to have or maintain illuminated markings at entrances and exits	V2	2
	Failure to have/maintain grab handles	V3	2
	Failure to have a means of loading wheelchairs into the vehicle, available at all times.	V4	2
	Failure to supply a current mechanical tail lift safety certificate to the Licensing Authority	V5	4
	Failure to keep a wheelchair access vehicle available without modification at all times	V6	2
	Failure to provide an annual LPG safety compliance Certificate	V7	4
	Failure to maintain seat belts in a safe condition	V8	4
	Undertaking alterations to equipment, dimensions or other specification to a licensed vehicle without consent	V9	4
	Failure to display approved roof sign	V10	2
	Failure to maintain roof sign in working order	V11	2

Condition Number	Offence	Code	Points
Namoci	Failure to display roof sign on the front part of the roof, unless the vehicle type does not facilitate this, in which case it must be as near to the front as possible.	V12	2
	Failure to display front door signs.	V13	4
	Displaying incorrect signs i.e. wrong wording or magnetic	V14	4
	Displaying other sign on front door	V15	4
	Private hire vehicles advertising incorrectly	V16	4
	Display sign that does not comply	V17	4
	Display web site address large lettering than permitted	V18	4
	Failure to display three or more "no smoking" signs in the vehicle	V19	4
	Private hire displaying the word taxi	V20	4
	Incorrectly displaying licence plate	V21	4
	Failure to return plate on expiry of licence if requested to do so by Licensing Staff	V22	4
	Failure to report loss or damage of a vehicle plate, following discovery of loss or damage.	V23	2
	Failure to surrender vehicle licence and plate if proprietor does not wish to retain vehicle licence	V24	2
	Advertising on vehicle without written authorisation from the Licensing Authority	V25	4
	Failure to submit taximeter for testing when requested to do so by Licensing Authority	V26	2
	Tampering or allowing an unauthorised person to tamper with taximeter	V27	4
	Failure to display a statement of fares inside the HC	V28	2
	Wilfully or neglectfully causing letters or figures in the statement to be obscured	V29	2
	Failure to deposit copy of statement of fares which differ from the approved fares	V30	2
	Failure to notify Licensing of accidents or damage affecting the safety, performance or appearance of the vehicle	V31	2
	Failure to supply steering geometry and alignment reports following an accident if required	V32	2
	Failure to get authorisation for a temporary transfer	V33	2

Condition Number	Offence	Code	Points
Nulliber	vehicle or leaving the vehicle on for more than two		
	weeks		
	Failure to have insurance for the licensed vehicle	V34	12
	Failure to provide evidence of insurance prior to expiry	V35	6
	Failure to keep copy of insurance/cover note in the vehicle	V36	2
	Failure to notify Licensing Authority of change of insurer or particulars within two working days.	V37	2
	Failure to produce details to the Licensing Authority of drivers permitted to drive	V38	2
	Failure to notify change of drivers	V39	2
	Failure to notify Licensing Authority of change of address or other contact details	V40	2
	Failure to carry a suitably marked approved fire extinguisher within the vehicle	V41	2
	Failure to carry marked first aid equipment as specified in conditions	V42	2
	Failure to obtain written permission to use trailers on Licensed vehicles	V43	12
	Failure to present vehicle and trailer for inspection	V44	4
	Using a dual driver without the appropriate DVLA category code to tow a trailer	V45	6
	Failure to maintain radio equipment in safe condition which poses a risk of injury to passengers	V46	2
	Proprietor/Operator allowing a greater number of Persons to be conveyed than is specified on the licence	V47	2
	Failure to maintain a reasonable standard of behaviour	V48	2
	Failure to provide information requested by an authorised officer	V49	4
	Failure to provide assistance to an authorised officer	V50	4
	Failure to provide evidence of insurance or interim MOT/compliance test prior to expiry (1 st instance)	V51	6
	Failure to provide evidence of insurance or interim MOT/compliance test prior to expiry (2 nd instance)	V52	12
	Failure to show evidence of continuous MOT, interim MOT or insurance.	V53	12
	Using CCTV equipment not in accordance with the provisions of the conditions and the data protection act	V54	4

Condition Number	Offence	Code	Points
	Failure to have three CCTV signs	V55	2
	Failure to check CCTV weekly	V56	2
	Disconnecting CCTV system	V57	4
	Obstructing CCTV Camera	V58	2
	Providing alcoholic drinks not in accordance with the sale or supply of alcohol legislation	V59	12

3. Breaches of Dual Driver Licence Code of Conduct

Condition Number	Offence	Code	Points
TBC once text finalised	Driver not clean and respectable in their dress	D1	2
	Driver not complying with the Dual Drivers Dress Code	D2	2
	Driver not behaving in a civil and orderly manner	D3	3
	Driver allowing noise form radio or other similar equipment to be a source of nuisance or annoyance to any person inside or outside the vehicle	D4	2
	Driver smoking/vaping/similar whilst in the vehicle	D5	4
	PH drivers parking in a position or location which gives the appearance of being for hire, whilst not on a pre-booking	D6	3
	Driver of PH vehicle plying for hire	D7	4
	Driver calling out or influencing person to travel in their vehicle for gain without a prior appointment	D8	3
	Failure to have in possession drivers badge whilst driving a licensed vehicle	D9	2
	Not displaying second badge in the vehicle which is visible to passengers being conveyed in the vehicle	D10	2
	Failure to surrender drivers badge to the Licensing Authority upon expiry, revocation or suspension of their licence when requested by Licensing Staff	D11	2
	Failure to supply annual self-declaration and fee (1st Occasion)	D12	6
	Failure to supply annual self-declaration and fee (2nd occasion)	D13	12

Condition	Offence	Code	Points
Number			
	Failure to carry evidence of insurance cover, this can be a cover note, in the vehicle whilst on duty	D14	2
	Failure of driver to check vehicle proprietor has insurance on the vehicle	D15	2
	Driver carrying greater number of persons than the number specified on the licence	D16	12
	Carrying other persons in the vehicle without the consent of the hirer	D17	2
	Carrying a member of family/friend in a licensed vehicle when it is for hire/hired	D18	2
	Failing to carry or ensure safety of passenger luggage	D19	4
	Failing to offer reasonable assistance with luggage	D20	2
	Failing to take steps to ensure passenger safety	D21	6
	Failing to ensure passengers are dropped off safely, at the correct destination	D22	2
	Failing to search vehicle after journey	D23	2
	Failing to hand found property to the police	D24	2
	Failing to operate taxi meter correctly	D25	4
	Failing to use taximeter on pre-booked journey or fail to charge fee less than meter fee	D26	2
	Charging more than the metered fare	D27	4
	Tampering or allowing tampering of a taximeter	D28	4
	Cancelling the fare or concealing the fare on meter before the hirer has agreed the fare	D29	2
	Demanding more than the previously agreed fare	D30	4
	Demanding more than the fare shown on the taxi meter or scale of charges on the tariff sheet	D31	4
	Starting the fare before the hirer enters the vehicle unless specified in the tariff sheet	D32	4
	Failure to notify proprietor of complaints made by the passengers	D33	2
	Failure to notify passengers of their right to refer their complaint to the Licensing Authority	D34	2
	Failure to attend at appointed time or place without sufficient cause	D35	2
	Unnecessarily prolonging journey in distance or time	D36	4
	Failure to provide copy of dual drivers licence to operator	D37	2

Condition Number	Offence	Code	Points
Italiisoi	Failure to ensure insurance cover for driver to drive vehicle	D38	4
	Failure to ensure vehicle is licensed by Licensing Authority for the purpose used	D39	2
	Failure to notify Licensing Authority of change of address/telephone number within 7 days	D40	4
	Failure to notify Licensing Authority of motoring offences over 3 penalty points or criminal convictions during the period of licence	D41	12
	Failure to notify Licensing Authority of motoring convictions up to 3 penalty points during the period of licence	D42	6
	Failure to notify Licensing Authority of involvement in incidents which the Police are involved and may lead to a caution/conviction	D43	12
	Failure to notify Licensing Authority in writing within 7 days of serious injury or illness	D44	12
	Failure to notify the Licensing Authority of a DVLA notifiable condition	D45	12
	Failure to carry assistance dog without exemption	D46	4
	Making additional charge for carrying assistance dog	D47	4
	Failure to apply for or provide an exemption certificate on medical grounds for not being medically fit to carry an assistance dog	D48	4
	Not using mobile phone in accordance with The Road Vehicle (construction and use) (Amendment) (No.4) Regulation 2003	D49	2
	Failure to keep vehicle reasonably clean	D50	2
	Failure to notify Licensing Authority of vehicle damage within 72 hours or present vehicle if requested to do so	D51	4
	Failure to provide a written receipt for the fare paid if requested to do so by the passenger	D52	2
	Failure to co-operate with any authorised officer of the Licensing Authority, Constable or any other clearly identifiable person nominated by the Licensing Authority	D53	4
	Failure to keep a record of bookings in the Private Hire Vehicle. This can be computerised/electronic or written	D54	2
	Failure to comply the regulations governing the wearing of seat belts	D55	4



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4. Breaches of Operator Licence Conditions – Private Hire

Condition Number	Offence	Code	Points
TBC once text finalised	Operating more vehicles than stated on licence	O1	2
	Failure to obtain and maintain insurance on vehicle	O2	12
	Failure to produce evidence of insurance cover to the Licensing Authority	O3	6
	Fail to provide valid insurance on expiry for any premises where the public have access	04	6
	Failure to notify the Licensing Authority of change of insurer within 2 days	O5	2
	Failure to provide evidence of public liability insurance for premises	O6	2
	Failure to operate the business in a manner which does not cause nuisance to the public or to persons in nearby premises	07	2
	Failure to provide a prompt, efficient or reliable service	O8	2
	Failure to attend a booking at appointed time or place without sufficient cause	О9	2
	Knowingly allowing a greater number of persons in the licensed vehicle than is prescribed on the licence	O10	12
	Failure to have necessary documents and equipment	011	2
	Operating the business from a premises outside the District	O12	12
	Failure to keep booking or waiting areas which the public have access to, clean, adequately heated, ventilated and lit	O13	2
	Failure to provide seating facilities in waiting areas	O14	2
	Failure to have in place planning permission if required at operators address	O15	2
	Failure to comply with planning permission or licence conditions for number of vehicles permitted	O15	2
	Failure to supply written confirmation within seven days of changes to the particulars shown on the application form relating to the licence	O16	4
	Failure to notify Licensing Authority of change of address	017	2
	Failure to notify the Licensing Authority within seven days of any convictions imposed on them, during the period of the licence	O18	6
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Condition Number	Offence	Code	Points
Number	Failure to keep proper records for a period of not less than six months	O19	3
	Failure to keep proper records	O20	2
	Failure to keep entries correctly	O21	2
	Failure to notify details of security arrangements	O22	2
	Failure to keep records of private hire vehicles operated	O23	2
	Displaying the word Taxi or Cab on a private hire vehicle	O24	2
	Failure to keep records of all drivers employed or failure to produce details of the drivers	O25	2
	Failure to notify Licensing Authority within seven days of the particulars of any driver who is no longer employed by the operator	O26	2
	Failure to maintain telephone or radio equipment in sound condition or failure to repair defects promptly	O27	2
	Failure to have or produce evidence of a Licence issued by the Department of Trade and Industry licence for all radio equipment	O28	2
	Using unlicensed drivers to drive a Licensing Authority licensed vehicle	O29	12
	Failure to keep a written record of all complaints or failure to make available to the Licensing Authority	O30	2
	Late to provide evidence of insurance or interim MOT (1st Occasion)	O31	6
	Late to provide evidence of insurance or interim MOT (2nd Occasion)	O32	12
	Failure to carry out or provide the required DBS checks on dispatch staff	033	12
	Failure to record, maintain or provide details of checks on dispatch staff in a register	034	12
	Failure to make appropriate checks of any operator for which work is outsourced	035	12
	Failure to establish, maintain or provide a policy on employing ex-offenders to the licensing authority	036	12
	Failure to require notification of convictions as part of the contract of employment	037	12
	Failure to notify licensing authority of any conviction information relating to booking and dispatch staff in accordance with condition	038	12

5. Breaches of Council Byelaws Relating To Hackney Carriages

Condition Number	Offence	Code	Points
TBC once text finalised	Wilfully or negligently causing licence number to be concealed from public view while the carriage is standing or plying for hire	B1	2
	Causing or permitting the carriage to stand or ply for hire with an illegible plate	B2	2
	Failure to furnish the hackney carriage in accordance with requirements of the Byelaw	В3	2
	Failure to provide a taximeter in accordance with the requirements of the Byelaw	B4	2
	Failure to operate taximeter in accordance with requirements of the Byelaw.	B5	2
	Driver or proprietor tampering with meter or permitting any unauthorised person to tamper with meter	B6	4
	Failure to proceed to another rank when at the time of arrival rank is full	B7	2
	Failure to station or move the carriage immediately behind the carriage or carriages in front on the rank	B8	2
	A proprietor or driver using the services of a person to importune a person to hire the vehicle	В9	2
	Failure by driver to take reasonable precautions to ensure the safety of passengers	B10	4
	Driver or proprietor allowing more persons to be conveyed than the licence allows	B11	12
	Failure by driver to carry the badge provided by the Licensing Authority when plying for hire	B12	2
	Failure to provide when requested reasonable assistance with luggage	B13	2
	Failure to display statement of fares inside the carriage in a legible state	B14	2
	Failure to notify lost property to the Police within 48 hours of discovery	B15	2

Taxi Drivers' Code of Conduct

1. Scope

- 1.1. This Code of Conduct relates to you as a licensed taxi driver. It outlines the standards of behaviour which are expected of you whilst you hold a taxi driver's licence. Failure to comply with these requirements may lead to enforcement action being taken. This could be by way of penalty points attached to your taxi driver's licence, suspension, revocation or refusal to renew your licence.
- 1.2. You are a licensed taxi driver for the duration of the licence, and at all times you should ensure that your conduct and behaviour is that of a fit and proper person. You must ensure that you do not act in any way, at any time that might affect that. The Council will consider all your behaviour, and that is not limited to the times when you are driving a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle.
- 1.3. When you are driving a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle, that remains a Bracknell Forest Council licensed vehicle and you remain a Bracknell Forest Council licensed taxi driver wherever you may be located, and for whatever purpose you are using the vehicle (this includes social and domestic use). This Code of Conduct applies across the whole of the United Kingdom.

2. Your Taxi Drivers Licence And Badge

- 2.1. You have been issued with two copies of your drivers badge and a coloured armband. You must wear one driver's badge in the armband on your left upper arm at all times when you are driving or working with a private hire vehicle or hackney carriage and failure to do so is a criminal offence [under s54 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976] when using a private hire vehicle and byelaw No 13 when using a hackney carriage]. You must display the second copy of your badge in a position which is plainly and clearly visible to your passengers at all times whilst you are working as a taxi driver.
- 2.2. You must return your licence, badge and armband to the Licensing Team of the Council within 72 hours if:
 - (a) you change your home or business address;
 - (b) the licence expires, is suspended or revoked;
 - (c) you lose the right to work in the UK, or the right to remain in the UK;
 - (c) you wish to surrender your Taxi Driver Licence;
 - (d) you are required to do so by an "Authorised Officer of the Council".
- 2.3. In the event of the loss of your licence, badge or armband you must report the loss to the Licensing Team immediately.

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3. Deposit Of Taxi Driver Licence When Working For Others

3.1. You must give your taxi driver licence to the private hire operator when driving private hire vehicles, or proprietor of any hackney carriage which you will be using. They will keep your licence while you are driving for them.

4. Production Of Documents

- 4.1. If an Authorised Officer of the Council, an Authorised Officer of another Council with which Bracknell Forest Council has a reciprocal arrangement or a police officer asks you, you must produce:
 - (a) your DVLA driving licence;
 - (b) your Taxi Driver Licence;
 - (c) the vehicle registration document;
 - (d) a valid certificate of insurance;
 - (e) MOT certificate (if relevant).

within five days of the request being made at the location that they specify.

5. Medical Condition

- 5.1. You must notify the Council, in writing within 14 days of any change in your medical condition that may adversely affect your ability to drive private hire or hackney carriage vehicles.
- 5.2. You must ensure that when you are working you are sober and not under the influence of any illegal drugs. If you are taking any prescription medication, you must ensure that it does not impair your driving ability.
- 5.3. If, at any time you feel unwell you must discontinue work until such time as you feel better and able to return to work.

6. Declaration Of Conviction / Caution / Penalty

- 6.1. You must declare all convictions, cautions, fixed penalty notices, CBO's (Criminal Behaviour Orders), CPNs (Community Protection Notices), requirements to attend a speed awareness course, injunctions, restraining orders to Bracknell Forest Council on your initial application form.
- 6.2. If you are convicted of any offence, or accept a formal caution for an offence, or receive a fixed penalty notice for any offence or receive and accept an endorsable fixed penalty notice, or are made the subject of an CBO or CPN, are required to attend a speed awareness course, are made the subject on any injunction or restraining order, or you are arrested for any matter, you must give the Council details, in writing and within 72 hours of the event.

7. Driving

7.1. You must comply with all road traffic regulations at all times.

- 7.2. You must comply with all legislation and conditions relating to the <u>hackney carriage</u> or <u>private hire</u> vehicle that you are driving at all times.
- 7.3. You must not sound your vehicle horn
 - (a) unnecessarily, i.e. unless in an emergency or to let other road users or pedestrians know you are there
 - (b) when your vehicle is stationary on a road, at any time, other than at times of danger due to another moving vehicle on or near the road
 - (c) on any road in a built up area between 23h30 and 07h00.
- 7.4. Your vehicle horn must not be used to signal your arrival to collect any pre-booked passenger.
- 7.5. You must not drive any hackney carriage or private hire vehicle in a dangerous or inconsiderate manner and in addition to complying with all road traffic regulations you must ensure that your driving and behaviour on the road is of the highest standard.
- 7.6. When parking, or otherwise waiting for either a hiring (hackney carriage), a booking to be communicated to you (private hire and hackney carriage) or attending for a pre-booked hiring (private hire and hackney carriage) you must ensure that you do not obstruct other road users including pedestrians on pavements and in pedestrianised streets. You must also ensure that you do not block vehicle entrances or any emergency exits for buildings. You must also comply with parking and waiting restrictions (if any).
- 7.7. When stopping to set passengers down you must do so in a manner which minimises the risk to those passengers as they alight from the vehicle. You must warn passengers clearly of any unusual or unexpected dangers within the vicinity.
- 7.8. When driving a hackney carriage, you must not demand a fare greater than that shown on the meter for a journey within the Council's area. Where a journey ends outside the Council's area, you must not demand a fare greater than that shown on the meter unless an agreement was made between yourself and the hirer before the hiring commenced.
- 7.9. When driving a private hire vehicle you must not demand a fare greater than that shown on the meter (if that is how your operator calculates fares) or as agreed between the hirer and the operator.
- 7.10. You must stop the engine of the vehicle at all times when the vehicle is stationary otherwise than through the necessities of traffic.
- 7.11. It is a criminal offence to hold and use a mobile phone or other handheld device whilst driving. In addition this will be regarded as a serious breach of the Code of Conduct.

8. Data Protection

8.1. You must ensure that you have the correct safeguards for storing personal data that comply with the <u>Data Protection Act 2018</u> and the <u>General Data Protection Regulations</u> (GDPR). This will include details of hirers (pre-booked hackney carriages) and also any dash cam footage (the use of dash cams is considered in relation to vehicle licences).

9. Conduct And Behaviour

- 9.1. You must be honest and trustworthy at all times.
- 9.2. You must be polite and courteous to your passengers, other road users and the public generally.
- 9.3. You must not use abusive or foul language, spit or smoke in or near the vicinity of your vehicle.
- 9.4. You must not use aggressive language or behaviour, or engage in any violent conduct.
- 9.5. You must not carry any form of weapon on your person or in your vehicle at any time and under no circumstances must you ever take the law into your own hands.
- 9.6. If the hirer requests, you must provide a written receipt for the fare paid for the hiring, including the amount of VAT (if applicable) shown separately if so requested. That receipt must also contain details of the journey including the date, pick up point and destination, vehicle licence number, operators name and driver name or licence number. You must then sign the receipt.
- 9.7. You must not cause or allow noise emitted by any radio or sound equipment in the vehicle which you are driving to be a source of nuisance or annoyance to any person or persons, whether inside or outside the vehicle.
- 9.8. If a passenger objects, you must not play any radio or sound reproducing instrument or equipment in the vehicle.
- 9.9. You must treat everybody decently, equally and fairly.
- 9.10. You must at all times treat passengers, any potential passenger, members of the public, police officers and police community support officer, council officers and all other public servants (NHS staff, fire fighters, HMRC staff etc) with courtesy and respect.
- 9.11. You must not discriminate against any person because of their age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, race, religion or belief, sex or sexual orientation which are the protected characteristics under the Equality Act 2010.
- 9.12. You must not use abusive, racist, sexist, or any other offensive language or terms with passengers or other members of the public (remember that not everybody shares your sense of humour, or views).
- 9.13. You must protect passengers and yourself. Be wary about entering any premises, especially domestic premises unless you know the person as an established customer. Even then make sure that you take all steps to minimise any risk to yourself or your reputation.
- 9.14. You must not obtain the telephone numbers of, or engage in any form of social media contact with anybody under the age of 18.
- 9.15. You must not engage in any kind of sexual activity within or in the vicinity of your licensed vehicle.

- 9.16. You must behave in a civil and reasonable manner at all times and must comply with any reasonable requests made by the hirer.
- 9.17. You must always pick up your passengers on time unless unavoidably delayed. If the hiring has been arranged via a private hire operator or other third party, you must immediately contact that operator or third party to inform them of the delay and your estimated time of arrival.
- 9.18. You must always assist your passengers with their luggage. If they do not request this, you must ask whether they need help. This includes picking it up from the point of booking, removing it from your vehicle at the end of the journey and setting it down.
- You must maintain a logbook in which to record any incidents that you feel are of concern 9.19. (including but not limited to concerns about child abuse, abuse of any other person, people trafficking, drug carrying, violence or criminal behaviour) or which may result in a complaint being made about you. Such incidents must be recorded promptly with as much detail as possible (date, time, location, nature of the incident, names of the parties (if known) and identifying features). This logbook must be kept securely in the vehicle and the details must be transferred to a storage medium which is not contained within the vehicle (i.e. a copy of the pages stored on a computer) as soon as possible. When you are driving a private hire vehicle all such incidents must be reported to your operator as soon as possible. If you are driving a hackney carriage that has been booked via a booking agent, all such incidents must be reported to that agent as soon as possible. Where you suspect that the incident involves criminal behaviour you must report this to the police and Council immediately. If this is out of hours you can still email the Council on Licensing@Bracknell-Forest.gov.uk or leaving a message on the answerphone at 01635 519184.
- 9.20. You must maintain a logbook of any complaints that are made to you as a driver. All complaints must be recorded promptly with as much detail as possible (date, time, location, nature of the complaint, names of the parties (if known) and identifying features). This logbook must be kept securely in the vehicle and the details must be transferred to a storage medium which is not contained within the vehicle (i.e. a copy of the pages stored on a computer) as soon as possible. When you are driving a private hire vehicle all such complaints must be reported to your operator as soon as possible. If you are driving a hackney carriage that has been booked via a booking agent, all such complaints must be reported to that agent as soon as possible.

10. Personal Appearance And Dress Code

- 10.1. You must maintain good standards of personal hygiene at all times.
- 10.2. You must always be clean and respectable in your dress and present a professional image. To achieve this you must comply with the following dress code which will also ensure that public and driver safety is not compromised.

Acceptable standards of dress

- 10.3. Collared shirts, blouses, polo shirts, or sweat shirts must cover the shoulders and be capable of being worn tucked inside trousers, shorts or skirts.
- 10.4. Shirts or blouses may be worn with a tie or open necked.
- 10.5. All clothing must be clean, of smart appearance and in good condition.

Trousers, shorts and skirts

- 10.6. Trousers can be either full length or shorts.
- 10.7. Skirts must be no shorter than 5cm above the knee (when standing) and can be of any longer length, but must not impede the safe operation of the pedals.
- 10.8. Trousers, shorts or skirts must be tailored and made of one colour of material.

Footwear

10.9. Footwear for all drivers must fit around the heel of the foot. Wooden soled footwear is not permitted.

Unacceptable standards of dress

- 10.10. Anything not conforming to the above, including:
 - (a) Clothing not being kept in a clean and fresh condition or any items which have holes or rips.
 - (b) Words or graphics on any clothing that is of an offensive or suggestive nature.
 - (c) Sportswear e.g. football or rugby kits, track suits, beach wear, etc.
 - (d) Sandals with no heel straps, flip flops or any other form of footwear not secured around the heel.
 - (e) Not having either the top or bottom half of your body suitably clothed.
 - (f) No baseball caps or hoods worn up whilst in the vehicle.

11. Use Of The Vehicle

- 11.1. Private hire vehicles and hackney carriages are smoke free vehicles at all times under the Health Act 2006. It is a criminal offence to smoke in a private hire vehicle at any time (section 7) or to allow a person to smoke in a private hire vehicle (section 8) and you can be prosecuted for either or both offences. In addition this will be regarded as a serious breach of the Code of Conduct.
- 11.2. You must not eat in the vehicle at any time, or allow passengers to eat in the vehicle at any time.
- 11.3. Animals must not be carried in private hire vehicles or hackney carriages other than those belonging to or in the care of passengers. You may refuse to carry a hirer's animal at your discretion. However, you must not refuse to carry an assistance dog, unless you have a valid Exemption Certificate issued by the Council. Any animal must be kept under the hirer's control, and must be carried in the rear of the vehicle (except assistance dogs).

No animals can be carried in the luggage compartment of a vehicle unless the vehicle is an estate car or hatchback and the animal can be seen from outside the vehicle through a window.

- 11.4. You must not carry more passengers than the maximum number prescribed by the conditions attached to the hackney carriage, your private hire vehicle licence and displayed on the vehicle plate.
- 11.5. You must carry a reasonable amount of luggage and assist passengers in loading it and unloading it from the vehicle.
- 11.6. You must not carry any additional passengers not already accompanying the hirer in the vehicle without the hirer's permission.
- 11.7. You must not carry more than one person in the front seat unless the vehicle is furnished with manufacturer fitted seats for more than one passenger in the front of the vehicle and provided with seat belts for all front seat passengers. In this case no more than two passengers may be carried.
- 11.8. You must not carry any child below the age of ten years in the front of the vehicle.
- 11.9. Hackney carriages and private hire vehicles are not expected to carry a range of child seats. If you are carrying children under the age of 14 you must make any adult with responsibility for the child aware that the correct restraints may not be available and the carriage of the child in those circumstances is at the adult's own risk. Children under three years of age can travel unrestrained in a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle if the appropriate restraint is not available. Children over three years of age and below eleven years of age or shorter than 135cms (approx. 4ft 6in) can use adult seat belts if the appropriate restraint is not available. Children over eleven years of age or taller than 135cm (approx. 4ft 6in) must use adult seat belts.

12. Insurance

12.1. It is your responsibility to ensure that the correct policy of insurance is in force for any hackney carriage or private hire vehicle that you are driving.

13. Vehicle Checks

- 13.1. Before using a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle for the first time each day, you must undertake a "walk around check". This requires that you ensure that the vehicle is roadworthy and fit for use as a hackney carriage or private hire vehicle. The check must include the tyres (pressure and tread depth), checking the lights are functioning (so far as is possible with one person all lights except brake lights), checking all glass (lights and windows) is intact and ensuring there is no obvious damage to the vehicle. Any defects that are detected must be rectified before the vehicle is used to carry passengers.
- 13.2. Every time you commence driving the vehicle you must ensure that the rear identification plate, supplied by the Council, is securely fixed to the outermost rear of the vehicle, so that it can be clearly read by pedestrians and other road users. You must also ensure that any other identifying information (whether supplied by the Council or not) is correctly and securely attached to the vehicle.

- 13.3. If you have been issued a certificate of exemption from carrying assistance dogs or providing wheelchair assistance you must ensure that that notice is correctly placed on the nearside of the front windscreen.
- 13.4. You must not offer or accept any hire of the vehicle except where the hiring has been prebooked via your Private Hire Operator [does not apply to hackney carriages].

14. Lost Property

- 14.1. After every hiring, you must search the vehicle for any misplaced or lost property.
- 14.2. If any property is found or handed to you, you must, unless it is claimed, take it to a Police Station within 48 hours. Following agreement with the owner of any lost property (and you must take reasonable steps to ensure the person concerned is the rightful owner) you may agree to return the property personally to the owner, and charge the metered fare to an agreed meeting point, or £10.00, whichever shall be greater.

15. Taximeters In Private Hire Vehicles [Taximeter Use In Hackney Carriages Is Governed By The Byelaws]

- 15.1. You may use a meter in the private hire vehicle only if it is constructed, attached and maintained in compliance with the <u>Private Hire Vehicle Licence Conditions</u>.
- 15.2. Unless the fare is agreed in advance, you must switch the meter on at the point the hirer's journey commences and keep the meter working until the termination of the hiring.
- 15.3. You must not cancel or conceal the fare recorded until the hirer has had a reasonable opportunity of examining it and has paid the fare (unless a lesser fare has been agreed).
- 15.4. You must ensure that the fare charged does not exceed the fare displayed on the meter at the end of the journey.
- 15.5. You must ensure that when the vehicle is not hired the key is to be locked and the machinery kept inactive and the meter must show no fare at any time.
- 15.6. You must ensure that the meter is sufficiently illuminated when in use and is visible to passengers.
- 15.7. You must not (nor may you allow anyone else) to tamper with the meter or any seal on the meter without lawful excuse, or alter any meter with the intent to mislead.

16. Plying For Hire When Driving A Private Hire Vehicle [Does Not Apply When Driving A Hackney Carriage]

- 16.1. You must not pick up passengers who have not pre-booked with your operator.
- 16.2. You must not offer or accept an offer for the immediate hire of a vehicle while it is being used in a public place.

16.3. You must not park or wait on or near any hackney carriage rank, or drop passengers off on a hackney carriage rank.

17. Fares When A Hackney Carriage Is Used For Pre-Booked Work

17.1. A hackney carriage can be used for pre-booked work both within Bracknell Forest and elsewhere. When the journey is wholly within the zone/county, or commences or ends in Bracknell Forest the fare charged cannot be greater than that displayed on the meter or in accordance with the table of fares. Where a pre-booked journey commences and ends outside Bracknell Forest the table of fares and the meter do not control the maximum fare that can be charged. In these circumstances the fare to be charged must be negotiated between the hirer and the driver or booking agent.

18. Legal Requirements (Contained In National Legislation) When Driving A Hackney Carriage

Your taxi Driver Licence and Badge

18.1. When driving a hackney carriage you must wear one copy of your badge in the issued armband, on your left upper arm at all times whilst you are working as a hackney carriage driver. You commit a criminal offence if you do not do so, for which you might be prosecuted (Hackney Carriage Byelaw 13.)

Disability Discrimination

- 18.2. When driving a hackney carriage you must carry an assistance dog and allow it to remain with its owner unless you have a certificate of exemption issued by the Council. You must not make any additional charge for doing so. When you are carrying an assistance dog you must allow it to be carried wherever the owner requires i.e. you cannot insist on the dog being separated from the owner or the owner and dog sitting in a particular seat (Section 168 Equality Act 2010).
- 18.3. When you are driving a hackney carriage that has been designated as a wheelchair accessible vehicle in a list maintained by the Council under section 167 of the Equality Act 2010, you must comply with the duties and provide mobility assistance to any passenger in a wheelchair as detailed in section 165 of the Equality Act 2010.

18.4. The duties are:

- (a) to carry the passenger while in the wheelchair;
- (b) not to make any additional charge for doing so;
- (c) if the passenger chooses to sit in a passenger seat, to carry the wheelchair;
- (d) to take such steps as are necessary to ensure that the passenger is carried in safety and in reasonable comfort;
- (e) to give the passenger such mobility assistance as is reasonably required.

18.5. And mobility assistance is assistance:

- (a) to enable the passenger to get into or out of the vehicle;
- (b) if the passenger wishes to remain in the wheelchair, to enable the passenger to get into and out of the vehicle while in the wheelchair;

- (c) to load the passenger's luggage into or out of the vehicle;
- (d) if the passenger does not wish to remain in the wheelchair, to load the wheelchair into or out of the vehicle.
- 18.6. In vehicles equipped with a taxi meter, the meter must not be activated until the wheelchair using passenger has been properly loaded and secured for the journey, all loading ramps or other equipment have been properly stowed and the vehicle is ready to commence the journey. At the end of the journey the meter must be stopped before any unloading activity commences.

Conduct

- 18.7. You must not drive a hackney carriage at any time if you do not hold a taxi drivers licence, or if your licence has been suspended (section 47 Town Police Clauses Act 1847).
- 18.8. You must not lend your taxi drivers licence to anybody else (section 47 Town Police Clauses Act 1847)
- 18.9. When driving a hackney carriage you must accept a hiring from a hackney carriage stand (taxi rank) or when you are stationary on the highway for a journey within the Council's area unless you have a "reasonable excuse" to refuse (section 53 Town Police Clauses Act 1847)
- 18.10. When driving a hackney carriage if you agree to charge a fare lower than that shown on the meter for a journey in a hackney carriage then you cannot charge more than that agreed fare (section 54 Town Police Clauses Act 1847)
- 18.11. When driving a hackney carriage you must not charge more than the fare shown on the meter of a hackney carriage for a journey wholly within the Council's area, irrespective of how the journey was arranged (section 55 Town Police Clauses Act 1847)
- 18.12. When driving a hackney carriage if you have agreed to accept a fixed amount of money for a journey, you must ensure that the journey lasts until that amount is shown on the meter (section 56 Town Police Clauses Act 1847).
- 18.13. When driving a hackney carriage if you have been hired and are asked to wait, and either a deposit has been paid or the meter is running, you must wait until that hirer returns to your hackney carriage (section 57 Town Police Clauses Act 1847).
- 18.14. When driving a hackney carriage you must not charge more than the fare shown on the meter for a journey within the district (section 58 Town Police Clauses Act 1847).
- 18.15. When driving a hackney carriage you must not carry anyone apart from the hirer and their companions without the express consent of that hirer (section 59 Town Police Clauses Act 1847).
- 18.16. You must not drive any hackney carriage without the consent of the hackney carriage proprietor (if that is not yourself) (section 60 Town Police Clauses Act 1847)
- 18.17. You must not leave a hackney carriage unattended at a hackney carriage stand (section 62 Town Police Clauses Act 1847)

- 18.18. You must not prevent any other driver of a hackney carriage from taking a fare, or obstruct them in picking up or sitting down passengers (section 62 Town Police Clauses Act 1847)
- 18.19. When driving a hackney carriage you must produce your taxi driver's licence if requested to do so by an authorised officer of the Council (or another Council with whom a reciprocal arrangement exists) or any police constable (s53(3) Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976).
- 18.20. You must return your driver's licence to the Council within seven days if you lose the right to remain or work in the UK (s53A(9) Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976).
- 18.21. You must not make any false statement or withhold any information when applying to renew your taxi drivers licence (s57(3) Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976).
- 18.22. You must return your licence, drivers badge(s) and armband to the Council within 14 days of any suspension, revocation or refusal to renew your licence (s61(3) Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976).
- 18.23. When driving a hackney carriage you must not charge more than the fare shown on the meter of a hackney carriage for a journey that ends outside the Council's area unless a different fare was agreed in advance (s66 Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976).
- 18.24. When driving a hackney carriage you must not charge more than the metered fare for a pre-booked journey which is wholly within, or starts or finishes within the Council's area. (s66 Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976).
- 18.25. You must use the shortest available reasonable route for all journeys by hackney carriage, subject to any directions given by the hirer. (s69 Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976).
- 18.26. You must not tamper with any seal on a taximeter, or alter the taximeter with any intent to mislead (s71 Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 and Hackney Carriage Bylaw 6).
- 18.27. You must not obstruct, fail to comply with any requirement made by, or fail to give any information to, an authorised officer of the Council, an authorised officer of another Council with which there is a reciprocal enforcement arrangement, or a police constable (s73 Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976).
- 18.28. When driving a hackney carriage you must not conceal or obscure the number of the hackney carriage whilst standing or plying for hire (Hackney Carriage Bylaw 2).
- 18.29. When driving a hackney carriage you must not activate the taximeter when standing or plying for hire, but you must activate the meter before the journey commences but not until passengers are properly seated and secured. At the end of the journey you must stop the meter. This should be before passengers alight from the vehicle. (Hackney Carriage Bylaw 5).

- 18.30. When driving a hackney carriage and you are plying for hire you must proceed to a hackney carriage stand (rank) and if that rank is full, proceed to another stand. When you arrive at a stand that is not full you must position the vehicle behind the rearmost vehicle on the stand and move forward as space becomes available (Hackney Carriage Bylaw 7).
- 18.31. You must not use the services of any other person to importune (encourage forcefully) anyone to hire your hackney carriage (Hackney Carriage Bylaw 8).
- 18.32. When driving a hackney carriage you must behave in a civil and orderly manner and take all reasonable precautions to ensure the safety of persons entering, carried in or alighting from the Hackney carriage (Hackney Carriage Bylaw 9).
- 18.33. When driving a hackney carriage if you have been pre-booked you must attend at the appointed time and place (Hackney Carriage Bylaw 10).
- 18.34. When driving a hackney carriage you must not carry more passengers in the hackney carriage than the conditions attached to the vehicle licence permit (Hackney Carriage Bylaw 12).
- 18.35. When driving a hackney carriage you must carry a reasonable quantity of luggage for the hirer and assist them in loading and unloading, including taking it from or to any building (Hackney Carriage Bylaw 14).
- 18.36. When driving a hackney carriage you must search the vehicle for lost property after every hiring (Hackney Carriage Bylaw 18).
- 18.37. When driving a hackney carriage you must take any lost property which is not been claimed within 48 hours to any staffed police station within Bracknell Forest (Hackney Carriage Bylaw 19).

19. Legal Requirements (Contained In National Legislation) When Driving A Private Hire Vehicle

Your taxi Driver Licence and Badge

19.1. When driving a private hire vehicle you must wear one copy of your badge in the issued armband, on your left upper arm at all times whilst you are working as Private Hire Driver. You commit a criminal offence if you do not do so, for which you might be prosecuted (s54 Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976)

Disability Discrimination

19.2. When your operator has accepted a booking for a passenger with an assistance dog (whether or not the existence of the dog has been communicated to you), you must carry that assistance dog and allow it to remain with its owner unless you have a certificate of exemption issued by the Council. When you are carrying an assistance dog you must allow it to be carried wherever the owner requires i.e. you cannot insist on the dog being separated from the owner or the owner and dog sitting in a particular seat (Section 170 Equality Act 2010).

19.3. When you are driving a private hire vehicle that has been designated as a wheelchair accessible vehicle in a list maintained by the Council under section 167 of the Equality Act 2010, you must comply with the duties and provide mobility assistance to any passenger in a wheelchair as detailed in section 165 of the Equality Act 2010.

19.4. The duties are:

- (a) to carry the passenger while in the wheelchair;
- (b) not to make any additional charge for doing so;
- (c) if the passenger chooses to sit in a passenger seat, to carry the wheelchair;
- (d) to take such steps as are necessary to ensure that the passenger is carried in safety and reasonable comfort;
- (e) to give the passenger such mobility assistance as is reasonably required.

19.5. And mobility assistance is assistance:

- (a) to enable the passenger to get into or out of the vehicle;
- (b) if the passenger wishes to remain in the wheelchair, to enable the passenger to get into and out of the vehicle while in the wheelchair;
- (c) to load the passenger's luggage into or out of the vehicle;
- (d) if the passenger does not wish to remain in the wheelchair, to load the wheelchair into or out of the vehicle.
- 19.6. In vehicles equipped with a taxi meter, the meter must not be activated until the wheelchair using passenger has been properly loaded and secured for the journey, all loading ramps or other equipment have been properly stowed and the vehicle is ready to commence the journey. At the end of the journey the meter must be stopped before any unloading activity commences.
- 19.7. You must not drive a private hire vehicle at any time when your taxi drivers' licence has been suspended (s46(1)(b) Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976).
- 19.8. When driving a private hire vehicle you must produce your taxi drivers licence if requested to do so by an authorised officer of the Council (or another Council with whom a reciprocal arrangement exists) or any police constable (s53(3) Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976).
- 19.9. You must return your driver's licence to the Council within seven days if you lose the right to remain or work in the UK (s53A(9) Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976).
- 19.10. You must not make any false statement or withhold any information when applying to renew your taxi drivers licence (s57(3) Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976).
- 19.11. You must return your licence and drivers badge to the Council within 14 days of any suspension, revocation or refusal to renew your licence (s61(3) Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976).

- 19.12. When driving a private hire vehicle you must use the shortest available reasonable route for all journeys by private hire vehicle, subject to any directions given by the hirer. (s69 Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976).
- 19.13. You must not tamper with any seal on a taximeter also the taximeter with any intent to mislead (s71 Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976)
- 19.14. You must not obstruct, fail to comply with any requirement made by, or fail to give any information to, an authorised officer of the Council, an authorised officer of another Council with which there is a reciprocal enforcement arrangement, or a police constable (s73 Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976)
- 19.15. You must not drive any private hire vehicle with any roof sign which includes the words "taxi", "cab" or "hire", any similar words or anything which would indicate the vehicle is a hackney carriage (section 64 Transport Act 1980).

Hackney Carriage Vehicle Licence Conditions

In these conditions which are imposed under the provisions of section 47 of the <u>Local Government</u> (<u>Miscellaneous Provisions</u>) Act 1976, unless otherwise indicated;

"the Council" will mean Bracknell Forest Council.

"the Proprietor" means the person who has been granted the licence by Bracknell Forest Council under section 37 of the Town Police Clauses Act 1847

"the Vehicle" means the vehicle that is specified on the licence granted under section 37 of the Town Police Clauses Act 1847.

The following conditions will be attached to every hackney carriage (proprietors) vehicle licence unless specifically altered by the Council. Additional conditions that are reasonably necessary will be attached to vehicle licences on a case-by-case basis.

General

- 1. The licensee must notify the Council of the location where the vehicle is kept regularly when not in use (excluding occasional locations that may be used e.g. for servicing and holidays) and any authorised officer must be afforded such facilities as may be reasonably necessary to inspect and test the vehicle there.
- 2. If the vehicle is licensed by any other Council, the proprietor must immediately stop carrying out any work under their Bracknell Forest Council licence. They must return the licence issued by Bracknell Forest Council to the Licensing Team of Bracknell Forest Council within five working days.

Identification Plates and Cards

- 3. The identification plate, additional signage and all fare cards and licence cards remain the property of the Council at all times, and must be returned on surrender, suspension, revocation or expiry of the licence or if the vehicle is sold, or disposed of, out of the licensed trade. If a plate is lost or stolen it must be reported to the police. A crime or lost property number must be obtained, and the Council informed within 24 hours.
- 4. The plate must be securely fixed to the rear exterior of the vehicle using the Council's approved backing plate and permanent fixings. Velcro, adhesive, magnets and brackets are not acceptable. The security of the plate will be checked as part of the scheduled vehicle test and at any spot checks. The licence plate will be fixed with security toggles under the supervision of an authorised officer of the Council. The Council reserves the right to inspect the plate at any time.
- 5. All vehicles must display the roof sign correctly at all times. Such signs must be securely affixed by means of magnets unless they are an integral part of the vehicle.
- 6. All vehicles must display the additional signage correctly at all times.

7. All vehicles must display the licence cards, provided by the Council, in the front and rear windscreen at all times.

Maintenance of Vehicle

- 8. The vehicle, along with all its fittings and equipment must at all times be kept in an efficient, safe, tidy and clean condition and all relevant statutory requirements must be fully complied with. This includes (but is not limited to) the following:
 - (a) The interior and exterior of the vehicle must be maintained in a clean, safe and proper manner, to the reasonable satisfaction of the Council.
 - (b) Bodywork must be maintained to a good condition, paintwork must be sound, uniform across the vehicle, well maintained and free of corrosion, dents, scratches, chips and other signs of wear or deterioration, inferior re-spray work and 'cover up' temporary repairs.
 - (c) The roof sign must be kept clean, free from obstruction and the illumination must operate correctly when linked to the taximeter.
 - (d) The roof (including any sunroof or removable covering) must be watertight.
 - (e) Fittings, furniture and additional equipment fitted in the vehicle must be kept in an acceptably clean condition, well maintained and in every way fit for public service. Items such as taxi- meters, radios, Sat-Nav's, PDA's, mobile phone holders and other ancillary items must be securely mounted in the vehicle in such a position as to not hinder or obstruct the driver's operation of, or view out of, the vehicle, or impede the seating of any passenger.
 - (f) The seats must be properly cushioned, covered and free from cigarette burns, rips, splits, tears, stains or any other signs of excessive deterioration or wear.
 - (g) The floor must be covered with carpet, mat or other suitable material, properly secured and be free from cigarette burns, rips, splits, tears, stains, excessive deterioration and wear.
 - (h) The vehicle must be equipped with a suitable bulb-kit indelibly marked with the registration number or licence number of the vehicle to provide for the replacement of defective bulbs
 - (i) The doors, windows and seats must function in accordance with the original manufacturer's specification.
 - (j) The proprietor/driver employed to drive the vehicle must undertake a daily safety check of the vehicle. As a minimum this must be a visual check on all lights, oil, water, tyres, mirrors, seat belts and cleanliness. A written record must be made of each safety check, details of faults recorded, and remedial action taken. The record must be signed by the person undertaking the safety checks and kept in the vehicle for a minimum of 30 days and then for a further six months by the proprietor.

- (k) If required by a Police Officer or Authorised Officer the driver must produce, to that officer, the recorded daily checks kept in the vehicle and the proprietor, on request by that officer, must produce those recorded checks in his possession and/or those kept in the vehicle.
- 9. If a vehicle fails a hackney carriage test, an authorised officer of the Council at the test station will issue a suspension notice under section 68 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976. That will immediately suspend the vehicle licence, from which point it cannot be used as a hackney carriage. The proprietor/driver will be invited to surrender the vehicle plate. If the plate is not surrendered, a "licence suspended" sticker will be affixed to the plate which will mean that the proprietor must purchase a new plate when the suspension is lifted. That suspension notice will be lifted when the vehicle is presented for a retest and that test is passed. If the suspension notice is not lifted within a period of two calendar months from the date on which it was issued, the vehicle licence will be deemed to be revoked. In that circumstance, any acquired rights will be lost.
- 10. The proprietor of the vehicle must provide a copy of all Hackney Carriage Test certificates to the Council within seven days of receiving them.
- 11. If the vehicle has been involved in an accident then the proprietor must notify the Council within two days and at the discretion of the Council, the vehicle may have to undergo a further inspection at one of the Council's nominated testing stations.

Doors

- 12. All doors designed by the manufacturer to allow the access or egress of passengers must function correctly and be capable of being opened from the inside and the outside.
- 13. Tailgates and rear doors must only to be used for loading/unloading luggage or as an emergency exit, unless the vehicle has been designed, modified or adapted to carry wheelchair using passengers, and has the relevant M1 or M2 Type Approval Certificate, in which case the rear doors may be used for loading those passengers only.

Ventilation

14. The driver's window and all passenger windows must function correctly and be capable of being opened and closed by the driver or passengers.

Wheelchair Accessible Vehicles (WAV's)

- 15. The following conditions apply to all hackney carriage vehicles which are built or adapted for the carriage of wheelchair using passengers.
 - (a) All equipment and devices used for or involved in the loading, unloading and secure transportation of wheelchair using passengers must at all times function correctly and must be used in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
 - (b) Access to and egress from the wheelchair carrying position must not be obstructed in any manner, at any time, except by wheelchair loading apparatus.

- (c) All wheelchair internal anchorage points and equipment must be of the manufacturers design and construction and not altered or modified in any way. All such equipment must be secured in such a position as to not obstruct any emergency exit when the equipment is not in use.
- (d) The manufacturer's seat belt for the wheelchair using passenger must always be used when a wheelchair is being carried.
- (e) Access ramps or lifts must be securely fixed to the vehicle prior to use and must at all times display information prescribed by other legislation and manufacturers markings.
- (f) Ramps, steps and lifts must be securely stored in the vehicle before driving off.
- 16. The licensee must ensure that all drivers of wheelchair accessible vehicles have received sufficient training to be able to load/unload and convey wheelchair using passengers in safety and comfort.

Seatbelts

17. Seat belts must be used in accordance with the requirements of the legislation that is applicable at the relevant time.

Tyres

- 18. All tyres on the licensed vehicle and any trailer used on the licensed vehicle must be in good condition and conform with the minimum legal requirements subject to an additional requirement that there must be at least 2mm tread depth at all times.
- 19. Tyres must be correctly inflated to the vehicle / tyre manufacturer's recommended pressure.
- 20. The vehicle must be equipped at all times with, a spare wheel or other manufacturer's standard equipment for the vehicle to deal with a punctured or damaged wheel or tyre (such as a gel or foam repair kit).
- 21. All replacement tyres fitted to licensed vehicles must be new (i.e. not have been used previously on any other vehicle), meet the vehicle manufacturer's minimum specification for tyres and must have been fitted by a reputable vehicle maintenance company / contractor. Vehicle proprietors are required to retain invoices / receipts to show that any tyre that is purchased meets this requirement.
- 22. 'Space saving' spare wheels must only be used in an emergency, and then only in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Should the use of a 'space saving' spare wheel become necessary during a period of hire then the journey may continue, but the spare wheel must be replaced before another journey carrying passengers commences.

Alteration of Vehicle

- 23. No material alteration or change in the specification, design, condition or appearance of the vehicle can be made without the written approval of the Council at any time while this licence is in force.
- 24. No fixtures or fittings, except those approved in writing by the Council can be attached to the outside of the vehicle.
- 25. All glazing must at all times comply with The Road Vehicles (Construction and Use)
 Regulations 1986 regulation 32 with regards to the level of tint. The front windscreen must let at least 75% of light through and the front side windows must let at least 70% of light through. No darker tint is permitted for any glass. The application of aftermarket tinted film to any window is not permitted.

Seats and Passengers

- 26. In all licensed vehicles provided with a passenger side air bag, no child can be carried in a rear-facing carrier in the front passenger seat.
- 27. A notice must be displayed in the vehicle reminding passengers that it is a statutory requirement to wear the seat belts provided.
- 28. Any excess seating fixings which were removed or permanently capped before the vehicles licensed must not be replaced or exposed during the currency of the licence.

Advertising

29. Advertising on the outside of the vehicle is restricted to the name and telephone number of the Proprietor or operator of the vehicle. Sponsored advertising of other businesses or products or services is not permitted on the outside of the vehicle, unless written permission is obtained from the Council.

Luggage

- 30. Luggage and storage areas must be kept as free space for passenger's luggage.
- 31. Luggage must be suitably secured in place and must not obstruct any exit, or emergency exit.
- 32. Vehicles with open luggage space such as estate cars must be fitted with a suitable guard between the luggage space and the passenger compartment which must be in use whenever passengers are carried.
- 33. Vehicles with no clear demarcation between the passenger and luggage areas must be fitted with suitable restraining straps or other approved devices to secure the luggage and prevent it coming into contact with any passenger at any time (including in the case of an accident). These restraining straps or devices must be used whenever passenger's luggage is being carried.

Safety Equipment

- 34. **Fire Extinguisher** A fire extinguisher must be provided to meet BS EN 31996 1Kg and maintained at all times and be readily available for use. The fire extinguisher must be clearly and permanently marked with the vehicle registration and vehicle licence number. This must be securely fixed in the vehicle and must not be located in the passenger compartment, unless the vehicle is a purpose built taxi, which has a purpose-built fire extinguisher compartment already in the vehicle. Clear signage must be displayed to alert passengers to the location of the fire extinguisher.
- 35. **First Aid Kit** A first aid kit must be readily available at all times. The first aid kit must be stocked to the same level and quantity as originally supplied and be of a suitable and comprehensive type that meets the requirements of British Standard BS8599-2 (medium sized kit) and be permanently and legibly marked with the registration number or licence number of the vehicle.
- 36. **Radio Equipment -** The proprietor must ensure that any radio equipment fitted to the vehicle is at all times kept in a safe and sound condition and maintained in proper working order.

Taximeter

- 37. The proprietor must ensure the vehicle is fitted with a taximeter approved by the Council, and that meter must be kept in good repair and proper working order at all times. The taximeter must be set for the current tariff set by the Council or a continually lower rate, and must be sealed to prevent unauthorised adjustment of that meter.
- 38. All taxi meters must be so constructed, or programmed, that it is not possible for any person to manually alter the tariff rate, or otherwise alter or tamper with the meter, without breaking the affixed seals. Each meter must be set, calibrated, and sealed with a tamper-proof seal by a competent meter installer. The vehicle licensee must obtain and retain written certification of such calibration and sealing. This certification must be provided to an authorised office of the Council upon request.
- 39. The taxi-meter must be fitted with a mechanism which will start the taximeter and make the word "HIRED" to appear on the display, and a means of stopping the taximeter from recording time and distance so that for that period no fare is recorded.
- 40. When the taxi-meter is recording a fare, that must be displayed clearly, legibly and unambiguously on the meter display which must be sufficiently illuminated to enable it to be easily read in all conditions.
- 41. The word "FARE" must be printed alongside the display.
- 42. The taxi-meter must be located so that the entire display is plainly visible to any person travelling in the vehicle. The mechanism for activating the meter must be linked to the roof sign to ensure that when the meter is activated the roof sign light is switched off. It must not be possible to illuminate the roof sign by any other means.
- 43. If a fare has not been agreed between the driver (or booking agent) and the customer then the fare charged must be that which is shown on the meter.

- 44. The proprietor must ensure that a copy of the current fare table supplied by the Council is displayed inside the vehicle at all times and that table is not concealed from view or rendered illegible. If the meter is set to a lower rate, an additional fare table detailing the lower rate must also be displayed.
- 45. At all times, vehicles must be fitted with a roof sign that complies with the dimensions and specification detailed in the Hackney Carriage Policy, together with any other additional signage that is so specified.

Insurance

- 46. At all times during the currency of this licence the proprietor must maintain a policy of insurance complying with the requirements of Part VI of the <u>Road Traffic Act 1988</u> which covers hackney carriage use.
- 47. The proprietor must produce to the Council a new Certificate of Insurance or cover note within two working days of the expiry of every Certificate of Insurance or cover note prior to renewal date. These must be original documents, photocopies will not be accepted.

Vehicle Damage

- 48. The proprietor must, as soon as reasonably practicable, but in any case within 72 hours, notify the Council, in writing on the Council's prescribed form, details of any accident involving the vehicle or, of any damage to the vehicle however caused, which affects the safety, performance or appearance of the vehicle or the comfort or convenience of persons carried therein. The vehicle must not be used until the Council have inspected the vehicle.
- 49. A Council test may be necessary to demonstrate that the vehicle is roadworthy. The cost of such a test is to be paid by the proprietor. If the Council determine that the vehicle is unfit for use as a private hire vehicle, a suspension notice under section 68 Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 will be issued.

Roof Racks and Roof Boxes

- 50. Where a roof rack is used it must be properly secured to the roof in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements, must not carry a weight of luggage greater than that specified by the roof rack manufacturer and/or vehicle manufacturer, and all luggage must be covered with a waterproof cover.
- 51. Where a roof box is used, it must be properly secured to the roof in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements, must not carry a weight of luggage greater than that specified by the roof rack manufacturer and/or vehicle manufacturer, and must be properly closed and secured.
- 52. When either a roof rack or roof box is fitted, a second roof light must be fitted to the roof of the vehicle to enable the front and rear of the lights to be clearly seen ahead of and behind the roof rack or roof box. (This does not apply to purpose-built vehicles with an integral front facing roof sign). The second sign must be removed when the roof rack or roof box is removed.

Deposit of Licence

- 53. The proprietor must not allow the vehicle to be driven by any person who does not hold a current Dual Driver Licence issued by the Council.
- 54. If the proprietor permits or employs any person to drive the vehicle, that person must deposit their Dual Driver Licence with the proprietor who must, retain and safely store it until such time as the driver ceases to be permitted to drive the vehicle, at which point it must be returned to the driver.

Display of Conditions

55. The proprietor of this vehicle must have a copy of these conditions within the vehicle for inspection by those passengers at all times.

FAILURE TO ADHERE TO ANY OF THE CONDITIONS OF THIS LICENCE MAY RESULT IN ENFORCEMENT ACTION. ANY ENFORCEMENT ACTION TAKEN WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE COUNCIL'S ENFORCEMENT POLICIES.



Private Hire Vehicle Licence Conditions

In these conditions which are imposed under the provisions of section 48(2) of the <u>Local</u> Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976, unless otherwise indicated;

"the Council" will mean Bracknell Forest Council.

"the Proprietor" means a person who has been granted a licence by Bracknell Forest Council under section 48 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976.

"the Vehicle" means the vehicle that is specified on the licence granted under section 48 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976.

The following conditions will be attached to every private hire vehicle unless specifically altered by the Council. Additional conditions that are reasonably necessary will be attached to vehicle licences on a case-by-case basis.

General

- 1. The licensee must notify the Council of the location where the vehicle is kept regularly when not in use (excluding occasional locations that may be used e.g. for servicing and holidays) and any authorised officer must be afforded such facilities as may be reasonably necessary to inspect and test the vehicle there.
- 2. If the vehicle is licensed by any other Council, the Proprietor must, immediately stop carrying out any work under their Bracknell Forest Council licence. They must then, return the licence issued by Bracknell Forest Council to the licensing department of Bracknell Forest Council within five working days.

Identification Plates and Cards

- 3. The identification plate, additional signage and licence cards remain the property of the Council at all times and must be returned on surrender, suspension, revocation or expiry of the licence or if the vehicle is sold, or disposed of, out of the licensed trade. If a plate is lost or stolen it must be reported to the police. A crime or lost property number must be obtained, and the Council informed within 24 hours.
- 4. The plate must be securely fixed to the rear exterior of the vehicle using the Council's approved backing plate and permanent fixings. Velcro, adhesive, magnets and brackets are not acceptable. The security of the plate will be checked as part of the scheduled vehicle test and at any spot checks. The licence plate will be fixed with security toggles under the supervision of an authorised officer of the Council. The Council reserves the right to inspect the plate at any time.
- 5. All vehicles must display the licence cards, provided by the Council, in the front and rear windscreen at all times.
- 6. If the proprietor has a dispensation/exemption certificate in relation to contract work, the vehicle will still need to display the licence cards on the front and rear windscreens of

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vehicle. The licence plate must be carried in the boot of the vehicle at all times, and the dispensation certificate granted by the Council must be carried in the glove compartment.

Maintenance of Vehicle

- 7. The vehicle, along with all its fittings and equipment, must at all times be kept in an efficient, safe, tidy and clean condition and all relevant statutory requirements must be fully complied with. This includes (but is not limited to) the following:
 - (a) The interior and exterior of the vehicle must be maintained in a clean, safe and proper manner, to the reasonable satisfaction of the Council.
 - (b) Bodywork must be maintained to a good condition, paintwork must be sound, uniform across the vehicle, well maintained and free of corrosion, dents, scratches, chips and other signs of wear or deterioration, inferior re-spray work and 'cover up' temporary repairs.
 - (c) The roof (including any sunroof or removable covering) must be watertight.
 - (d) Fittings, furniture and additional equipment fitted in the vehicle must be kept in an acceptably clean condition, well maintained and in every way fit for public service. Items such as taxi- meters, radios, Sat-Nav's, PDA's, mobile phone holders and other ancillary items must be securely mounted in the vehicle in such a position as to not hinder or obstruct the driver's operation of, or view out of, the vehicle, or impede the seating of any passenger.
 - (e) The seats must be properly cushioned, covered and free from cigarette burns, rips, splits, tears, stains or any other signs of excessive deterioration or wear.
 - (f) The floor must be covered with carpet, mat or other suitable material, properly secured and be free from cigarette burns, rips, splits, tears, stains, excessive deterioration and wear.
 - (g) The vehicle must be equipped with a suitable bulb-kit indelibly marked with the registration number or licence number of the vehicle to provide for the replacement of defective bulbs.
 - (h) The doors, windows and seats must function in accordance with the original manufacturer's specification.
- 8. The proprietor/driver employed to drive the vehicle must undertake a daily safety check of the vehicle. As a minimum this must be a visual check on all lights, oil, water, tyres, mirrors, seat belts and cleanliness. A written record must be made of each safety check, details of faults recorded, and remedial action taken. The record must be signed by the person undertaking the safety checks and kept in the vehicle for a minimum of 30 days and then for a further six months by the proprietor.
- 9. If required by a Police Officer or Authorised Officer the driver must produce, to that officer, the recorded daily checks kept in the vehicle and the proprietor, on request by that officer, must produce those recorded checks in his possession and/or those kept in the vehicle.

- 10. If a vehicle fails a private hire vehicle test, an authorised officer of the Council at the test station will issue a suspension notice under section 68 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976. That will immediately suspend the vehicle licence, from which point it cannot be used as a private hire vehicle. The proprietor/driver will be invited to surrender the vehicle plate. If the plate is not surrendered, a "licence suspended" sticker will be affixed to the plate which will mean that the proprietor must purchase a new plate when the suspension is lifted. That suspension notice will be lifted when the vehicle is presented for a retest and that test is passed. If the suspension notice is not lifted within a period of two calendar months from the date on which it was issued, the vehicle licence will be deemed to be revoked.
- 11. The proprietor of the vehicle must provide a copy of all Private Hire Test certificates to the Council within seven days of receiving them.
- 12. If the vehicle has been involved in an accident then the proprietor must notify the Council within two days and at the discretion of the Council, the vehicle may have to undergo a further inspection at one of the Council's nominated testing stations.

Doors

- 13. All doors designed by the manufacturer to allow the access or egress of passengers must function correctly and be capable of being opened from the inside and the outside.
- 14. Tailgates and rear doors must only to be used for loading/unloading luggage or as an emergency exit, unless the vehicle has been designed, modified or adapted to carry wheelchair using passengers, and has the relevant M1 or M2 Type Approval Certificate, in which case the rear doors may be used for loading those passengers only.

Ventilation

15. The driver's window and all passenger windows must function correctly and be capable of being opened and closed by the driver or passengers.

Wheelchair Accessible Vehicles (WAV's)

- 16. The following conditions apply to all private hire vehicles which are built or adapted for the carriage of wheelchair using passengers:
 - (a) All equipment and devices used for or involved in the loading, unloading and secure transportation of wheelchair using passengers must at all times function correctly and must be used in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
 - (b) Access to and egress from the wheelchair carrying position must not be obstructed in any manner, at any time, except by wheelchair loading apparatus.
 - (c) All wheelchair internal anchorage points and equipment must be of the manufacturers design and construction and not altered or modified in any way. All such equipment must be secured in such a position as to not obstruct any emergency exit when the equipment is not in use.

- (d) The manufacturer's seat belt for the wheelchair using passenger must always be used when a wheelchair is being carried.
- (e) Access ramps or lifts must be securely fixed to the vehicle prior to use and must at all times display information prescribed by other legislation and manufacturers markings.
- (f) Ramps, steps and lifts must be securely stored in the vehicle before driving off.
- 17. The licensee must ensure that all drivers of wheelchair accessible vehicles have received sufficient training to be able to load/unload and convey wheelchair using passengers in safety and comfort.

Seatbelts

18. Seat belts must be used in accordance with the requirements of the legislation that is applicable at the relevant time.

Tyres

- 19. All tyres on the licensed vehicle and any trailer used on the licensed vehicle must be in good condition and conform with the minimum legal requirements subject to an additional requirement that there must be at least 2mm tread depth at all times.
- 20. Tyres must be correctly inflated to the vehicle / tyre manufacturer's recommended pressure.
- 21. The vehicle must be equipped at all times with, a spare wheel or other manufacturer's standard equipment for the vehicle to deal with a punctured or damaged wheel or tyre (such as a gel or foam repair kit).
- 22. All replacement tyres fitted to licensed vehicles must be new (i.e. not have been used previously on any other vehicle), meet the vehicle manufacturer's minimum specification for tyres and must have been fitted by a reputable vehicle maintenance company / contractor. Vehicle proprietors are required to retain invoices / receipts to show that any tyre that is purchased meets this requirement.
- 23. 'Space saving' spare wheels must only be used in an emergency, and then only in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Should the use of a 'space saving' spare wheel become necessary during a period of hire then the journey may continue, but the spare wheel must be replaced before another journey carrying passengers commences.

Alteration of Vehicle

- 24. No material alteration or change in the specification, design, condition or appearance of the vehicle can be made without the written approval of the Council at any time while the licence is in force.
- 25. No fixtures or fittings, except those approved in writing by the Council, can be attached to the outside of the vehicle.

26. All glazing must at all times comply with The Road Vehicles (Construction and Use)
Regulations 1986 regulation 32 with regards to the level of tint. The front windscreen must let at least 75% of light through and the front side windows must let at least 70% of light through. No darker tint is permitted for any glass. The application of aftermarket tinted film to any window is not permitted.

Seats and Passengers

- 27. In all licensed vehicles provided with a passenger side air bag, no child can be carried in a rear-facing carrier in the front passenger seat.
- 28. A notice must be displayed in the vehicle reminding passengers that it is a statutory requirement to wear the seat belts provided.
- 29. Any excess seating fixings which were removed or permanently capped before the vehicles licensed must not be replaced or exposed during the currency of the licence.
- 30. Any drinking vessels provided by the proprietor or driver of the vehicle must be made of either toughened glass or plastic.
- 31. If any passenger is under the age of 18 years no alcohol in open vessels can be carried in the vehicle.
- 32. The proprietor must ensure that there is sufficient means by which any person in the vehicle may communicate with the driver.

Advertising

- 33. The proprietor must not display or permit to be displayed on or from the vehicle any sign or notice which consists of or includes the word "Taxi" or "Cab" whether in the singular or plural or "Hire" or any word of similar meaning or appearance to any of those words whether alone or as part of another word.
- 34. Advertising on the outside of the vehicle is restricted to the name and telephone number of the proprietor or operator of the vehicle. Sponsored advertising of other businesses or products or services is not permitted on the outside of the vehicle, unless written permission is obtained from the Council.

Luggage

- 35. Luggage and storage areas must be kept as free space for passengers' luggage.
- 36. Luggage must be suitably secured in place and must not obstruct any exit, or emergency exit.
- 37. Vehicles with open luggage space, such as estate cars, must be fitted with a suitable guard between the luggage space and the passenger compartment which must be in use whenever passengers are carried.
- 38. Vehicles with no clear demarcation between the passenger and luggage areas must be fitted with suitable restraining straps or other approved devices to secure the luggage and prevent it coming into contact with any passenger at any time (including in the case of an

accident). These restraining straps or devices must be used whenever a passenger's luggage is being carried.

Safety Equipment

- 39. Fire Extinguisher A fire extinguisher must be provided to meet BS EN 31996 1Kg and maintained at all times and be readily available for use. The fire extinguisher must be clearly and permanently marked with the vehicle registration and vehicle licence number. This must be securely fixed in the vehicle and must not be located in the passenger compartment. Clear signage must be displayed to alert passengers to the location of the fire extinguisher.
- 40. **First Aid Kit** A first aid kit must be readily available at all times. The first aid kit must stocked to the same level and quantity as originally supplied and be must of a suitable and comprehensive type that meets the requirements of British Standard BS8599-2 (medium sized kit) and be permanently and legibly marked with the registration number or licence number of the vehicle.

Radio Equipment

41. The proprietor must ensure that any radio equipment fitted to the vehicle is at all times kept in a safe and sound condition, and maintained in proper working order.

Taximeter (if fitted)

- 42. If the private hire vehicle is fitted with a taximeter it must be of a type approved by the Council, and that meter must be kept in good repair and proper working order at all times.
- 43. All taxi meters must be so constructed, or programmed, that it is not possible for any person to manually alter the tariff rate, or otherwise alter or tamper with the meter, without breaking the affixed seals. Each meter must be set, calibrated, and sealed with a tamper-proof seal by a competent meter installer. The vehicle licensee must obtain and retain written certification of such calibration and sealing. This certification must be provided to an authorised office of the Council upon request.
- 44. The taxi-meter must be fitted with a mechanism which will start the taximeter and make the word "HIRED" to appear on the display, and a means of stopping the taximeter from recording time and distance so that for that period no fare is recorded.
- 45. When the taxi-meter is recording a fare, that must be displayed clearly, legibly and unambiguously on the meter display which must be sufficiently illuminated to enable it to be easily read in all conditions.
- 46. The word "FARE" must be printed alongside the display.
- 47. The taxi-meter must be located so that the entire display is plainly visible to any person travelling in the vehicle.
- 48. If a fare has not been agreed between the operator and the customer then the fare charged must be that which is shown on the meter.

49. The proprietor must ensure that a notice detailing the fares charged by the operator is displayed inside the vehicle at all times and that table is not concealed from view or rendered illegible. It must also contain a statement that the Council has no control over private hire fares.

Vehicle Insurance

- 50. At all times during the currency of the licence, the proprietor must maintain a Policy of Insurance complying with the requirements of Part VI of the Road Traffic Act 1988 which covers private hire use.
- 51. The Proprietor must produce to the Council a new Certificate of Insurance or cover note within two working days of the expiry of every Certificate of Insurance or cover note prior to renewal date. These must be original documents. Photocopies will not be accepted.

Vehicle Damage

- 52. The proprietor must, as soon as reasonably practicable, but in any case within 72 hours, notify the Council, in writing on the Council's prescribed form, details of any accident involving the vehicle or, of any damage to the vehicle however caused, which affects the safety, performance or appearance of the vehicle or the comfort or convenience of persons carried therein. The vehicle must not be used until the Council have inspected the vehicle.
- 53. A Council test may be necessary to demonstrate that the vehicle is roadworthy. The cost of such a test is to be paid by the proprietor. If the Council determined that the vehicle is unfit for use as a private hire vehicle, a suspension notice under section 68 will be issued.

Roof Racks and Roof Boxes

- 54. Where a roof rack is used it must be properly secured to the roof in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements, must not carry a weight of luggage greater than that specified by the roof rack manufacturer and/or vehicle manufacturer, and all luggage must be covered with a waterproof cover.
- 55. Where a roof box is used, it must be properly secured to the roof in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements, must not carry a weight of luggage greater than that specified by the roof rack manufacturer and/or vehicle manufacturer, and must be properly closed and secured.

Deposit of Licence

- 56. The proprietor must not allow the vehicle to be driven by any person who does not hold a current Private Hire/Dual Driver Licence issued by the Council.
- 57. If the proprietor permits or employs any person to drive the vehicle, they must inspect and make a copy of that person's Dual Driver Licence or Private Hire Licence and retain and safely store that copy, until such time as the driver ceases to be permitted to drive the vehicle, at which point it must be returned to the driver.

Display of Conditions

58. The proprietor must, have a copy of these conditions within the vehicle, for inspection by passengers, at all times.

FAILURE TO ADHERE TO ANY OF THE CONDITIONS OF THIS LICENCE MAY RESULT IN ENFORCEMENT ACTION. ANY ENFORCEMENT ACTION TAKEN WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE COUNCIL'S ENFORCEMENT POLICIES.



Private Hire Operator Conditions

In these conditions which are imposed under the provisions of section 55(3) of the <u>Local</u> Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976, unless otherwise indicated;

"the Council" will mean Bracknell Forest Council:

"the Operator" shall mean the holder of a licence issued by Bracknell Forest Council under section 55 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976.

General

1. The operator (unless a single person operator/driver/proprietor) must identify a person as the individual with day-to-day managerial responsibility (referred to in these conditions as "the manager"), and notify the Council of their identity and contact details, including a mobile telephone number. That person will be the first point of contact between the Council and the operator. The operator must identify another person as a deputy for holiday and sickness cover and the identity of the deputy, together with their contact details including a mobile telephone number must also be provided to the Council. All references to the manager include references to the deputy when they are acting in that capacity.

Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) Checks

- The operator (where the operator is a partnership or limited company, all partners or directors and secretary of the company) must submit a DBS basic disclosure (dated within one month of the application) on or before the anniversary of the granting of the operator's licence. Failure to do so will result in the licence being suspended until such time as the DBS certificate is provided.
- 3. The cost of these checks will be covered by the applicant/licensee.
 - (a). Where the operator holds a dual driver licence or private hire driver licence they are not required to submit a yearly basic disclosure, but the requirement will continue to apply to any partners or directors of a company who do not hold a drivers licence.
 - (b) The operator must view a basic DBS certificate (dated within one month of the check) of any staff that have access to booking records or dispatch vehicles.
 - (c) The operator must maintain a register of all such staff which shall include a record of when each DBS check has been undertaken. This register must be available for inspection by an authorised officer of the Licensing Authority upon request. The register should include the following:
 - i. the date that person's employment in that role commenced;
 - ii. the date the operator checked the DBS certificate;
 - iii. the name of the person that checked the DBS certificate;

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iv. the date the person ceased to perform that role

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- (d) The register must be retained for six months in line with the booking records.
- (e) Should an employee cease to be on the register and later re-enter the register a new basic DBS certificate (or use of the Update Service) should be viewed by the operator.
- 4. Where the applicant/operator employs or intends to employ persons involved in taking bookings or the dispatch of vehicles, the operator must produce and apply a policy on the employment of ex-offenders in those roles. This policy should be based on the Council's Previous Convictions Policy. The policy must be available for inspection on request of an authorised officer of the Licensing Authority. Failure to act in accordance with this requirement, and any subsequent engagement of a person who falls outside the Council's Previous Convictions Policy standards will lead to consideration by the Council as to whether the operator remains a fit and proper person.
- 5. The operator must require that all staff employed in taking bookings or dispatching vehicles to report to them within 48 hours of any conviction, binding over, caution, warning, reprimand, fixed penalty notice, civil injunction or arrest for any criminal matter whilst they are employed in this role.
- 6. The operator must make certain that any outsourced booking and dispatch functions have adequate safeguarding measures in place for the protection of children and vulnerable adults. The operator must have required evidence of this from the company before outsourcing these functions.

Vehicle and Driver Licences

7. The operator must inspect and retain all the private ire vehicle licences and dual driver licence or private hire licences of vehicles and drivers operated, engaged or otherwise utilised by the operator. Those licences must be stored securely and retained for as long as the vehicle or driver is operated by that operator. At the end of that they must be returned to the vehicle proprietor or driver as appropriate.

Records

- 8. The records required to be kept by the operator under Section 56(2) of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976 must be recorded in English and kept in a suitable book or in any other manner as approved by the Council.
- 9. The Operator must ensure that the following details of every private hire booking invited or accepted by them are recorded before the commencement of each journey:
 - (a) the name of the passenger or other identifying features e.g. hotel room number;
 - (b) the time of the request;
 - (c) the time the vehicle is required the pick-up point;
 - (d) the destination (if known at that time);
 - (e) the name of the driver;
 - (f) the driver's licence number;
 - (g) the vehicle registration number;
 - (h) the vehicle licence number;
 - (i) the name of any individual that responded to the booking request;

- (j) the name of any individual that dispatched the vehicle;
- (k) If the vehicle being used is covered by a dispensation, the details of, or a reference to, the contract under which the work is undertaken.
- 10. The operator must keep these records for a period of not less than six calendar months from the date of the entry.
- 11. The operator must also keep records of all vehicles operated by them. These details shall include:
 - (a) details of the proprietor(s)/licensee;
 - (b) registration number;
 - (c) any radio call sign used;
 - (d) maintenance history of the vehicle.
- 12. The operator must keep these records for a period of not less than six calendar months from the date the vehicle ceases to be operated by that operator.
- 13. The operator must keep up to date records of the names and addresses of all licensed drivers who are used by the operator. The operator must provide the Council with a list of the following at the end of each calendar month, to arrive within seven working days:
 - (a) the date any driver began working for, or being available to be operated by the operator;
 - (b) when any driver's activity detailed above ceased;
 - (c) any change of address of any driver in service;
 - (d) when they became aware that any driver was suffering from any illness, disability or condition which may have affected the driver's ability to safely carry out their duties
- 14. If at any time the operator does become aware of any reason which would or may prevent a driver from safely carrying out their duties (including but not limited to illness or disability) they must immediately cease using that driver until such time as the driver can demonstrate that they can drive a private hire vehicle without risk to the public.
- 15. The operator must keep these records for a period of not less than six calendar months from the date the driver ceases to be engaged or otherwise used to drive private hire vehicles by that operator.
- 16. All records and retained licences must be available for inspection at any reasonable time by an authorised officer of the Council or a police officer.

Standards of Service

- 17. The operator must provide a prompt, efficient and reliable service to members of the public at all reasonable times.
- 18. The operator must in particular (but this is not an exhaustive list):
 - (a) Ensure that all private hire vehicles that have been booked, attend at the appointed time and place unless delayed or prevented by reasonable cause.

- (b) Ensure the vehicle dispatched is a Bracknell Forest Council licensed private hire vehicle and the driver of the vehicle is a Bracknell Forest Council licensed private hire driver.
- (c) Keep any premises which are under the control of the operator and which are open to the public clean, adequately heated, ventilated and lit.
- (d) Ensure that the hirer is advised that if any passenger is under the age of 18 years, no alcohol in open vessels will be allowed in the vehicle.
- (e) Ensure that any telephone facilities and radio equipment provided are maintained in a sound condition and that any defects are repaired promptly.
- (f) Ensure that the correct licences are in place for any radio equipment.
- (g) Ensure that it is established at the time of booking how many passengers are to be carried and that the vehicle dispatched to fulfil the booking has an adequate number of passenger seats.

Ride Sharing/Car-pooling

- 19. At the time of booking, individual hirers must be made aware of and explicitly consent to bookings that are part of a ride sharing/carpooling journey.
- 20. As part of ride sharing/carpooling schemes, operators must offer the option to hirers to only share with other passengers of the same sex. If hirers select this option passengers of the opposite sex may not be added to the same booking.

Public Service Vehicles (PSVs)

21. Public service vehicles (PSVs) may not be used to undertake a private hire vehicle booking, unless with the informed consent of the hirer.

Complaints

- 22. The operator or manager must initiate an investigation into any complaint received from the public within 48 hours from receipt of the complaint.
- 23. The operator must maintain a register of complaints (digital or hard copy), which must include the following information:
 - (a) Complainant's name, address/email address;
 - (b) Details of the complaint;
 - (c) Time and date of the alleged incident;
 - (d) Time and date the complaint was received by the operator;
 - (e) How the complaint was received e.g. phone, email etc.;
 - (f) Name of person that received the complaint;
 - (g) Name of the alleged perpetrator;
 - (h) If the complaint was referred to the Licensing Authority time and date of when it was referred and by whom;

(i) Details of the action taken to resolve the complaint and by whom;

Date the complaint was resolve

- 24. A copy of the complaints register must be available for inspection upon request of an authorised officer of the Licensing Authority. The records must be retained for a period of six months.
- 25. The operator must on receipt of a complaint concerning a licensed driver, immediately notify the complainant of their right to direct their complaint to the Licensing Authority.
- 26. The operator must ensure that details of how a customer may contact the operator in the event of any complaint relating to a booking or other contract are displayed on the operator's website, booking app or in the absence of online booking platform, at the booking office.
- 27. Where a complaint is received by the Licensing Authority, the operator must comply with any reasonable request for information and/or follow any reasonable directions/instructions made by an authorised officer or police officer in respect of the complaint.
- 28. The operator must notify the Licensing Authority within 48 hours if the operator receives a complaint about a driver operated by them when it has been identified that the complaint relates to any of the following:
 - (a) allegations of sexual misconduct (including the use of sexualised language);
 - (b) racist behaviour;
 - (c) violence (including verbal aggression);
 - (d) dishonesty including theft;
 - (e) equality breaches;
 - (f) any other serious misconduct (including motoring related for example dangerous driving or drink driving).

Change of Address

29. The operator must notify the Council in writing of any change of their address (including any address or addresses from which they operates or otherwise conduct their business (as an operator) within seven days of such change taking place.

Convictions

30. The operator must notify the Council in writing of any conviction, caution, fixed penalty notice, injunction, restraining order or other matter which might affect their continuing fitness and propriety imposed on them, or any criminal charge against them within seven days. The same requirement applies to any partners in the case of a partnership holding an operator's licence and to any directors and secretary of any limited company in the case of a limited company holding an operator's licence.

Advertising

31. The operator must not display or permit to be displayed on or from their premises or from any other place, any sign or notice which consists of or includes the word "Taxi" or "CAB"

whether in the singular or plural or any word of a similar meaning except where the operator also takes bookings for hackney carriages.

Insurance

- 32. Any premises that are under the control of the operator and are open to the public must be covered by Public Liability Insurance.
- 33. This insurance policy (or a summary) must be clearly displayed at the premises where it can be seen by the public.
- 34. Operators must ensure that at all times there is in force, for all private hire vehicles operated, a policy of insurance covering private hire use or such security as complies with the requirements of Part VI of the Road Traffic Act 1988.
- Operators must ensure that where a vehicle is covered under a fleet insurance policy, drivers are aware of the content of the policy, including its limitations and exclusions. The operator must keep a record, signed by the driver, within each individual's record file when this has been completed. A copy of any individual's records must be produced, on request, to any authorised officer of the Licensing Authority.

Personal Data

36. The loss of personal data by theft or otherwise (including any hacking of the operators' computer systems) must be reported to the Council in writing within 24 hours, and also immediately to the police in the event of theft being suspected. The operator must also check whether any data loss needs to be reported to the Information Commissioner's Office, for more information see: Report a breach | ICO

Working Hours

37. The operator must take steps to ensure that drivers do not work excessively long hours. Drivers should not be permitted to drive for more than ten hours per day and must have a break lasting at least 30 minutes after driving for five and a half hours. The driver must also have a break at the end of this period, unless it is the end of the working day.

Display of Conditions

38. The operator must display a copy of these conditions in any premises which are under their control and open to the public. A copy of the conditions attached to vehicle and driver licences must be available for inspection on request by a member of the public.

Subcontracting

- 39. If the operator subcontracts any booking to another operator licensed in England (including Greater London), Wales or Scotland, the operator who initially accepted the booking remains liable under the contract.
- 40. If any booking is subcontracted to another operator, then the operator who initially accepted the booking must inform the hirer of the subcontract before the hiring commences.

Informative

The operator must understand that a booking that has been accepted by whatever means, is a contract and failure to uphold that (whether by non-attendance by the vehicle, late attendance or any other shortfall in performance) may lead to a claim for breach of contract. The accurate recording of booking details is a means of protecting the operator if such circumstances arise.

FAILURE TO ADHERE TO ANY OF THE CONDITIONS OF THIS LICENCE MAY RESULT IN ENFORCEMENT ACTION. ANY ENFORCEMENT ACTION TAKEN WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE COUNCIL'S ENFORCEMENT POLICIES.



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Document Control

Document Ref:	V2	Date Created:	
Version:	JTHB comments	Date Modified:	23.06.22
Revision due			
Author:		Sign & Date:	
Owning Service	Public Protection Service		

Change History

Version	Date	Description	Change ID

TO: LICENSING AND SAFETY COMMITTEE DATE 20 October 2022

FEES AND CHARGES 2023/2024

Public Protection Manager

1 PURPOSE OF REPORT

- 1.1 This report sets out the Public Protection Partnership's Fees and Charges which have been proposed by the Joint Public Protection Committee at its meeting on the 05 October 2022.
- 1.2 Each partner Council is required to review the fees and charges on an annual basis. **Appendix A** details the fees and charges for 2023/24 proposed for the Public Protection Service.
- 1.3 To consider the proposals for the statutory consultation associated with the fees and charges for private hire operator, and hackney carriage and private hire vehicle licence fees.

2 RECOMMENDATION

The Licensing and Safety Committee:

- 2.1 **AGREES** that save for the private hire operator, and hackney carriage and private hire vehicle licence fees, that the Committee **RECOMMENDS** to the Executive and Council the 2023/24 fees and charges detailed in Appendix A, for public consultation.
- 2.2 **AGREES** that the charges for operators and hackney carriage and private hire vehicle licence fees are subjected to a twenty eight day statutory consultation period from 09 November 2022 to 07 December 2022.
- 2.3 **AGREES** that a public notice pertaining to the hackney carriage and private hire vehicles and private hire operator's fees is placed in the Bracknell News.
- 2.4 **AGREES** that a consultation letter is posted to all hackney carriage and private hire vehicle owners and private hire operators in the Borough and that a copy of the consultation is posted on the Public Protection Partnership website and at Time Square.
- 2.5 **AGREES** that if no objections are received, the charges for operators and vehicle licence fees are included in the February 2023 Executive and Council papers for approval; or if objections are received they be considered by the Licensing and Safety Committee at the meeting on 02 February 2023 and any changes be recommended to full Council for approval.

3 REASONS FOR RECOMMENDATIONS

3.1. Discretionary fees and charges relating to licences and registrations are based on cost recovery, and should they not reflect the cost of providing the service, there is a risk of generating a surplus or deficit.

4 ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS CONSIDERED

4.1 None

5 SUPPORTING INFORMATION

- 5.1 The Joint Public Protection Committee (JPPC) is required by the Inter-Authority Agreement (IAA) that set up the Public Protection Partnership (PPP) shared service to recommend a draft set of fees and charges to each of the member Councils.
- 5.2 It is noted that a significant number of fees within the licensing field are set by Government Regulation and cannot therefore be changed by the Council. These are identified in gold on the fee schedule at Appendix A.
- 5.3 At the meeting of the JPPC in December 2017 (when it considered the 2018/19 fees and charges) a number of matters were decided. It was agreed that as a matter of principle that all fees and charges should be set on the basis of full cost recovery. In 2018/19 a generic hourly rate for the service was set at £55 p/h as the basis of cost recovery. This was increased in 2019/20 to £57 per hour and was held at this level for 2020/21. For 2021/22 the full cost of the service, including internal support service recharges (as per Council budget build processes) and the current establishment lists were updated which resulted in a new rate of £59 p/h and these rates were retained for 2022/23.
- In light of the current inflation rate it is proposed to increase the hourly rate to £64p/h for 2023/24 (increase of 8.47%), the first time the hourly rate has been increased in three years. In calculating this rate a range of factors have been considered including the wide variety of council overheads each of the partners must contribute to, the levels of staffing, their costs, contracts and the necessary training to maintain a competent workforce.
- 5.5 It is worth noting that due to the impact of Covid on the licensed trade and the alignment of street trading fees the Service has seen a significant fall off in fee income. At the time of writing the Service is expecting licensing income overall to be some 15% lower in real terms than 2019/20.
- 5.6 The implementation of the new single IT system for premises and licences was unfortunately delayed. It is now anticipated that the system will be in operation in autumn of 2022 and will improve efficiency in the licensing administration process by allowing on-line applications and automated reminders at key times. It will also allow for on-line payments at the time of application which will significantly reduce the amount of invoicing.
- 5.7 All discretionary fees are calculated based on the length of time taken to process the activity multiplied by the hourly rate. Once the new system is embedded officers will review the length of time taken to process applications and the fees will be adjusted accordingly for the next financial year (2024/25).

- 5.8 The Council is required to undertake a statutory consultation in respect of the hackney carriage and private hire vehicles and private hire operator's fees and the proposed mechanism and timescales are set out in recommendations 2.2 to 2.6 for Members to consider and approve.
- 5.9 The proposed fees were discussed at the Joint Public Protection Committee meeting on the 05 October 2022. Members raised a number of queries about specific fees:

Knowledge Test

- 5.10 Drivers are required to pass a knowledge test prior to a licence being issued. This is done through a multiple choice questionnaire and an additional verbal test for dual drivers. The proposal in the new policy is that this test has to be passed again every six years. This proposal will bring with it its own challenges for example if they fail, would their licence be revoked/suspended. Members noted that this test comprised two elements: the first part related to the laws relating to the licence that they have applied for and the conditions attached to that licence and the second part tested their geographical knowledge of locations in the area. The cost of a knowledge test is proposed to increase from £74 to £80.
- 5.11 Members queried if the second part of the test (i.e. the geographical knowledge) was still needed given the prevalence of satellite navigation systems available to drivers. They asked that consideration be given to removing this element of the test, thereby reducing the time needed for the test which would in turn mean that the cost could be reduced.
- 5.12 Officer Response: The fee for the first knowledge test is included in the application fee and therefore the knowledge test fee is only payable if they have to retake the test. On re-take the full fee is payable even if they only have to re-take one element of the test. At the moment no refresher tests is required but the proposal is that it would be required every six years. Going forward it would be possible to remove the geographical element should Members be minded to agree this. It is proposed to bring forward options on the knowledge test and associated fees ahead of the next fee setting cycle.

Disclosure and Barring Service Check (DBS)

- 5.13 It is the policy of the Council that every application for a licence to drive a hackney carriage and/or private hire vehicle must be accompanied by satisfactory evidence of a number of matters which includes an enhanced criminal record check (DBS) and evidence that they are not on a child and/or vulnerable adult barring list. The cost of a DBS check is proposed to increase from £79 to £81.
- 5.14 While it is possible to apply for a basic DBS check online (https://www.gov.uk/request-copy-criminal-record) at a cost of £18 the enhanced DBS checks have to be undertaken through the Council. The setting of this fee is based on a cost recovery model. The proposed cost of the DBS comprises the fee charged by West Berkshire Council (£49) plus a half hour charge for the PPP to administer the check (£32). It should be noted that drivers can also sign up to the DBS Update Service where they can register at a cost of £13 per annum (https://www.gov.uk/dbs-update-service). The service will continue to advise drivers to sign up for the update service to save money.

- 5.15 Members noted the Gov.UK website states that as of the 06 April 2022 an enhanced with Barred Lists DBS check would cost £38 and they therefore asked that the proposed fee be revisited.
- 5.16 Officers have confirmed that they are charged £49 by HR for the fees which includes their processing costs. It has been agreed that the administration cost (£11) charged by HR will be absorbed into the half hour charged by the Service and that the fee would therefore be revised to £70. This is lower than the 2022/23 fee of £79.

Change of Address

- 5.17 The proposal is to increase the fee for changing an address from £10.50 (2-22/23 fee) to £16.00. This is based on the calculation that it takes around 15 minutes to process this work. The fee for 2021/22 was set at £14.
- 5.18 The process involves receiving an email/letter with details which needs to be scanned, the contact details are then amended on the system and the change scanned and then the amended licence needs to be sent back to the licence holder. This process takes approximately 15 minutes to complete. While the introduction of the new system may expedite some of this process we will not be able to quantify any time savings until the system is in place and fully operational. There will still be some element of input required from officers as the amended licence will still need to be produced and sent to the driver. It is however acknowledged that this fee could be quite significant for someone who has a driver badge, operator licence and a few vehicles.

Street Trading Consents (Ice Cream Vans)

- 5.19 The Joint Committee noted that the majority of fees and charges were aligned across the two authorities. They welcomed the fact that the range of licences for street trading consents agreed the previous year had been retained. They noted however that in Bracknell Forest ice cream van traders were able to apply for a six month fee at a discounted rate of £717 (proposed to increase to £781) where their counterparts in West Berkshire applying for a six month street trading consent had to pay the full fee of £803 (proposed to increase to £875). Officers explained that this was historical. Members commented that they would like to review this disparity.
- 5.20 Officers are not aware of any reasons why these fees should not be aligned should Members be minded to propose this option.

Proposal

5.21 Members are asked to comment on the proposed fees and the statutory consultation process.

6 ADVICE RECEIVED FROM STATUTORY AND OTHER OFFICERS

Borough Solicitor

6.1 The legal implications are identified within the report.

Fees for drivers licences

s.53 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976: "...a district council may demand and recover for the grant to any person of a licence to drive a hackney carriage, or a private hire vehicle, as the case may be, such a fee as they consider

reasonable with a view to recovering the costs of issue and administration and may remit the whole or part of the fee in respect of a private hire vehicle in any case in which they think it appropriate to do so."

Section 53 above therefore limits the cost of a driver's licence to the council's administration costs associated with the "...the grant to any person of a licence to drive a hackney carriage, or a private hire vehicle...".

Fees for vehicle and operators' licences

s.70 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1976: "...a district council may charge such fees for the grant of vehicle and operators' licences as may be resolved by them from time to time and as may be sufficient in the aggregate to cover in whole or in part:

- (a) the reasonable cost of the carrying out by or on behalf of the district council of inspections of hackney carriages and private hire vehicles for the purpose of determining whether any such licence should be granted or renewed;
- (b) the reasonable cost of providing hackney carriage stands; and
- (c) any reasonable administrative or other costs in connection with the foregoing and with the control and supervision of hackney carriages and private hire vehicles."

The licensing costs recoverable by a district authority in respect of vehicles and operators is limited to vehicle inspection costs for the specific purpose of determining their suitability to be licensed, reasonable cost of providing hackney carriage stands, reasonable administration costs for processing the licence application and finally reasonable costs associated with "...control and supervision of hackney carriages and private hire vehicles."

Borough Treasurer

6.2 The financial implications are contained within the report. (Laura Cooper - Finance Business Partner)

Equalities Impact Assessment

6.3 There are no implications arising from the recommendation in this report.

Strategic Risk Management Issues

6.4 There are no implications arising from the recommendation in this report. The fees are however potentially subject to legal challenge. It is therefore important the fees and methodology are subject to ongoing review

Background Papers

The report of the Joint Public Protection Committee can be found here: https://decisionmaking.westberks.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=449&Mld=7177&Ver=4

Appendices

Appendix A - Proposed Fees and Charges for 2023/24

Contact for further information

Sean Murphy 01635 519 840 sean.murphy@westberks.gov.uk

PUBLIC PROTECTION PARTNERSHIP FEES AND CHARGES 2023/2024

The Public Protection Partnership (PPP) provides chargeable services on behalf of two authorities, Bracknell Forest Council and West Berkshire Council.

Fees effective from 1 April 2023

Please Note:

- All Statutory Fees and those linked to national schemes are based on fees published on 08 September 2022 and may be subject to change by Central Government or the management of the schemes.
- The Hourly rate is **£64 ph** for 2023/24, if there is a minimum number of hours or it is capped it is indicated in the text below.
- Class A Statutory Fees are marked with Pale Gold and Class B Discretionary Fees are headed Blue
- There are some additional fees which will be due when making an application, these are listed separately (if known) and with a note if varied amounts
- If you have any questions regarding our fees and charges please contact PPP Partnership Support Customer Care team using our Make an enquiry form.

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LICENCES, REGISTRATIONS AND CONSENTS

Pre Application Advice

We provide chargeable pre-application advice for the following licenses and consents:

License/Consents	2022/23 Fee	2023/24 Fee
Gambling Act	£59ph	£64ph
Licensed Premises Notifications	£59ph	£64ph
Licensing Act 2003	£59ph	£64ph
Scrap Metal	£59ph	£64ph
Sex Establishments	£59ph	£64ph
Skin Piercing & Dermal Treatments	£59ph	£64ph
Street Trading Consents	£59ph	£64ph

Animal Licences

Animal Licences – (Class A – Fee Discretionary)				
*The granting fee includes initial inspection and mid-term inspection totalling 4 hours (unless stated differently). Inspections required beyond this due to additional visits and aborted visits will be charged at an additional fee		2022/23 Fee	2023/24 Fee	
**Additional vets fee payable	Application Fee	£177	£192	
NEW - Animal Boarding Establishment - combined (dogs	Granting Fee	Minimum 4 hours at £236*	Minimum 4 hours at £256*	
and cats)	Total Fee (minimum)	£413 minimum	£448 minimum	
DENIEWAL Animal Decading	Application Fee	£148	£160	
RENEWAL - Animal Boarding Establishment - combined (dogs and cats)	Granting Fee	Minimum 4 hours at £236*	Minimum 4 hours at £256*	
and cats)	Total Fee (minimum)	£384 minimum	£416 minimum	
NEW - Animal Boarding Establishment - single species	Application Fee	£118	£128	
(dogs or cats))	Granting Fee	Minimum 4 hours at £236*	Minimum 4 hours at £256*	
	Total Fee (minimum)	£354 minimum	£384 minimum	
RENEWAL - Animal Boarding Establishment - single species	Application Fee	£89	£96	
(dogs or cats))	Granting Fee	Minimum 4 hours at £236*	Minimum 4 hours at £256*	
	Total Fee (minimum)	£325 minimum	£352 minimum	
NEW - Home boarder (midterm inspections to be charged in	Application Fee	£118	£128	
addition to revisits and aborted visit charges)	Granting Fee	Minimum 2 hours at £118*	Minimum 2 hours at £128*	
visit charges)	Total Fee (minimum)	£236 minimum	£256 minimum	
RENEWAL - Home boarder	Application Fee	£89	£96	
(midterm inspections to be	Granting Fee	Minimum 2 hours	Minimum 2 hours	
charged in addition to revisits		at £118* £207 minimum	at £128*	
and aborted visit charges)	and aborted visit charges) Total Fee (minimum)		£224 minimum	
NEW - Home Boarder - Application Fee		£118	£128	

Franchisee arrangers licence	Granting Fee	Per inspection at	Per inspection at
(excludes inspection fee per host)		hourly rate	hourly rate
	Total Fee (minimum)	£118 + host	£128 + host
		inspection fee	inspection fee
	Application Fee	£89	£96
RENEWAL - Home Boarder -	Granting Fee	Per inspection at	Per inspection at
Franchisee arrangers licence		hourly rate	hourly rate
(excludes inspection fee per host)	Total Fee (minimum)	£89 + host	£96 + host
Assessment of balance back as some	Heat in an estimate	inspection fee	inspection fee
Assessment of hobby host as part of a franchisee licence	Host inspection fee	£118	£128
	Application Fee	£177	£192
NEW - Dog Day Care	Granting Fee	Minimum 4 hours at £236*	Minimum 4 hours at £256*
	Total Fee (minimum)	£413 minimum	£448 minimum
	Application Fee	£148	£160
RENEWAL - Dog Day Care	Granting Fee	Minimum 4 hours at £236*	Minimum 4 hours at £256*
	Total Fee (minimum)	£384 minimum	£416 minimum
	Application Fee	£177	£192
NEW - Dog Breeding Establishment (**excluding vet	Granting Fee	Minimum 4 hours at £236*	Minimum 4 hours at £256*
fee)	Total Fee (minimum)	£413 minimum	£448 minimum
	Application Fee	£148	£160
RENEWAL - Dog Breeding	Granting Fee	Minimum 4 hours at £236*	Minimum 4 hours at £256*
Establishment	Total Fee (minimum)	£384 minimum	£416 minimum
NEW Dog Prooding	Application Fee	£118	£128
NEW - Dog Breeding Establishment (in domestic	Granting Fee	Minimum 4 hours	Minimum 4 hours
dwelling)(**excluding vet fee)	Total Foo (minimum)	at £236* £354 minimum**	at £256* £384 minimum**
	Total Fee (minimum)		
RENEWAL - Dog Breeding	Application Fee	£89	£96
Establishment (in domestic	Granting Fee	Minimum 4 hours at £236*	Minimum 4 hours at £256*
dwelling)	Total Fee (minimum)	£325 minimum	£352 minimum
NEW - Pet Vending / Sale of pets	Application Fee	£118	£128
NEW - Fet Vending / Sale of pets	Granting Fee	Minimum 4 hours	Minimum 4 hours
	Granting ree	at £236*	at £256*
	Total Fee (minimum)	£354 minimum	£384 minimum
	Application Fee		
RENEWAL - Pet Vending / Sale of	Granting Fee	£89 Minimum 4 hours	£96 Minimum 4 hours
pets		at £236*	at £256*
	Total Fee (minimum)	£325 minimum	£352 minimum
ļ	Application Fee	£177	£192
NEW - Animal for Exhibition	Granting Fee	Minimum 4 hours at £236*	Minimum 4 hours at £256*
	Total Fee (minimum)	£413 minimum	£448 minimum
RENEWAL - Animal for Exhibition	Application Fee	£148	£160

	Granting Fee	Minimum 4 hours	Minimum 4 hours
		at £236*	at £256*
		£384 minimum	£416 minimum
Riding Establishment - Inspections	are carried out annually, reg	ardless of the star rati	ing or length of
licence, by a qualified Veterinarian	Officer. **Vets fees will be r	echarged separately.	
NEW - Main inspection fee, plus	Application Fee	£118	£128
fee per horse (**excluding vets	Renewal Fee	Minimum 4 hours	Minimum 4 hours
fee)		at £236*	at £256*
icej	Total Fee (minimum)	£354 minimum**	£416 minimum**
	Application Fee	£89	£96
RENEWAL - Main inspection fee,	Renewal Fee	Minimum 4 hours	Minimum 4 hours
plus fee per horse (**excluding		at £236*	at £256*
vets fee)	Total Fee (minimum)	£325 minimum**	£352 minimum**
Fee per horse, for the first 10		£15	£16
horses			
Fee per horse, for next 11-50		£10	£11
horses			
Fee per horse, for every horse 51		£8	£9
& over			
Other Fees			
Additional mid licence visit		£118	£128
Variation to the licence fee		£177	£192
(inclusive of one visit)			
Replacement licence fee (lost or		£30	£32
stolen paperwork, change of			
name, etc.)			
Re-evaluation of star rating		£118	£128
(inclusive of one visit)			
Transfer due to death of licensee	Admin cost	£30	£32

Wild Animals and Zoos

Wild Animals & Zoos	Duration	Bracknell Forest 2022/23 Fee	Bracknell Forest 2023/24	West Berkshire 2022/23 Fee	West Berkshire 2023/24
Dangerous Wild Animal	2 years	£472	£512	£472	£512
Consent - New					
(** excluding vets fee)					
Dangerous Wild Animal	2 years	£295	£320	£295	£320
Consent – Renewal					
(** excluding vets fee)					
Zoo Licences (new &	Up to 6	£2065	£2240	£2,066.00	£2240
renewals)	years				
Periodical inspections (**					
excluding Vets Fees)					

Explosives Licences – Statutory

Description	Duration	All Council Areas
	1 year	£111.00
New licence for explosives helpy 250kg Net Explosive	2 years	£144.00
New licence for explosives below 250kg Net Explosive Content (NEC)	3 years	£177.00
Content (NEC)	4 years	£211.00
	5 years	£243.00
	1 year	£55.00
Renowal of license for explosives helpy 250kg Net Evplosive	2 years	£88.00
Renewal of licence for explosives below 250kg Net Explosive Content (NEC)	3 years	£123.00
Content (NEC)	4 years	£155.00
	5 years	£189.00
	1 year	£189.00
New license for evaluatives above 250kg Net Evaluative	2 years	£248.00
New licence for explosives above 250kg Net Explosive Content (NEC)	3 years	£311.00
Content (NEC)	4 years	£382.00
	5 years	£432.00
	1 year	£88.00
Denougl of license for explosives above 250kg Net Evalusive	2 years	£150.00
Renewal of licence for explosives above 250kg Net Explosive Content (NEC)	3 years	£211.00
Content (NEC)	4 years	£272.00
	5 years	£333.00
Varying the name of licensee or address of site		£37.00
Any other kind of variation		Cost Recovery
Transfer of licence		£37.00
Replacement Licence		£37.00
Full year registration for sale of fireworks (capped fee)		£500.00

Gambling Act 2005 – Statutory

Description	Туре	All Council Areas
Casinos (regional)	New Application	£15,000
	Provisional Statement	£15,000
	Application with Provisional Statement	£8,000
	Variation	£7,500
	Transfer/Reinstatement	£6,500
	Annual Fee	£15,000
Casinos (large)	New Application	£10,000
	Provisional Statement	£10,000
	Application with Provisional Statement	£5,000
	Variation	£5,000
	Transfer/Reinstatement	£2,150
	Annual Fee	£10,000
Casinos (small)	New Application	£8,000
	Provisional Statement	£8,000
	Application with Provisional Statement	£3,000
	Variation	£4,000
	Transfer/Reinstatement	£1,800
	Annual Fee	£5,000
Bingo Clubs	New Application	£3,500

	Provisional Statement	£3,500
	Application with Provisional Statement	£1,200
	Variation	£1,750
	Transfer/Reinstatement	£1,200
	Annual Fee	£1,000
Betting Premises	New Application	£3,000
	Provisional Statement	£3,000
	Application with Provisional Statement	£1,200
	Variation	£1,500
	Transfer/Reinstatement	£1,200
	Annual Fee	£600
Tracks	New Application	£2,500
	Provisional Statement	£2,500
	Application with Provisional Statement	£950
	Variation	£1,250
	Transfer/Reinstatement	£950
	Annual Fee	£1,000
Family Entertainment Centres	New Application	£2,000
,	Provisional Statement	£2,000
	Application with Provisional Statement	£950
	Variation	£1,000
	Transfer/Reinstatement	£950
	Annual Fee	£750
Adult Gaming Centres	New Application	£2,000
8	Provisional Statement	£2,000
	Application with Provisional Statement	£1,200
	Variation	£1,000
	Transfer/Reinstatement	£1,200
	Annual Fee	£1,000
Lotteries & Amusements	New Application	£40
	Annual Fee	£20
All licences	Notification of change	£50
	Copy of licence	£25
Club gaming or machine	New Application	£200
permit	Existing holder	£100
·	Renewal	£200
	Annual Fee	£50
	Variation	£100
	Copy of licence	£15
Club Gaming or Machine	New Application	£100
Permit (holds a club Premises	Renewal	£100
Certificate under Licensing		
Act 2003)		
Licensed Premises Notifications		All Council Areas
To make available up to 2	Notification of intention	£50
gaming machines on premises	Notification of intention	130
which hold on-premises		
alcohol licence		
Gaming Machine Permit	Application (existing holder)	£100
(more than 2 machines) on-	New Application	£150
	Annual Fee	£50
	/ initial FCC	130

premises which hold on	First Annual Fee (payable within 30 days	£50
premises alcohol licence of date permit takes effect)		
	Variation	£100
	Transfer	£25
Change of name		£25
	Copy of permit	£15

Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licences

Vehicle Licences		Bracknell Forest 2022/23 Fee	West Berkshire 2022/23 Fee	All Council Areas (where applicable) 2023/23 Fee
Hackney Carriage Vehicle - New		£266	£266	£288
Hackney Carriage Vehicle - Renewal		£236	£236	£256
Private Hire Vehicle – New		£266	£266	£288
Private Hire Vehicle – Renewal		£236	£236	£256
Home to school – New and renewal		£148	N/a	£160
Private Hire Vehicle with Dispensation - New		£266	£266	£288
Private Hire Vehicle with Dispensation - Renewal		£236	£236	£256
Temporary Vehicle Licence	Up to 3 months	£236	£236	£256
Driver Licences				
Driver – New	3 year Includes initial tests, safeguarding and disability trainings	£301	£301	£328
Driver –Renewal		£272	£272	£296
Home to school – New & Renewal	3 year Includes initial tests, safeguarding and disability trainings	£207	N/A	£225
Conversion of driver licence to another type	1.5hrs (inc retaking tests)	£89	£89	£96

Private Hire Operators (PHO)

Private Hire Operator	Number of Vehicles	2022/23 Fee	2023/24 Fee
	1	£443.00	£480
NEW	2	£516.00	£560
	3	£590.00	£640
	4	£664.00	£720
	5	£738.00	£800
Per vehicle calculation	6	£811.00	£880
of 3.5 hours (at £64.00	7	£885.00	£960
hourly rate) plus an	8	£959.00	£1040
hour per year (years	9	£1,033.00	£1120
2-5) for first vehicle,	10	£1,106.00	£1200
plus 15 minutes per	11	£1,180.00	£1286
additional vehicle per	12	£1,254.00	£1360
years (years 1-5) up to	13	£1,328.00	£1440
a maximum of 20	14	£1,401.00	£1520
vehicles	15	£1,475.00	£1600
	16	£1,549.00	£1680
-	17	£1,623.00	£1760
-	18	£1,696.00	£1840
-	19	£1,770.00	£1920
-	20	£1,844.00	£2000
-	20+	£1,844.00	£2000
Private Hire Operator	Number of	2022/23 Fee	2023/234Fee
Frivate file Operator	Vehicles	2022/23166	2023/234F66
	1	£325.00	£352
RENEWAL	2	£398.00	£432
	3	£472.00	£512
	4	£546.00	£592
Per vehicle calculation	5	£620.00	£672
of 1.5 hours (at £64			
hourly rate) plus an	6	£693.00	£752
	<u>6</u> 7	£693.00 £767.00	
hour per year (years			£752
hour per year (years 2-5) for first vehicle,	7	£767.00	£752 £832
hour per year (years 2-5) for first vehicle, plus 15 minutes per	7 8	£767.00 £841.00	£752 £832 £912
hour per year (years 2-5) for first vehicle, plus 15 minutes per additional vehicle per	7 8 9	£767.00 £841.00 £915.00	£752 £832 £912 £992
hour per year (years 2-5) for first vehicle, plus 15 minutes per additional vehicle per years (years 1-5) up to	7 8 9 10	£767.00 £841.00 £915.00 £988.00	£752 £832 £912 £992 £1072
hour per year (years 2-5) for first vehicle, plus 15 minutes per additional vehicle per years (years 1-5) up to a maximum of 20	7 8 9 10 11	£767.00 £841.00 £915.00 £988.00 £1,062.00	£752 £832 £912 £992 £1072 £1152
hour per year (years 2-5) for first vehicle, plus 15 minutes per additional vehicle per years (years 1-5) up to	7 8 9 10 11 12	£767.00 £841.00 £915.00 £988.00 £1,062.00 £1,136.00	£752 £832 £912 £992 £1072 £1152 £1232
hour per year (years 2-5) for first vehicle, plus 15 minutes per additional vehicle per years (years 1-5) up to a maximum of 20	7 8 9 10 11 12 13	£767.00 £841.00 £915.00 £988.00 £1,062.00 £1,136.00 £1,210.00	£752 £832 £912 £992 £1072 £1152 £1232 £1312
hour per year (years 2-5) for first vehicle, plus 15 minutes per additional vehicle per years (years 1-5) up to a maximum of 20	7 8 9 10 11 12 13	£767.00 £841.00 £915.00 £988.00 £1,062.00 £1,136.00 £1,210.00 £1,283.00 £1,357.00	£752 £832 £912 £992 £1072 £1152 £1232 £1312 £1392
hour per year (years 2-5) for first vehicle, plus 15 minutes per additional vehicle per years (years 1-5) up to a maximum of 20	7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	£767.00 £841.00 £915.00 £988.00 £1,062.00 £1,136.00 £1,210.00 £1,283.00 £1,357.00 £1,431.00	£752 £832 £912 £992 £1072 £1152 £132 £1312 £1392 £1472 £1552
hour per year (years 2-5) for first vehicle, plus 15 minutes per additional vehicle per years (years 1-5) up to a maximum of 20	7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	£767.00 £841.00 £915.00 £988.00 £1,062.00 £1,136.00 £1,210.00 £1,283.00 £1,357.00 £1,431.00 £1,505.00	£752 £832 £912 £992 £1072 £1152 £1232 £1312 £1392 £1472 £1552 £1632
hour per year (years 2-5) for first vehicle, plus 15 minutes per additional vehicle per years (years 1-5) up to a maximum of 20	7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	£767.00 £841.00 £915.00 £988.00 £1,062.00 £1,136.00 £1,210.00 £1,283.00 £1,357.00 £1,431.00 £1,505.00 £1,578.00	£752 £832 £912 £992 £1072 £1152 £1232 £1312 £1392 £1472 £1552 £1632 £1712
hour per year (years 2-5) for first vehicle, plus 15 minutes per additional vehicle per years (years 1-5) up to a maximum of 20	7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	£767.00 £841.00 £915.00 £988.00 £1,062.00 £1,136.00 £1,210.00 £1,283.00 £1,357.00 £1,431.00 £1,505.00	£752 £832 £912 £992 £1072 £1152 £1232 £1312 £1392 £1472 £1552 £1632

Other Private Hire & Hackney Carriage Charges

Other charges		2022/23 Fee	2023/24 Fee
Other charges		2022/23166	All Council Areas
			(where applicable)
Variation to PHO licence	To include reissue of licence with additional vehicle registration added plus extra fees for these for length of licence	£59	£64
Transfer of vehicle to		£59	£64
new owner			
Change of vehicle		£74	£80
Replacement Licence		£30	£32
Replacement Badge		£30 + Badge Costs	£32 + Badge Costs (£5)
Replacement Vehicle Licence Plate		£30 + Plate Costs (£26)	£32 + Plate Costs (£26)
Knowledge Test		£74	£80
Missed Appointment		£30	£32
Disclosure and Barring Service Check (DBS)		£79	£70
Advertising on a Hackney carriage - New	Bracknell Only	£59	£64
Advertising on a Hackney Carriage - Renewal	Bracknell Only	£30	£32
Change of address (PH & HC)		£10.50	£16
Backing Plate		£26 at cost	£26 at cost
Medical Exemption		£30	£32
Refund Processing Fee		£30	£32
Change of vehicle	Including	£30 + sticker and	£32 + sticker and
registration		licence costs	licence costs (£31)
Age of vehicle Inspection – initial & renewal	Bracknell Only	£59	£64
Pre-application advice, hourly rate	Min 1 hour	£59	£64
Disability Awareness		Included in driver	Included in driver
Training		application fee	application fee
Safeguarding Training		Included in driver application fee	Included in driver application fee
First aid Training	Bracknell Only		Will be removed if revisions to policy adopted

Hairdresser Registration (Bracknell Forest Only)

Description	2022/23 Fee	2023/24 Fee
		All Council Areas
		(where applicable)
Hairdresser/barber registration	£30	£32

Licensing Act 2003 - Statutory

Premises Licence – "one off" fees set by statute based upon rateable value (RV) of premises (Class B – Statutory Fee)	PPP Areas
Band A – RV up to 4,300	£100
Band B – RV 4,300 to 33,000	£190
Band C – RV 33,001 to 87,000	£315
Band D – RV 87,001 to 125,000	£450
Band E – RV 125,001 and above	£635
Pre-application advice, hourly rate	£64
Premises Licence – Annual Fee (Class B – Statutory Fee)	
Band A	£70
Band B	£180
Band C	£295
Band D	£320
Band E	£350
Personal Licence - (Class B – Statutory Fee)	£37
Temporary Event Notices (TENs) - (Class B – Statutory Fee)	£21
Application for copy licence	£10.50
Application to vary DPS/transfer licence/interim notice	£23
Application for making a provisional statement	£315
Minor variation	£89
Application to disapply mandatory DPS condition	£23
Pre-application work, hourly rate	£64

Petroleum Licences – Statutory

Petroleum Licences	All Council Areas
Not exceeding 2,500 litres	£45
Not exceeding 50,000 litres	£61
Exceeding 50,000 litres	£128

Scrap Metal

Description		2022/23 Fee	2023/24 Fee
Scrap Metal site –New	3 Years	£472	£512
Scrap Metal site - Renewal	3 Years	£443	£480
Scrap Metal mobile collector - new	3 Years	£236	£256
Scrap Metal mobile collector - renewal	3 Years	£207	£224
Scrap Metal - Variation of Licence		£236	£256
Scrap Metal - change of site manager		£59	£64
Scrap Metal - copy of licence		£11	£16
Scrap Metal - Change of Name		£30	£32

Sex Establishments – Statutory

Description	Туре	All Council Areas
Sex Establishments - (Class A – Fee	Cinema	min £3,100 to max £5,150
Discretionary)	Shop	min £3,100 to max £5,150
	Entertainment Venue	min £3,100 to max £5,150

Skin Piercing & Dermal Treatments

Description	Туре	2022/23 Fee	2023/24 Fee
Skin piercing Registrations	Individual (4hrs)	£236	£256
(one off registration) - (Class	Premises (5hrs)	£295	£320
A – Fee Discretionary)	Joint application (7hrs)	£413	£448
Pre-application work, hourly	Min. 1 hour	£59	£64
rate			

Street Trading Consents

Description	Туре	Bracknell Forest 2022/23 Fee	Bracknell Forest 2023/24	West Berkshire 2022/23 Fee	West Berkshire 2023/24
	Daily	N/a	£64	N/a	£64
	1 Week	£144	£156	£144	£156
	Monthly Rate	£241	£262	£241	£262
	3 months	£642	£699	£642	£699
Street Trading	6 months	£803	£875	£803	£875
Consents - (Class A	Annual Fee	£1365	£1487	£1365	£1487
– Fee	6 months max. 2	£642	£699	N/A	N/A
Discretionary)	trading days a week incl. Fri, Sat & Sun				
	6 months max. 2 trading days a week Mon-Thurs only	£482	£525	N/A	N/A

	Ice cream van (per van) 6 month	£717	£781	As for 6 months	As for 6 months
	Ice cream van (per van) 1 month	£186	£202	above As for 1 months above	above As for 1 months above
Variation fee		£89	£96	£89	£96
Refund for Street Traders	In the event that followithdrawn by officers If the application is repayable.	, a sum of 50% o	of the application	n fee is payable	e as a refund.
Pre-application work, hourly rate	Min. 1 hour	£59	£64	£59	£64

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

Abandoned vehicles – Statutory

Description		Bracknell Forrest Only
Removal (prescribed fee)	Less than 3.5 tonnes	£150
Daily Storage (prescribed fee)	Less than 3.5 tonnes	£20
Enforcement Disposal costs	Less than 3.5 tonnes	£75
(prescribed fee)		
Fixed Penalty Notice	Reduced to £120.00 if paid within 7	£200
	days	
Enforcement invoice costs		£77

Anti-Social Behaviour Act

Description		2022/32 Fee	2023/24 Fee
Anti-Social Behaviour	High Hedges Fee (Class	£1,206	£1310
Act	A – Fee Discretionary)		

Dog Warden Services

Description	2022/23Fee	2022/23 Fee
Stray Dogs – not taken to kennel	£73	£80
Stray Dogs – taken to kennel	£73 plus Cost recovery and Vets fees separate.	£80 plus Cost recovery and Vets fees separate.
Kennels cost	Recharge based on cost	Recharge based on cost
Dog fouling fixed penalty charge	£75	£75
Miscellaneous stray dog activities e.g.	Cost recovery charged at	Cost recovery charged at
taxi, relocating, microchipping	£59	£64ph

Environmental Permitting Regulations 2016 – Statutory

Scheduled Processes – (Class B – statutory	All Council Areas
Fee)	
Standard Process	£1,650

Additional fee for operating without a permit		T	
Service Station (PVR 1)	Additional fee for operating without a permit		£1,188
Service Station (PVR 1)	Service Stations (PVR 1 & PVR II combined)		£257
Dry Cleaners			£155
Vehicle Refinishers			£155
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	Partial Transfer Reduced Fees		£47

Private Sector Housing

Description	2022/23 Fee	2023/24 Fee
Inspection of Housing Premises for Immigration purposes	£404	£435
(Class A – Fee Discretionary)		
Enforcement Notices served under Housing Act 2004	£118	Hrly Rate
HMO Licence NEW - assisted application	£1180	£1280
HMO Licence RENEWAL	£797	£865
Caravan Site Licences		
Site licence new (plus additional fee per pitch)	£443	£480
New licence additional fee per pitch	£16	£17
Transfer of licence	£187	£192
Alteration of conditions	Hrly Rate	Hrly Rate
Annual inspection fee – per pitch	£14	£15
Enforcement action -per hour	£59	£64
Deposit, vary or deleting site rules	£118	£128
Mobile Homes Regulations 2020		
Application Fee – Fit and Proper Test	£118	£128
(any application taking more than two hours to process		
will be charged at an additional hourly rate of £64/ph or		
part thereof)		
Annual Check Fee – Fit and Proper Test	Hrly Rate	Hrly Rate
Where the authority has to assist with appointing a site ma	nager the costs will b	e specified in the
agreement between the parties		

agreement between the parties

Private Water Supplies (Statutory Cap)

Description		2022/23 Fee	2023/24 Fee
Risk assessment	Every 5 years. Min. charge 1 hour, simple risk assessment and report typically 5 hours	£59 hourly rate	£64 hourly rate
Sampling	Charge for a visit, taking a sample and delivery to the laboratory. Typically 2.5 hours	£59 hourly rate	£64 hourly rate
Private water and	Includes cost of testing	£59	£64
pool samples			
Investigation	Carried out in the event of a test failure, can be substituted by the risk assessment - this does not include any required analysis costs.	£118	£128
Analysis – Regulation 10	Where a supply provides <10m³/day or serves <50 people and is used for domestic purposes	£28	£32
Analysis of Group A		Hourly Rate +	Hourly Rate +
Parameters		Laboratory Costs	Laboratory Costs
Analysis of Group B		Hourly Rate +	Hourly Rate +
Parameters		Laboratory Costs	Laboratory Costs

Hourly charge		£64

Other Fees

	Hourly rate applies minimum of 2 hours	2022/23 Fee	2023/24 Fee
Environmental Information Request - Individual, Non-Commercial	Hourly rate applies minimum of 2 hours	£118 minimum	£128 minimum
Environmental Information Request - Commercial and Government	Hourly rate applies minimum of 2 hours	£118 minimum	£128 minimum
Civil Actions (Class A – Fee Discretionary)		£118 minimum	£128 minimum
Safety Certification and administration	Hourly rate applies minimum of 2 hours	£118 minimum	£128 minimum
Pre-Application Advice, hourly charge		£59	£64

TRADING STANDARDS

Buy with confidence

Description	Employee numbers	2022/23 Fee	2023/24 Fee
Application Fee	1-5 employees	£125	£136
(set nationally by Buy	6-20 employees	£167	£182
with Confidence	21-49 employees	£208	£226
scheme)	50+ employees	POA	POA
Annual fee	1-5 employees	£250	£272
(set nationally by Buy	6-20 employees	£375	£408
with Confidence	21-49 employees	£500	£545
scheme)	50+ employees	POA	POA
Members before	1-5 employees	£125	£136
2017/18 Annual Fee	6-20 employees	£189	£206
(Bracknell Forest legacy members only)	21-49 employees	£252	£274

^{*} West Berkshire & Wokingham schemes administered by Hampshire County Council

Primary Authority

Description	2022/23 Fee	2023/24 Fee
Primary Authority Work hourly chargeable	£59 Hrly Rate	£64 Hourly Rate
rate		
Annual charge - previous year usage 10	£531	£576
hours or less		
Annual charge - previous year usage 20	£1062	£1,158
hours		
Anything likely to be in excess of 20 hours	Individually assessed	Individually assessed

Support with Confidence

Description	Employee numbers	2022/23 Fee	2023/24 Fee
Application fee	1-5 employees	£59	£64
	6-20 employees	£120	£130
	21+ employees	£300	£327

Weights and Measures

Description		2022/23 Fee	2023/24 Fee
Weights and Measures Fees	Includes the cost of maintaining calibration of equipment annually (Based on ACTSO guidance)	£64	£64

Other Fees

Description		2022/23 Fee	2023/24 Fee
Food export certificates	Full cost recovery based on hourly rate	£59 minimum	£64 minimum
Food Hygiene Rating Scheme rescore	2 hours	£118	£128
General Business Advice (Non-Primary Authority)	Hourly rate (first 30 minutes free)	£59	£64
Resident Request for Advice	Hourly rate	£59	£64

To: LICENSING AND SAFETY COMMITTEE 20 OCTOBER 2022

HACKNEY CARRIAGE AND PRIVATE HIRE TRADE MEETING UPDATE (Public Protection Manager)

1 Purpose of Report

1.1 To summarise the work of the Taxi Trade Group since the last Licensing and Safety Committee, inform Members about any matters raised and where appropriate agree a way forward on queries raised at the meeting.

2 Recommendations

That the Committee:

- i) NOTES the content of the report and;
- ii) NOTES the positive ongoing dialogue between the trade and the Council.

3 Reasons for Recommendations

- 3.1 The Group has been set up to provide an opportunity for the Taxi Trade, Members and Officers to meet to discuss a range of topics of common interest, to provide a forum to resolve issues and foster closer working relationships, to undertake informal consultation and then report back to the Licensing and Safety Committee with any recommendations for alterations to the existing or proposed licences, policies, tariffs and fees etc.
- 3.2 It is the intention that going forward we will hold two scheduled meetings a year. One in January to discuss, amongst other things, the outcome of the annual fees and charges statutory consultation and to hold initial discussions about any changes to the tariff scheme to be consulted on and if appropriate implemented later during that year. The second meeting, which will usually be held in October would include a discussion on the fees and charges pertaining to the trade before the formal consultation process is started and to provide feedback on the tariff consultation. Ad hoc meetings can be arranged to discuss any matters of concern or interest during the year.

4 Alternative Options Considered

4.1 None - the meetings are seen as a good opportunity to engage in meaningful dialogue with the trade in an attempt to reach agreement on a wide number manner of topics affecting them.

5 Supporting Information

- 5.1 Since the Licensing and Safety Committee meeting on the 23 June 2022 three liaison meetings with various parts of the taxi trade have been held. These meetings took place on the:
 - 25 July 2022
 - 08 August 2022
 - 03 October 2022.

- 5.2 The main focus of these meetings has been to receive feedback on the Hackney Carriage and Private Hire Licensing Policy (2022 2027) ("the policy") which was the subject of a public consultation run from the 08 July to 30 September 2022. The outcome of that consultation is included on a separate report at this meeting.
- 5.3 Attendance at the 25 July meeting was disappointing with only one member of the trade in attendance. This meeting was, however, an opportunity to have a detailed discussion with a chauffeur driver in relation to the policy. A summary of the discussion is as follows:
 - The attendee understood the need to drive up standards and the requirements to ensure public safety but they were concerned about the additional restrictions arising from the revised policy.
 - The draft policy stated that vehicles must meet the Euro 5 or Euro 6
 emissions standards if they are being submitted for grant or renewal of a
 licence which would reduce the current age of vehicle limits.
 - They were supportive of the requirement of licensees having to sign up to the
 <u>DBS update service</u> to enable the Council to make periodic checks. They had
 already signed up to the service and it worked well.
 - The speed of processing applications remained a concern. Consolidating and condensing the training programme, bringing the training back in house or extending the number of providers and making use of online training for refresher courses would help to expedite the process.
 - Officers confirmed that some of the training was already being delivered inhouse which meant that it could be more tailored and held at times better suited to the trade. Once this was embedded the PPP would look to deliver online refresher courses.
 - Officers were also looking at ways to streamline the knowledge test.
 Identifying certified external instructors to do driving tests on behalf of the authority would also speed up the applications process if this could be accommodated.
- 5.4 A meeting was arranged for the 08 August 2022 to facilitate a discussion with the home to school transport providers and officers about the policy. This meeting was attended by three representatives of this sector as well as the council's Transport and Support Services Manager. Additional detail of that discussion is considered in the separate report about the consultation. In summary:
 - Officers were concerned that the draft policy would have a detrimental financial impact on the current providers which would in turn have a negative impact on the council's ability to provide a statutory service.
 - The trade commented that the costs of replacing their fleet would render their businesses unviable which would mean that they would either have to stop provision or pass on additional costs to the council. If public safety was the

driver for the changes they would be willing to have additional checks put into the policy rather than changing the age of vehicles.

- A staggered approach to replacing the fleet could be considered albeit that
 this would still generate additional costs which would have to be passed on to
 the council. The trade believed that any phasing, if implemented, should be
 linked to the tendering cycle for the provision of this service.
- The trade noted, however, that their vehicles were currently subjected to two MOT inspections per year and they were therefore confident that the vehicles were fit for purpose. It was noted that the Transport Service undertook sporadic checks of these vehicles with colleagues in Thames Valley Police. The only vehicles that had ever been subjected to prohibition notices were from out of borough contractors.
- It was becoming increasingly difficult to recruit drivers. They tended to rely on older drivers that considered the home to school transport badge an attractive option. Removing this option would decrease the number of drivers they could employ.
- Speeding up the applications process was needed as it took too long to employ new drivers and could be a considerable wait before they could start earning money. This could be supported by extending the range of providers that could undertake the training.
- 5.5 The scheduled October Taxi Trade Meeting took place on the 03 October 2022 with six members of the trade in attendance. A minutes' silence was held at the start of the meeting to remember William Lacximicant, a local taxi driver who had sadly recently passed away.
- 5.6 Officers outlined the outcome of the consultation on the policy and explained that a detailed report would be brought to this meeting where Members would be asked to agree a way forward based on the comments received.
- 5.7 Officers presented the fees and charges for 2023/24 that would be discussed at the Joint Public Protection Committee on the 05 October 2022. The fees and charges are also the subject of a separate paper included on the agenda for this meeting.
- 5.8 The trade commented that:
 - The cost of the DBS checks should be revisited.
 - The trade had not as yet recovered from the pandemic and they could not absorb higher fees. Footfall was negligible and a lot of drivers were now undertaking other types of work.
 - The Trade were heavily reliant on income from home to school transport.
 - They would look through all of the fees and respond to either the statutory consultation on the private hire operator, and hackney carriage and private hire vehicle licence fees or the budget consultation on the wider fee set being undertaken on behalf of the Executive.

- 5.9 The trade were informed that the Licensing Liaison Officer (LLOs) roles had been funded by Covid grant money. This funding had now ceased and as a result it had become necessary to end their contracts. The model had however been successful and officers were looking at ways to restructure the team so that this type of role could be included on the establishment as a permanent role.
- 5.10 The PPP had also successfully recruited two new apprentices who would be joining the team by mid-November. The apprentices would be working towards the Regulatory Compliance Officer qualifications and as part of their training would be able to undertake some of the lower level inspection work done by the LLOs.
 - 5.11 Members, the trade and officers continue to build on the good relationships being developed at these meetings. The next meeting would take place on the 16 January 2023. This meeting would focus on the outcome of the statutory fee consultation. It would also be an opportunity to start discussions on what the trade envisaged around fares for the forthcoming year. If any modifications were proposed they would be the subject of a public consultation later in the calendar year.

Consultation and Other Considerations

Legal Advice

6.1 None

Financial Advice

6.2 None

Other Consultation Responses

6.3 Not applicable

Equalities Impact Assessment

6.4 Not applicable

Strategic Risk Management Issues

6.5 Not applicable

Climate Change Implications

Contact for further information

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